

SECTION 15: PAYMENT POLICIES

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Allergy Testing and Serum Preparation Claims

Type of Policy: Payment **Last Reviewed Date:** 12/1/2018

Related Polices: N/A

Policy

MVP will reimburse for Allergy testing and Serum preparation. The tests and units of doses are limited per member as outlined below.

Definitions

Referral / Notification/ Prior Authorizations Requests

Please refer to the Utilization Management Guides and the Benefit Interpretation Manual by visiting **mvphealthcare.com**, select *Providers* then *Sign In* to your account.

Billing/Coding Guidelines:

Code	Description	Rule
95165	Professional services for the supervision of preparation and provision of antigens for allergen immunotherapy; single or multiple antigens	 Number of doses must be specified on the claim. First Year - Reimbursement is limited to 40 units per claim and 150 units per year. Subsequent Years - Reimbursement is limited to 30 units per claim and 120 units per year.
95004	Percutaneous tests (scratch, puncture, and prick) with allergenic extracts, immediate type reaction, including test interpretation and report,	 Number of tests must be specified on the claim. Reimbursement is limited to 80 units.

Code	Description	Rule
95024	Intracutaneous (intradermal) tests with allergenic extracts, immediate type reaction, including test interpretation and report	 Number of tests must be specified on the claim. Reimbursement is limited to 40 units.
95028	Intracutaneous (intradermal) tests with allergenic extracts, delayed type reaction, including reading	 Number of tests must be specified on the claim. Reimbursement is limited to 30 units.



Anesthesia

Type of Policy: Payment Last Reviewed: 12/01/2018

Related Policies: N/A

Policy

A Physician, a Certified Registered Nurse Anesthetist (CRNA) or Anesthesiologist Assistant under the medical supervision of a physician, may provide anesthesia services.

Definitions

Anesthesia services may include, but are not limited to, general, regional, supplementation of local anesthesia, or other supportive services in order to afford the patient the anesthesia care deemed optimal by the practitioner during any procedure. These services include the usual pre-operative or post-operative visits, the anesthesia care during the procedure, the administration of fluids and/or blood and the usual monitoring services (e.g., ECG, temperature, blood pressure, oximetry, capnography and mass spectrometry).

Notification / Prior Authorization Requests

Please refer to the Utilization Management Guides and the Benefit Interpretation Manual by visiting myphealthcare.com and Sign In to your account, to determine if a service requires an authorization.

Billing/Coding Guidelines

Medical Direction and Temporary Relief

CRNAs/AAs providing anesthesia services under the medical direction of an Anesthesiologist must have uninterrupted immediate availability of an Anesthesiologist at all times. When a medically directing Anesthesiologist provides temporary relief to another anesthesia provider, the need for uninterrupted immediate availability may be met by any of the following strategies:

- A second Anesthesiologist, not medically directing more than three concurrent procedures, may assume temporary medical direction responsibility for the relieving Anesthesiologist. The transfer of responsibility from one physician to another should be documented in the medical record.
- Policy and procedure may require that the relieved provider remain in the immediate area and be available to immediately return to his/her case in the event the relieving Anesthesiologist is required elsewhere. Adequate mechanisms for communication among staff must be in place.

• Policy and procedure requires that a specified Anesthesiologist (e.g., O.R. Director) remain available at all times to provide substitute medical direction services for anesthesiologist(s) providing relief to anesthesia providers. This individual must not personally have ongoing medical direction responsibilities that would preclude temporarily assuming responsibility for additional case(s).

Personally Performed

The following criterion applies to anesthesia services personally performed:

- The physician personally performed the entire anesthesia service alone;
- The physician is involved with one anesthesia case with a resident and the physician is a teaching physician;
- The physician is involved in the training of physician residents in a single anesthesia case, two concurrent anesthesia cases involving residents, or a single anesthesia case involving a resident that is concurrent to another case paid under the medical direction rules;
- The physician is continuously involved in a single case involving a student nurse anesthetist;
- If the physician is involved with a single case with a CRNA (or AA) MVP may pay the physician service and the CRNA (or AA) service in accordance with the medical direction payment policy; or
- The physician and the CRNA (or AA) are involved in one anesthesia case and the services of each are found to be medically necessary.

Medical Direction

Medical direction occurs if the physician medically directs qualified individuals in two, three, or four concurrent cases and the physician performs the following activities:

- Performs a pre-anesthesia examination and evaluation;
- Prescribes the anesthesia plan;
- Personally participates in the most demanding procedures of the anesthesia plan, including induction and emergence, if applicable;
- Ensures that any procedures in the anesthesia plan that he/she does not perform are performed by a qualified Anesthetist;
- Monitors the course of anesthesia administration at frequent intervals;
- Remains physically present and available for immediate diagnosis and treatment of emergencies;
- Provides indicated post-anesthesia care.

For medical direction services, the physician must document in the medical record that he or she performed the pre-anesthetic exam and evaluation. Physicians must also document that they provided indicated post-anesthesia care, were present during some portion of the anesthesia monitoring and were present during the

most demanding procedures, including induction and emergence, if applicable.

Concurrent Medically Directed Procedures

Concurrency is defined with regard to the maximum number of procedures that the physician is medically directing within the context of a single procedure and whether these other procedures overlap each other.

A physician who is concurrently directing the administration of anesthesia to not more than four (4) surgical patients cannot ordinarily be involved in rendering additional services to other patients. However, addressing an emergency of short duration in the immediate area, administering an epidural or caudal anesthetic to ease labor pain, or periodic, rather than continuous monitoring of an obstetrical patient, does not substantially diminish the scope of control exercised by the physician in directing the administration of anesthesia to the surgical patients. It does not constitute a separate service for the purpose of determining whether the medical direction criteria are met. Further, while directing concurrent anesthesia procedures, a physician may receive patients entering the operating suite for the next surgery, check or discharge patients in the recovery room, or handle scheduling matters without affecting fee schedule payment.

However, if the physician leaves the immediate area of the operating suite for other than short durations or devotes extensive time to an emergency case or is otherwise not available to respond to the immediate needs of the surgical patients, the physician's services to the surgical patients are supervisory in nature. No fee schedule payment is made.

The examples listed above are not intended to be an exclusive list of allowed situations. It is expected that the medically-directing Anesthesiologist is aware of the nature and type of services he or she is medically directing, and is personally responsible for determining whether his supervisory capacity would be diminished if he or she became involved in the performance of a procedure. It is the responsibility of this medically-directing anesthesiologist to provide services consistent with these regulations.

Medically Supervised

When an Anesthesiologist is involved in rendering more than four procedures concurrently or is performing other services, while directing the concurrent procedures, the anesthesia services are considered medically supervised.

Reimbursement Guidelines

Payment at Personally Performed Rate

The fee schedule payment for a personally performed procedure is based on the full base unit and one time unit per 15 minutes of service if the physician personally performed the entire procedure. Modifier AA is appropriate when services are personally performed.

Payment at Medically Directed Rate

When the physician is medically directing a qualified anesthetist (CRNA, Anesthesiologist Assistant) in a single anesthesia case or a physician is medically directing 2, 3, or 4 concurrent procedures, the payment amount for each is 50 percent of the allowance otherwise recognized had the service been performed by the physician alone. These services are to be billed as follows:

- The physician should bill using modifier QY, medical direction of one CRNA by a physician or QK, medical direction of 2, 3, or 4 concurrent procedures.
- The CRNA/Anesthesiologist Assistant should bill using modifier QX, CRNA service with medical direction by a physician.

Payment at Non-Medically Directed Rate

In unusual circumstances, when it is medically necessary for both the anesthesiologist and the CRNA/Anesthesiologist Assistant to be completely and fully involved during a procedure, full payment for the services of each provider are allowed. Documentation must be submitted by each provider to support payment of the full fee. These services are to be billed as follows:

- The physician should bill using modifier AA, anesthesia services personally performed by Anesthesiologist, and modifier 22, with attached supporting documentation.
- The CRNA/Anesthesiologist Assistant should bill using modifier QZ, CRNA/Anesthesiologist Assistant services; without medical direction by a physician, and modifier 22, with attached supporting documentation.

Payment at Medically Supervised Rate

Only three (3) base units per procedure are allowed when the Anesthesiologist is involved in rendering more than four (4) procedures concurrently or is performing other services while directing the concurrent procedures. An additional time unit can be recognized if the physician can document he/she was present at induction. Modifier AD is appropriate when services are medically supervised.

Payment Rules

The fee schedule allowance for anesthesia services is based on a calculation that includes the anesthesia base units assigned to each anesthesia code, the anesthesia time involved, and appropriate area conversion factor. The following formulas are used to determine payment:

- Participating Physician not Medically Directing (Modifier AA)
 (Base Units + Time Units) x Participating Conversion Factor = Allowance
- Non-Participating Physician not Medically Directing (Modifier AA)
 (Base Units + Time Units) x Non-Participating Conversion Factor=Allowance
- Participating Physician Medically Directing (Modifier QY, QK)
 (Base Units + Time Units) x Participating Conversion Factor = Allowance x 50 percent
- Non-Participating Physician Medically Directing (Modifier QY, QK)
 (Base Units + Time Units) x Non-Participating Conversion Factor = Allowance x 50 percent
- Non-Medically Directed CRNA (Modifier QZ)
 (Base Units + Time Units) x Participating Conversion Factor = Allowance
- CRNA Medically Directed (Modifier QX)
 (Base Units + Time Units) x Participating Conversion Factor = Allowance x 50 percent

Base Units

Each anesthesia code (procedure codes 00100-01999) is assigned a base unit value by the American Society of Anesthesiologists (ASA) and used for the purpose of establishing fee schedule allowances. Anesthesia services are paid on the basis of a relative value system, which include both base and actual time units. Base units take into account the complexity, risk, and skill required to perform the service. For the most current list of base unit values for each anesthesia procedure code can be found on the Anesthesiologist Center page on the CMS website at **www.cms.gov/center/anesth.asp.**

Time Units

Anesthesia time is defined as the period during which an anesthesia practitioner is present with the patient. It starts when the anesthesia practitioner begins to prepare the patient for anesthesia services in the operating room or an equivalent area and ends when the anesthesia practitioner is no longer furnishing anesthesia services to the patient, that is, when the patient may be placed safely under postoperative care.

Anesthesia time is a continuous time period from the start of anesthesia to the end of an anesthesia service. In counting anesthesia time for services furnished, the practitioner can add blocks of time around an interruption in anesthesia time as long as the anesthesia practitioner is furnishing continuous anesthesia care within the time periods around the interruption.

For anesthesia claims, the elapsed time, in minutes, **must** be reported. Convert hours to minutes and enter the total minutes required for the procedure in Item 24G of the CMS-1500 claim form or electronic media claim equivalent.

Time units for physician and CRNA services - both personally performed and medically directed are determined by dividing the actual anesthesia time by 15 minutes or fraction thereof. The time units will be rounded up to the next tenth. See the table below for examples of time unit calculation.

	Units that		Units that
Minutes	will be paid	Minutes	will be paid
1	0.1	16	1.1
2	0.2	17	1.2
3	0.2	18	1.2
4	0.3	19	1.3
5	0.4	20	1.4
6	0.4	21	1.4
7	0.5	22	1.5
8	0.6	23	1.6
9	0.6	24	1.6
10	0.7	25	1.7
11	0.8	26	1.8
12	0.8	27	1.8
13	0.9	28	1.9
14	1.0	29	2.0
15	1.0	30	2.0

Multiple Anesthesia Procedures

Payment may be made under the fee schedule for anesthesia services associated with multiple surgical procedures or multiple bilateral procedures. Payment is based on the base unit of the anesthesia procedure with the highest base unit value and the total time units based on the multiple procedures with the exception of the new add-on codes. On the CMS-1500 claim form, report the anesthesia procedure code with the highest base unit value in Item 24D. In Item 24G, indicate the total time for all the procedures performed.

Modifiers

Anesthesia modifiers must be used with anesthesia procedure codes to indicate whether the procedure was personally performed, medically directed, or medically supervised.

- AA- Anesthesia services personally performed by the anesthesiologist
- AD- Medical supervision by a physician; more than four concurrent anesthesia services
- G8- Monitored anesthesia care (MAC) for deep complex, complicated, or markedly invasive surgical procedure (an informational modifier, does not affect reimbursement)
- G9- MAC for a patient who has history of severe cardiopulmonary condition (an informational modifier, does not affect reimbursement)
- QK- Medical direction of two, three or four concurrent anesthesia procedures involving qualified individuals
- QS- Monitored anesthesia care (an informational modifier, does not affect reimbursement)
- QX- CRNA service with medical direction by a physician
- QY- Medical direction of one CRNA by a physician
- QZ- CRNA service without medical direction by a physician

References www.cms.gov/center/anesth.asp

www.medicarenhic.com/providers/pubs/AnesthesiaBillingGuide1.pdf



Type of Policy: Payment Audiology Services

Last Reviewed Date: 12/1/2018

Related Policies: N/A

Policy

Audiology is the discipline involved in the prevention, identification and the evaluation of hearing disorders, the selection and evaluation of hearing aids and the rehabilitation of individuals with hearing impairment. Audiological services, including function tests, performed to provide medical diagnosis and treatment of the auditory system.

Definitions

Audiological diagnostic testing refers to tests of the audiological and vestibular systems, e.g., hearing, balance, auditory processing, tinnitus and diagnostic programming of certain prosthetic devices, performed by qualified audiologists.

Notification / Prior Authorization Requests

Please refer to the Utilization Management Guides and the Benefit Interpretation Manual by visiting myphealthcare.com and Sign In to your account, to determine if a service requires an authorization.

Billing / Coding Guidelines

Audiologists may not bill using Evaluation and Management (E&M) codes CPT codes 99201 – 99499.

Audiologists may not bill removal of impacted cerumen (separate procedure, one or both ears) under CPT code 69209 and 69210. Cerumen removal is included in the relative value for each diagnostic test. If a physician is needed to remove impacted cerumen on the same day as a diagnostic test, the physician bills code G0268.

The reimbursement for hearing aids includes the initial evaluation and all follow-up tests and adjustments, which may be required to properly fit the hearing aids.

Audiometric test codes assume that both ears are tested. If only one ear is tested, modifier 52 should be billed to indicate less than the normal procedure.

Examples of appropriate reasons for ordering audiological diagnostic tests include, but are not limited to:

- Evaluation of suspected change in hearing, tinnitus, or balance;
- Evaluation of the cause of disorders of hearing, tinnitus, or balance;
- Determination of the effect of medication, surgery, or other treatment; Audiology Services
- Re-evaluation to follow-up changes in hearing, tinnitus, or balance that may be caused by established diagnoses that place the patient at probable risk for a change in status including, but not limited to: otosclerosis, atelectatic tympanic membrane, tympanosclerosis, cholesteatoma, resolving middle ear infection, Meniére's disease, sudden idiopathic sensorineural hearing loss, autoimmune inner ear disease, acoustic neuroma, demyelinating diseases, ototoxicity secondary to medications, or genetic vascular and viral conditions;
- Failure of a screening test;
- Diagnostic analysis of cochlear or brainstem implant and programming; and
- Audiology diagnostic tests before and periodically after implantation of auditory prosthetic devices.

Designation of Time

The CPT procedures for audiology do not include time designations except for the five codes listed below. If the CPT descriptor has no time designation, the procedure is billed as a session without regard to time.

When calculating time attributed to the audiology evaluation codes activities such as counseling, establishment of interventional goals, or evaluating potential for remediation are not included as diagnostic tests, and that time spent on these activities should not be included in billing for:

- 92620 (evaluation of central auditory function, with report; initial 60 minutes)
- 92621 (evaluation of central auditory function, with report; each additional 15 minutes)
- 92626 (evaluation of auditory rehabilitation status; first hour)
- 92627 (evaluation of auditory rehabilitation status; each additional 15 minutes)
- 92640 (diagnostic analysis with programming of auditory brainstem implant, per hour).

Note: A timed code is billed only if testing is at least 51 percent of the time designated in the code's descriptor.

15 Minute Codes

For CPT codes designated as 15 minutes, multiple coding represents minimum face-to-face treatment, as follows

- 1 unit: 8 minutes to < 23 minutes
- 2 units: 23 minutes to < 38 minutes
- 3 units: 38 minutes to < 53 minutes
- 4 units: 53 minutes to < 68 minutes
- 5 units: 68 minutes to < 83 minutes
- 6 units: 83 minutes to < 98 minutes

References:

www.cms.gov/Medicare/Billing/TherapyServices/index.html?redirect=/therapyservices www.asha.org/Practice/reimbursement/medicare/Aud_coding_rules/



Contrast Materials

Type of Policy: Payment Last Reviewed Date: 12/01/2016

Related Policies: N/A

Policy

MVP Health Care has determined that the cost of ionic contrast is included in the fee paid for CT and other contrast enhanced exams and additional payment for this material is no longer warranted. MVP will deny claims for contrast materials for Commercial, Exchange and Medicaid products.

Definitions

Reimbursement for non-ionic contrast was initially significantly more costly than the ionic contrast agent, and the use was to be limited to occasional patients based upon sensitivity to ionic contrast. This basis for payment no longer applies as the cost of non-ionic contrast has approached that of ionic contrast. In addition, non-ionic contrast material has become routinely used regardless of patient history. Therefore, MVP considers such use of both contrast material as part of the underlying examination and will consider them inclusive to the primary procedure fee and not separately reimbursable.

Notification / Prior Authorizations Requests

D`YUgY`fYZYf`hc`h\Y`I hj`]nUh]cb`A UbU[Ya Ybh; i]XYg`UbX`h\Y`6YbYZ]n`±bhYfdfYhUh]cb`A Ubi U`Vmj]g]h]b[``aid\YU`h\WlfY'Wta`UbX`G][b`±b`hc`ncif`UWti bhžhc`XYhYfa]bY`]ZU`gYfj]Wr`fYei]fYg`Ub`Uih\cf]nUh]cb"

Billing / Coding Guidelines

For Provider Claims:

Providers will not be reimbursed separately for contrast material for the codes listed below. This will apply to all participating providers (physicians, hospitals and other facilities) for all MVP Commercial, Exchange and Medicaid products.

HCPCS Code Gadolinium

A9579 Injection, gadolinium-based magnetic resonance

contrast agent, not otherwise specified (NOS),

per ml

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HCPCS Code	Non-Ionic, Low Osmolar Contrast
Q9951	Low osmolar contrast material, 400 or greater mg/ml iodine concentration, per ml
Q9965	Low osmolar contrast material, 100-199 mg/ml iodine concentration, per ml
Q9966	Low osmolar contrast material, 200-299 mg/ml iodine concentration, per ml
Q9967	Low osmolar contrast material, 300-399 mg/ml iodine concentration, per ml
HCPCS Code	Ionic, High Osmolar Contrast
Q9958	High osmolar contrast material, up to 149
	mg/ml iodine concentration, per ml
Q9959	High osmolar contrast material, 150-199 mg/ml iodine concentration, per ml
	louine concentration, per mi
Q9960	High osmolar contrast material, 200-249
	mg/ml iodine concentration, per ml
Q9961	High osmolar contrast material, 250-299 mg/ml iodine concentration, per ml
	lodine concentration, per mi
Q9962	High osmolar contrast material, 300-349
	mg/ml iodine concentration, per ml
Q9963	High osmolar contrast material, 350-399
	mg/ml iodine concentration, per ml
Q9964	High osmolar contrast material, 400 or greater
	mg/ml iodine concentration, per ml

Contrast Materials Page 2 of 2



Diabetic Management and Nutritional Counseling

Type of Policy: Payment
Last Reviewed Date: 06/01/2017

Related Policies: N/A

Policy

Nutritional Counseling

Nutritional Counseling is reimbursable when medically necessary for chronic diseases in which dietary adjustment has a therapeutic role. Nutritional counseling must be prescribed by a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner and furnished by a provider (e.g., licensed nutritionist, registered dietician, or other qualified licensed health professionals such as nurses who are trained in nutrition) recognized under the plan.

Diabetic Management

Diabetic Management encompasses education and management as medically necessary for the diagnosis and treatment of diabetes including Type I or Type II, gestational, and/or insulin or non-insulin dependent diabetes.

Diabetic self-management education is considered medically necessary when the member has a diagnosis of diabetes and management services have been prescribed by a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner. These services must be provided by a licensed healthcare professional (e.g., registered dietician, registered nurse or other health professional) who is a certified diabetes educator (CDE).

Definitions

Nutritional Counseling

Medical nutrition therapy provided by a registered dietitian involves the assessment of the person's overall nutritional status followed by the assignment of individualized diet, counseling, and/or specialized nutrition therapies to treat a chronic illness or condition.

Diabetic Management

Diabetes self-management education (DSME) is the process through which, persons with or at risk for diabetes develop and use the knowledge and skill required to reach their self-defined diabetes goals

(American Association of Diabetes Educators [AADE], 2008. The national standards for DSME state that DSME is an interactive, collaborative, ongoing process that involves the person with diabetes and the educator (Funnell, et al., 2011). The individual with diabetes needs the knowledge and skills to make informed choices, to facilitate self-directed behavior changes and, ultimately, to reduce the risk of complications. Documentation should include:

- assessment of the individual's specific education needs
- the individual's specific diabetes self-management goals
- education and behavioral intervention directed toward helping the individual achieve identified selfmanagement goals
- evaluation of the individual's attainment of identified self-management goals

Notification / Prior Authorizations Requests

D`YUgY`fYZYf`hc`h\Y`I hj`]nUhjcb`A UbU[Ya Ybh; i]XYg`UbX`h\Y`6YbYZjh±bhYfdfYhUhjcb`A Ubi U`Vmj]gjhjb[``ajd\YU`h\VUfY'V&a`UbX`G][b±b`hc`ncif`UVVki bhžhc`XYhYfa]bY`]ZU`gYfj]W`fYei]fYg`Ub`Uih\cf]nUhjcb"

Billing / Coding Guidelines:

General Guidelines:

Services rendered by a nutritionist, dietician, or certified diabetes educator must be billed under their individual provider number.

Nutritional Counseling

For Nutritional Counseling the following CPT/HCPCS codes are considered reimbursable:

97802 – Medical nutritional therapy; initial assessment and intervention, individual, face-to-face with the patient, each 15 minutes

97803 – Re-assessment and intervention, individual, face-to-face with the patient, each 15 minutes

97804 – Group (2 or more individuals(s)), each 30 minutes

G0270 – Medical nutritional therapy; re-assessment and subsequent intervention(s) following second referral in same year for change in diagnosis, medical condition or treatment regimen (including additional hours needed for renal disease), individual, face-to-face with the patient, each 15 minutes

G0271 – Medical nutritional therapy; re-assessment and subsequent interventions(s) following second referral in the same year for change in diagnosis, medical condition, or treatment regimen (including additional hours needed for renal disease), group, (2 or more individuals), each 30 minutes

Diabetic Management and Medical Nutrition

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Nutritional Counseling is limited to 3 hours per year for any combination of codes.

Nutritional Counseling for codes 97802-97804, G0270-G0271 is limited to the following diagnoses for Medicare MSA plans only. All other plans have no diagnosis code restrictions:

ICD-10 CM	ICD-10 DX Description
F09.0	Dishetes mollitus due to underlying condition without complications
E08.9	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition without complications
E09.9	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus without complications
E08.65	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with hyperglycemia
E08.10	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with ketoacidosis without coma
E09.10	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with ketoacidosis without coma
E08.65	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with hyperglycemia
E08.10	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with ketoacidosis without coma
E09.10	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with ketoacidosis without coma
E08.00	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with hyperosmolarity without nonketotic hyperglycemic-hyperosmolar coma (NKHHC)
E08.01	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with hyperosmolarity with coma
E09.00	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with hyperosmolarity without nonketotic hyperglycemic-hyperosmolar coma (NKHHC)
E09.01	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with hyperosmolarity with coma
E08.01	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with hyperosmolarity with coma
E09.01	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with hyperosmolarity with coma
E08.65	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with hyperglycemia
E08.11	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with ketoacidosis with coma
E08.641	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with hypoglycemia with coma
E09.11	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with ketoacidosis with coma
E09.641	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with hypoglycemia with coma
E08.11	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with ketoacidosis with coma
E09.11	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with ketoacidosis with coma
E09.65	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with hyperglycemia

E08.21	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with diabetic nephropathy
	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with diabetic chronic kidney
E08.22	disease
	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with other diabetic kidney
E08.29	complication
E09.21	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with diabetic nephropathy
LU3.21	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with diabetic riepinopatry
E09.22	disease
L03.22	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with other diabetic kidney
E09.29	complication
E08.21	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with diabetic nephropathy
E09.21	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with diabetic nephropathy
E08.65	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with hyperglycemia
200.03	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with unspecified diabetic
E08.311	retinopathy with macular edema
200.522	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with unspecified diabetic
E08.319	retinopathy without macular edema
	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with mild nonproliferative
E08.321	diabetic retinopathy with macular edema
	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with mild nonproliferative
E08.329	diabetic retinopathy without macular edema
	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with moderate
E08.331	nonproliferative diabetic retinopathy with macular edema
	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with moderate
E08.339	nonproliferative diabetic retinopathy without macular edema
	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with severe nonproliferative
E08.341	diabetic retinopathy with macular edema
	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with severe nonproliferative
E08.349	diabetic retinopathy without macular edema
	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with proliferative diabetic
E08.351	retinopathy with macular edema
	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with proliferative diabetic
E08.359	retinopathy without macular edema
E08.36	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with diabetic saturact
200.30	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with diabetic cataract Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with other diabetic
E08.39	ophthalmic complication
200.33	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with unspecified diabetic
E09.311	retinopathy with macular edema
LU9.311	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with unspecified diabetic
E09.319	retinopathy without macular edema
203.313	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with mild nonproliferative
E09.321	diabetic retinopathy with macular edema
203.321	added reamopathy with macaial cacina
E09.329	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with mild nonproliferative

	diabetic retinopathy without macular edema
	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with moderate
E09.331	nonproliferative diabetic retinopathy with macular edema
203.332	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with moderate
E09.339	nonproliferative diabetic retinopathy without macular edema
	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with severe nonproliferative
E09.341	diabetic retinopathy with macular edema
	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with severe nonproliferative
E09.349	diabetic retinopathy without macular edema
	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with proliferative diabetic
E09.351	retinopathy with macular edema
	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with proliferative diabetic
E09.359	retinopathy without macular edema
E09.36	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with diabetic cataract
	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with other diabetic
E09.39	ophthalmic complication
	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with other diabetic
E08.39	ophthalmic complication
F00.40	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with diabetic neuropathy,
E08.40	unspecified
F00 41	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with diabetic
E08.41	mononeuropathy Diah at a condition of the diah at a condition with diah at a
E00 42	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with diabetic
E08.42	polyneuropathy Diabetes mollitus due to underlying condition with diabetic autonomic
E08.43	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with diabetic autonomic (poly)neuropathy
LU0.43	(poly)neuropatry
E08.44	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with diabetic amyotrophy
	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with other diabetic
E08.49	neurological complication
	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with diabetic neuropathic
E08.610	arthropathy
	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with neurological
E09.40	complications with diabetic neuropathy, unspecified
	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with neurological
E09.41	complications with diabetic mononeuropathy
	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with neurological
E09.42	complications with diabetic polyneuropathy
	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with neurological
E09.43	complications with diabetic autonomic (poly)neuropathy
	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with neurological
E09.44	complications with diabetic amyotrophy
F00 40	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with neurological
E09.49	complications with other diabetic neurological complication

	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with diabetic neuropathic
E09.610	arthropathy
	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with diabetic neuropathy,
E08.40	unspecified
	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with neurological
E09.40	complications with diabetic neuropathy, unspecified
E08.65	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with hyperglycemia
	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with diabetic peripheral
E08.51	angiopathy without gangrene
	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with diabetic peripheral
E08.52	angiopathy with gangrene
	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with other circulatory
E08.59	complications
	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with diabetic peripheral
E09.51	angiopathy without gangrene
	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with diabetic peripheral
E09.52	angiopathy with gangrene
	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with other circulatory
E09.59	complications
	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with diabetic peripheral
E08.51	angiopathy without gangrene
=00=1	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with diabetic peripheral
E09.51	angiopathy without gangrene
E08.65	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with hyperglycemia
F00 C10	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with other diabetic
E08.618	arthropathy
E08.620	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with diabetic dermatitis
	Distriction in the state of an activity in great and a state of an activity in great and a state of a state
E08.621	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with foot ulcer
500.600	
E08.622	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with other skin ulcer
E00 C20	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with other skin
E08.628	complications
E08.630	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with periodontal disease
	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with other oral
E08.638	complications
	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with hypoglycemia without
E08.649	coma
E08.65	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with hyperglycemia
	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with other specified
E08.69	complication
	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with other diabetic
E09.618	arthropathy

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E09.620	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with diabetic dermatitis
E09.621	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with foot ulcer
E09.622	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with other skin ulcer
E09.628	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with other skin complications
E09.630	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with periodontal disease
E09.638	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with other oral complications
E09.649	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with hypoglycemia without coma
E09.65	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with hyperglycemia
E09.69	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with other specified complication
E08.69	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with other specified complication
E09.69	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with other specified complication
E08.65	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with hyperglycemia
E08.8	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with unspecified complications
	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with unspecified
E09.8	complications Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with unspecified
E08.8	complications
	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with unspecified
E09.8	complications
E08.65	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with hyperglycemia
E11.9	Type 2 diabetes mellitus without complications
E13.9	Other specified diabetes mellitus without complications
E10.9	Type 1 diabetes mellitus without complications
E11.65	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with hyperglycemia
E10.65	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with hyperglycemia
E13.10	Other specified diabetes mellitus with ketoacidosis without coma
E10.10	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with ketoacidosis without coma
E11.65	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with hyperglycemia
E11.69	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with hyperglycemia
E10.10	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with ketoacidosis without coma
E10.65	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with hyperglycemia

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-11 00	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with hyperosmolarity without nonketotic
E11.00	hyperglycemic-hyperosmolar coma (NKHHC)
E11.01	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with hyperosmolarity with coma
L11.01	Other specified diabetes mellitus with hyperosmolarity without nonketotic
E13.00	hyperglycemic-hyperosmolar coma (NKHHC)
L13.00	Trypergrycerme tryperositional coma (tricinie)
E13.01	Other specified diabetes mellitus with hyperosmolarity with coma
E10.69	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other specified complication
	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with hyperosmolarity without nonketotic
E11.00	hyperglycemic-hyperosmolar coma (NKHHC)
E11.65	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with hyperglycemia
E10.65	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with hyperglycemia
E10.69	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other specified complication
E11.641	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with hypoglycemia with coma
E13.11	Other specified diabetes mellitus with ketoacidosis with coma
E13.641	Other specified diabetes mellitus with hypoglycemia with coma
E10.11	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with ketoacidosis with coma
E10.641	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with hypoglycemia with coma
E11.01	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with hyperosmolarity with coma
E11.65	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with hyperglycemia
E10.11	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with ketoacidosis with coma
E10.65	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with hyperglycemia
E11.21	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with diabetic nephropathy
E11.22	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with diabetic chronic kidney disease
E11.29	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with other diabetic kidney complication
E13.21	Other specified diabetes mellitus with diabetic nephropathy
E13.22	Other specified diabetes mellitus with diabetic chronic kidney disease
E13.29	Other specified diabetes mellitus with other diabetic kidney complication
E10.21	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with diabetic nephropathy
E10.22	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with diabetic chronic kidney disease
E10.29	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other diabetic kidney complication
E11.21	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with diabetic nephropathy
E11.65	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with hyperglycemia
E10.21	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with diabetic nephropathy
E10.65	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with hyperglycemia
	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with unspecified diabetic retinopathy with
E11.311	macular edema

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	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with unspecified diabetic retinopathy without
E11.319	macular edema
	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with mild nonproliferative diabetic retinopathy
E11.321	with macular edema
	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with mild nonproliferative diabetic retinopathy
E11.329	without macular edema
	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with moderate nonproliferative diabetic
E11.331	retinopathy with macular edema
	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with moderate nonproliferative diabetic
E11.339	retinopathy without macular edema
	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with severe nonproliferative diabetic retinopathy
E11.341	with macular edema
	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with severe nonproliferative diabetic retinopathy
E11.349	without macular edema
	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with proliferative diabetic retinopathy with
E11.351	macular edema
	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with proliferative diabetic retinopathy without
E11.359	macular edema
F11 2C	Tura 2 diabates modifica with diabatic actors at
E11.36	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with diabetic cataract
E11.39	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with other diabetic ophthalmic complication
	Other specified diabetes mellitus with unspecified diabetic retinopathy
E13.311	with macular edema
	Other specified diabetes mellitus with unspecified diabetic retinopathy
E13.319	without macular edema
	Other specified diabetes mellitus with mild nonproliferative diabetic
E13.321	retinopathy with macular edema
	Other specified diabetes mellitus with mild nonproliferative diabetic
E13.329	retinopathy without macular edema
	Other specified diabetes mellitus with moderate nonproliferative diabetic
E13.331	retinopathy with macular edema
	Other specified diabetes mellitus with moderate nonproliferative diabetic
E13.339	retinopathy without macular edema
	Other specified diabetes mellitus with severe nonproliferative diabetic
E13.341	retinopathy with macular edema
	Other specified diabetes mellitus with severe nonproliferative diabetic
E13.349	retinopathy without macular edema
	Other specified diabetes mellitus with proliferative diabetic retinopathy
E13.351	with macular edema
	Other specified diabetes mellitus with proliferative diabetic retinopathy
E13.359	without macular edema
E13.36	Other specified diabetes mellitus with diabetic cataract
L13.30	Other specified diabetes mellitus with other diabetic cataract Other specified diabetes mellitus with other diabetic ophthalmic
E13.39	complication
L13.33	Complication

	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with unspecified diabetic retinopathy with
E10.311	macular edema
	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with unspecified diabetic retinopathy without
E10.319	macular edema
	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with mild nonproliferative diabetic retinopathy
E10.321	with macular edema
	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with mild nonproliferative diabetic retinopathy
E10.329	without macular edema
	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with moderate nonproliferative diabetic
E10.331	retinopathy with macular edema
	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with moderate nonproliferative diabetic
E10.339	retinopathy without macular edema
	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with severe nonproliferative diabetic retinopathy
E10.341	with macular edema
	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with severe nonproliferative diabetic retinopathy
E10.349	without macular edema
	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with proliferative diabetic retinopathy with
E10.351	macular edema
	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with proliferative diabetic retinopathy without
E10.359	macular edema
E10.36	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with diabetic cataract
E10.39	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other diabetic ophthalmic complication
	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with unspecified diabetic retinopathy with
E11.311	macular edema
	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with unspecified diabetic retinopathy without
E11.319	macular edema
E11.36	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with diabetic cataract
E11.39	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with other diabetic ophthalmic complication
E11.65	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with hyperglycemia
	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with unspecified diabetic retinopathy with
E10.311	macular edema
	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with unspecified diabetic retinopathy without
E10.319	macular edema
E10.36	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with diabetic cataract
E10.39	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other diabetic ophthalmic complication
E10.65	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with hyperglycemia
E11.40	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with diabetic neuropathy, unspecified
E11.41	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with diabetic mononeuropathy
E11.42	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with diabetic polyneuropathy
E11.43	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with diabetic autonomic (poly)neuropathy

E11.44	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with diabetic amyotrophy
E11.49	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with other diabetic neurological complication
E11.610	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with diabetic neuropathic arthropathy
E13.40	Other specified diabetes mellitus with diabetic neuropathy, unspecified
E13.41	Other specified diabetes mellitus with diabetic mononeuropathy
E13.42	Other specified diabetes mellitus with diabetic polyneuropathy
E13.43	Other specified diabetes mellitus with diabetic autonomic (poly)neuropathy
E13.44	Other specified diabetes mellitus with diabetic amyotrophy
E13.49	Other specified diabetes mellitus with other diabetic neurological complication
E13.610	Other specified diabetes mellitus with diabetic neuropathic arthropathy
E10.40	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with diabetic neuropathy, unspecified
E10.41	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with diabetic mononeuropathy
E10.42	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with diabetic polyneuropathy
E10.43	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with diabetic autonomic (poly)neuropathy
E10.44	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with diabetic amyotrophy
E10.49	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other diabetic neurological complication
E10.610	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with diabetic neuropathic arthropathy
E11.40	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with diabetic neuropathy, unspecified
E11.65	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with hyperglycemia
E10.40	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with diabetic neuropathy, unspecified
E10.65	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with hyperglycemia
	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with diabetic peripheral angiopathy without
E11.51	gangrene
E11.52	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with diabetic peripheral angiopathy with gangrene
L11.JZ	gangrene
E11.59	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with other circulatory complications
	Other specified diabetes mellitus with diabetic peripheral angiopathy
E13.51	without gangrene
E13.52	Other specified diabetes mellitus with diabetic peripheral angiopathy with gangrene
E13.59	Other specified diabetes mellitus with other circulatory complications

	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with diabetic peripheral angiopathy without
E10.51	gangrene
	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with diabetic peripheral angiopathy with
E10.52	gangrene
E10.59	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other circulatory complications
	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with diabetic peripheral angiopathy without
E11.51	gangrene
E11.65	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with hyperglycemia
	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with diabetic peripheral angiopathy without
E10.51 E10.65	gangrene Type 1 diabetes mellitus with hyperglycemia
E10.03	Type I diabetes meintus with hypergrycernia
E11.618	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with other diabetic arthropathy
E11.620	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with diabetic dermatitis
E11.621	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with foot ulcer
L11.021	
E11.622	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with other skin ulcer
E11.628	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with other skin complications
E11.630	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with periodontal disease
E11.638	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with other oral complications
E11.649	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with hypoglycemia without coma
E11.65	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with hyperglycemia
E11.69	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with other specified complication
E13.618	Other specified diabetes mellitus with other diabetic arthropathy
E13.620	Other specified diabetes mellitus with diabetic dermatitis
E13.621	Other specified diabetes mellitus with foot ulcer
E13.622	Other specified diabetes mellitus with other skin ulcer
E13.628	Other specified diabetes mellitus with other skin complications
E13.630	Other specified diabetes mellitus with periodontal disease
E13.638	Other specified diabetes mellitus with other oral complications
E13.649	Other specified diabetes mellitus with hypoglycemia without coma
E13.65	Other specified diabetes mellitus with hyperglycemia

E13.69	Other specified diabetes mellitus with other specified complication
E10.618	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other diabetic arthropathy
E10.620	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with diabetic dermatitis
E10.621	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with foot ulcer
E10.622	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other skin ulcer
E10.628	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other skin complications
E10.630	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with periodontal disease
E10.638	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other oral complications
E10.649	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with hypoglycemia without coma
E10.65	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with hyperglycemia
E10.69	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other specified complication
E11.69	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with other specified complication
E11.65	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with hyperglycemia
E10.69	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other specified complication
E10.65	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with hyperglycemia
E11.8	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with unspecified complications
E13.8	Other specified diabetes mellitus with unspecified complications
E10.8	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with unspecified complications
E11.8	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with unspecified complications
E11.65	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with hyperglycemia
E10.8	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with unspecified complications
E10.65	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with hyperglycemia
	Hypertensive chronic kidney disease with state 1-4 chronic kidney disease,
I12.9	or unspecified chronic kidney disease
	Hypertensive chronic kidney disease with state 1-4 chronic kidney disease,
I12.9	or unspecified chronic kidney disease
	Hypertensive chronic kidney disease with state 1-4 chronic kidney disease,
I12.9	or unspecified chronic kidney disease
N18.1	Chronic kidney disease, stage 1
N18.2	Chronic kidney disease, stage 2 (mild)
N18.3	Chronic kidney disease, stage 3 (moderate)
N18.9	Chronic kidney disease, unspecified
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
O24.410	Gestational diabetes mellitus in pregnancy, diet controlled

O24.414	Gestational diabetes mellitus in pregnancy, insulin controlled
024.414	destational diabetes meliitus in pregnancy, insulin controlled
O24.419	Gestational diabetes mellitus in pregnancy, unspecified control
O24.420	Gestational diabetes mellitus in childbirth, diet controlled
024.424	Gestational diabetes mellitus in childbirth, insulin controlled
O24.429	Gestational diabetes mellitus in childbirth, unspecified control
O24.410	Gestational diabetes mellitus in pregnancy, diet controlled
O24.414	Gestational diabetes mellitus in pregnancy, insulin controlled
O24.419	Gestational diabetes mellitus in pregnancy, unspecified control
O24.430	Gestational diabetes mellitus in the puerperium, diet controlled
O24.434	Gestational diabetes mellitus in the puerperium, insulin controlled
O24.439	Gestational diabetes mellitus in the puerperium, unspecified control
Z48.22	Encounter for aftercare following kidney transplant
	Body Mass Index, pediatric, greater than or equal to 95th percentile for
Z68.54	age

Nutritional Counseling is not reimbursed for the following services:

- Commercial diet plans, weight management programs or any foods or services related to such plans or programs
- Gym membership programs
- Holistic therapy
- Nutritional counseling when offered by health resorts, recreational programs, camps, wilderness programs, outdoor programs
- Skill programs, relaxation or lifestyle programs, including any services provided in conjunction with, or as part of, such
- Supplemental fasting
- Treatment by a physical therapist for weight loss

Diabetic Management

For Diabetic Management the following CPT/HCPCS codes are considered reimbursable:

G0108 – Diabetes outpatient self-management training services, individual, per 30 minutes G0109 – Diabetes outpatient self-management training services, group session (2 or more), per 30 minutes

Diabetic Management is limited to 10 hours per year for any combination of codes.

Diabetic Management for codes G0108 and G0109 is limited to the following diagnoses for Medicare MSA plans only. All other Plans will reimburse ICD-10 in range E08-E09:

ICD-10	ICD 10 DV Description
СМ	ICD-10 DX Description
E00 00	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with hyperosmolarity
E08.00	without nonketotic hyperglycemic-hyperosmolar coma (NKHHC)
E08.10	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with ketoacidosis without
E08.10	Coma Diabetes mollitus due to underlying condition with diabetic nonbronathy
EU0.21	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with diabetic nephropathy Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with diabetic chronic kidney
E08.22	disease
	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with other diabetic kidney
E08.29	complication
	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with unspecified diabetic
E08.311	retinopathy with macular edema
	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with unspecified diabetic
E08.319	retinopathy without macular edema
	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with mild nonproliferative
E08.321	diabetic retinopathy with macular edema
	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with mild nonproliferative
E08.329	diabetic retinopathy without macular edema
	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with moderate
E08.331	nonproliferative diabetic retinopathy with macular edema
	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with moderate
E08.339	nonproliferative diabetic retinopathy without macular edema
	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with severe nonproliferative
E08.341	diabetic retinopathy with macular edema
	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with severe nonproliferative
E08.349	diabetic retinopathy without macular edema
E08.351	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with proliferative diabetic retinopathy with macular edema
	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with proliferative diabetic
E08.359	retinopathy without macular edema
E08.36	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with diabetic cataract
	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with other diabetic
E08.39	ophthalmic complication
	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with diabetic neuropathy,
E08.40	unspecified
	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with diabetic
E08.41	mononeuropathy
	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with diabetic
E08.42	polyneuropathy
	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with diabetic autonomic
E08.43	(poly)neuropathy
Diabatia Mana	gement and Medical Nutrition Page

E08.44	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with diabetic amyotrophy
	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with other diabetic
E08.49	neurological complication
	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with diabetic peripheral
E08.51	angiopathy without gangrene
	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with diabetic peripheral
E08.52	angiopathy with gangrene
	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with other circulatory
E08.59	complications
	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with diabetic neuropathic
E08.610	arthropathy
	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with other diabetic
E08.618	arthropathy
E08.620	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with diabetic dermatitis
E08.621	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with foot ulcer
E08.622	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with other skin ulcer
	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with other skin
E08.628	complications
E08.630	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with periodontal disease
	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with other oral
E08.638	complications
	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with hypoglycemia without
E08.649	coma
E08.65	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with hyperglycemia
	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with other specified
E08.69	complication
	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with unspecified
E08.8	complications
E08.9	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition without complications
	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with hyperosmolarity without
E09.00	nonketotic hyperglycemic-hyperosmolar coma (NKHHC)
=00.40	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with ketoacidosis without
E09.10	coma
E09.21	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with diabetic nephropathy
	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with diabetic chronic kidney
E09.22	disease
=00.00	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with other diabetic kidney
E09.29	complication
E00 244	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with unspecified diabetic
E09.311	retinopathy with macular edema
E00 242	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with unspecified diabetic
E09.319	retinopathy without macular edema
E00 221	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with mild nonproliferative
E09.321	diabetic retinopathy with macular edema
E09.329	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with mild nonproliferative
_05.525	1 2.49 3. Chemical madeed diabetes memas with finia horpfoliciative

	diabetic retinopathy without macular edema
	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with moderate
E09.331	nonproliferative diabetic retinopathy with macular edema
203.332	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with moderate
E09.339	nonproliferative diabetic retinopathy without macular edema
203.333	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with severe nonproliferative
E09.341	diabetic retinopathy with macular edema
	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with severe nonproliferative
E09.349	diabetic retinopathy without macular edema
	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with proliferative diabetic
E09.351	retinopathy with macular edema
	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with proliferative diabetic
E09.359	retinopathy without macular edema
E09.36	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with diabetic cataract
	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with other diabetic
E09.39	ophthalmic complication
	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with neurological
E09.40	complications with diabetic neuropathy, unspecified
	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with neurological
E09.41	complications with diabetic mononeuropathy
	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with neurological
E09.42	complications with diabetic polyneuropathy
	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with neurological
E09.43	complications with diabetic autonomic (poly)neuropathy
	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with neurological
E09.44	complications with diabetic amyotrophy
	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with neurological
E09.49	complications with other diabetic neurological complication
	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with diabetic peripheral
E09.51	angiopathy without gangrene
	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with diabetic peripheral
E09.52	angiopathy with gangrene
	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with other circulatory
E09.59	complications
	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with diabetic neuropathic
E09.610	arthropathy
	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with other diabetic
E09.618	arthropathy
E09.620	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with diabetic dermatitis
E09.621	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with foot ulcer
E09.622	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with other skin ulcer
E09.628	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with other skin complications
E09.630	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with periodontal disease
E09.638	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with other oral complications
E09.649	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with hypoglycemia without

	coma
E09.65	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with hyperglycemia
	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with other specified
E09.69	complication
	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with unspecified
E09.8	complications
E09.9	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus without complications
E10.10	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with ketoacidosis without coma
E10.21	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with diabetic nephropathy
E10.22	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with diabetic chronic kidney disease
E10.29	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other diabetic kidney complication
	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with unspecified diabetic retinopathy with
E10.311	macular edema
	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with unspecified diabetic retinopathy without
E10.319	macular edema
	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with mild nonproliferative diabetic retinopathy
E10.321	with macular edema
	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with mild nonproliferative diabetic retinopathy
E10.329	without macular edema
	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with moderate nonproliferative diabetic
E10.331	retinopathy with macular edema
	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with moderate nonproliferative diabetic
E10.339	retinopathy without macular edema
	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with severe nonproliferative diabetic retinopathy
E10.341	with macular edema
=10010	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with severe nonproliferative diabetic retinopathy
E10.349	without macular edema
E10 2E1	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with proliferative diabetic retinopathy with
E10.351	macular edema
F10 2F0	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with proliferative diabetic retinopathy without
E10.359	macular edema
E10.36	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with diabetic cataract
E10.39	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other diabetic ophthalmic complication
E10.40	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with diabetic neuropathy, unspecified
E10.41	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with diabetic mononeuropathy
E10.42	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with diabetic polyneuropathy
E10.43	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with diabetic autonomic (poly)neuropathy
E10.44	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with diabetic amyotrophy
E10.49	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other diabetic neurological complication
E10.51	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with diabetic peripheral angiopathy without
E10.51	gangrene Type 1 diabetes mellitus with diabetic peripheral angiopathy with
E10.52	
E10.52	gangrene Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other circulatory complications
E10.59	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with diabetic neuropathic arthropathy
ETO.OTO	Type I diabetes memus with diabetic neuropathic arthropathy

E10.618	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other diabetic arthropathy
E10.620	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with diabetic dermatitis
E10.621	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with foot ulcer
E10.622	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other skin ulcer
E10.628	1 71
	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other skin complications
E10.630	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with periodontal disease
E10.638	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other oral complications
E10.649	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with hypoglycemia without coma
E10.65	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with hyperglycemia
E10.69	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other specified complication
E10.8	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with unspecified complications
E10.9	Type 1 diabetes mellitus without complications
=11.00	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with hyperosmolarity without nonketotic
E11.00	hyperglycemic-hyperosmolar coma (NKHHC)
E11.21	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with diabetic nephropathy
E11.22	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with diabetic chronic kidney disease
E11.29	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with other diabetic kidney complication
	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with unspecified diabetic retinopathy with
E11.311	macular edema
	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with unspecified diabetic retinopathy without
E11.319	macular edema
	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with mild nonproliferative diabetic retinopathy
E11.321	with macular edema
	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with mild nonproliferative diabetic retinopathy
E11.329	without macular edema
E44 224	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with moderate nonproliferative diabetic
E11.331	retinopathy with macular edema
F11 220	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with moderate nonproliferative diabetic
E11.339	retinopathy without macular edema
F11 241	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with severe nonproliferative diabetic retinopathy
E11.341	with macular edema
F11 240	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with severe nonproliferative diabetic retinopathy
E11.349	without macular edema
F11 2F1	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with proliferative diabetic retinopathy with
E11.351	macular edema
E11 250	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with proliferative diabetic retinopathy without macular edema
E11.359	
E11.36	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with diabetic cataract
E11.39	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with other diabetic ophthalmic complication
E11.40	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with diabetic neuropathy, unspecified
E11.41	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with diabetic mononeuropathy
E11.42	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with diabetic polyneuropathy
E11.43	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with diabetic autonomic (poly)neuropathy
E11.44	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with diabetic amyotrophy
E11.49	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with other diabetic neurological complication

I	T 2 P. leater and 19 c. 20 P. leater and the orthographic 20 c
F11 F1	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with diabetic peripheral angiopathy without
E11.51	gangrene
F11 F2	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with diabetic peripheral angiopathy with
E11.52	gangrene
E11.59	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with other circulatory complications
E11.610	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with diabetic neuropathic arthropathy
E11.618	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with other diabetic arthropathy
E11.620	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with diabetic dermatitis
E11.621	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with foot ulcer
E11.622	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with other skin ulcer
E11.628	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with other skin complications
E11.630	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with periodontal disease
E11.638	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with other oral complications
E11.649	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with hypoglycemia without coma
E11.65	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with hyperglycemia
E11.69	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with other specified complication
E11.8	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with unspecified complications
E11.9	Type 2 diabetes mellitus without complications
	Other specified diabetes mellitus with hyperosmolarity without nonketotic
E13.00	hyperglycemic-hyperosmolar coma (NKHHC)
E13.10	Other specified diabetes mellitus with ketoacidosis without coma
E13.21	Other specified diabetes mellitus with diabetic nephropathy
E13.22	Other specified diabetes mellitus with diabetic chronic kidney disease
E13.29	Other specified diabetes mellitus with other diabetic kidney complication
	Other specified diabetes mellitus with unspecified diabetic retinopathy
E13.311	with macular edema
	Other specified diabetes mellitus with unspecified diabetic retinopathy
E13.319	without macular edema
	Other specified diabetes mellitus with mild nonproliferative diabetic
E13.321	retinopathy with macular edema
	Other specified diabetes mellitus with mild nonproliferative diabetic
E13.329	retinopathy without macular edema
	Other specified diabetes mellitus with moderate nonproliferative diabetic
E13.331	retinopathy with macular edema
	Other specified diabetes mellitus with moderate nonproliferative diabetic
E13.339	retinopathy without macular edema
	Other specified diabetes mellitus with severe nonproliferative diabetic
E13.341	retinopathy with macular edema
	Other specified diabetes mellitus with severe nonproliferative diabetic
E13.349	retinopathy without macular edema
	Other specified diabetes mellitus with proliferative diabetic retinopathy
E13.351	with macular edema
	Other specified diabetes mellitus with proliferative diabetic retinopathy
E13.359	without macular edema
E13.36	Other specified diabetes mellitus with diabetic cataract
E13.36	Other specified diabetes meilitus with diabetic cataract

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F12.20	Other specified diabetes mellitus with other diabetic ophthalmic
E13.39	complication
E13.40	Other specified diabetes mellitus with diabetic neuropathy, unspecified
E13.41	Other specified diabetes mellitus with diabetic mononeuropathy
E13.42	Other specified diabetes mellitus with diabetic polyneuropathy
	Other specified diabetes mellitus with diabetic autonomic
E13.43	(poly)neuropathy
E13.44	Other specified diabetes mellitus with diabetic amyotrophy
	Other specified diabetes mellitus with other diabetic neurological
E13.49	complication
=40 =4	Other specified diabetes mellitus with diabetic peripheral angiopathy
E13.51	without gangrene
E43 E3	Other specified diabetes mellitus with diabetic peripheral angiopathy with
E13.52	gangrene
E13.59	Other specified diabetes mellitus with other circulatory complications
E13.610	Other specified diabetes mellitus with diabetic neuropathic arthropathy
E13.618	Other specified diabetes mellitus with other diabetic arthropathy
E13.620	Other specified diabetes mellitus with diabetic dermatitis
E13.621	Other specified diabetes mellitus with foot ulcer
E13.622	Other specified diabetes mellitus with other skin ulcer
E13.628	Other specified diabetes mellitus with other skin complications
E13.630	Other specified diabetes mellitus with periodontal disease
E13.638	Other specified diabetes mellitus with other oral complications
E13.649	Other specified diabetes mellitus with hypoglycemia without coma
E13.65	Other specified diabetes mellitus with hyperglycemia
E13.69	Other specified diabetes mellitus with other specified complication
E13.8	Other specified diabetes mellitus with unspecified complications
E13.9	Other specified diabetes mellitus without complications
E83.110	Hereditary hemochromatosis
E83.39	Other disorders of phosphorus metabolism
O24.011	Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, type 1, in pregnancy, first trimester
024.012	Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, type 1, in pregnancy, second trimester
024.013	Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, type 1, in pregnancy, third trimester
O24.019	Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, type 1, in pregnancy, unspecified trimester
O24.03	Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, type 1, in the puerperium
024.111	Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, type 2, in pregnancy, first trimester
024.112	Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, type 2, in pregnancy, second trimester
024.113	Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, type 2, in pregnancy, third trimester
024.119	Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, type 2, in pregnancy, unspecified trimester
024.13	Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, type 2, in the puerperium
024.311	Unspecified pre-existing diabetes mellitus in pregnancy, first trimester
024.312	Unspecified pre-existing diabetes mellitus in pregnancy, second trimester
O24.313	Unspecified pre-existing diabetes mellitus in pregnancy, third trimester
	Unspecified pre-existing diabetes mellitus in pregnancy, unspecified
024.319	trimester

O24.33	Unspecified pre-existing diabetes mellitus in the puerperium
O24.410	Gestational diabetes mellitus in pregnancy, diet controlled
O24.414	Gestational diabetes mellitus in pregnancy, insulin controlled
O24.419	Gestational diabetes mellitus in pregnancy, unspecified control
O24.420	Gestational diabetes mellitus in childbirth, diet controlled
O24.424	Gestational diabetes mellitus in childbirth, insulin controlled
O24.429	Gestational diabetes mellitus in childbirth, unspecified control
O24.430	Gestational diabetes mellitus in the puerperium, diet controlled
O24.434	Gestational diabetes mellitus in the puerperium, insulin controlled
O24.439	Gestational diabetes mellitus in the puerperium, unspecified control
O24.811	Other pre-existing diabetes mellitus in pregnancy, first trimester
O24.812	Other pre-existing diabetes mellitus in pregnancy, second trimester
O24.813	Other pre-existing diabetes mellitus in pregnancy, third trimester
O24.819	Other pre-existing diabetes mellitus in pregnancy, unspecified trimester
O24.83	Other pre-existing diabetes mellitus in the puerperium
O24.911	Unspecified diabetes mellitus in pregnancy, first trimester
O24.912	Unspecified diabetes mellitus in pregnancy, second trimester
O24.913	Unspecified diabetes mellitus in pregnancy, third trimester
O24.919	Unspecified diabetes mellitus in pregnancy, unspecified trimester
O24.93	Unspecified diabetes mellitus in the puerperium
P70.0	Syndrome of infant of mother with gestational diabetes
P70.1	Syndrome of infant of a diabetic mother
P70.2	Neonatal diabetes mellitus
R73.09	Other abnormal glucose
Z71.3	Dietary counseling and surveillance
Z86.32	Personal history of gestational diabetes

Reimbursement Guidelines:

• Please see your provider fee schedule or your IPA agreement for specific reimbursement guidelines.

References:

MVP Credentialing and Recredentialing of Practitioners

http://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/indexes/national-and-local-indexes.aspx



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Diagnosis Matching Edits

Type of Policy: Payment Last Reviewed Date: 12/1/2018

Related Polices: N/A

Policy

MVP Health Care follows the diagnosis matching edits in accordance with Medicare Local Coverage Determinations (LCD) or National Coverage Determinations (NCD) for the procedures listed in the Policy. This policy applies to all Lines of Business and all claims including but not limited to: physicians, hospitals, and ambulatory surgery centers. For more information on Medicare Local Coverage Determinations please visit the Center for Medicare & Medicaid services website at http://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/overview-and-quick-search.aspx

Definitions

CMS Medicare Definition of Medical Necessity:

Medical necessity is the overarching criterion for payment in addition to the individual documentation requirements of a CPT code. It would not be medically necessary or appropriate to bill a higher level of evaluation and management service when a lower level of service is warranted. The volume of documentation **should not** be the primary influence upon which a specific level of service is billed. Documentation should support the level of service being reported.

Referral / Notification/ Prior Authorizations Requests

Please refer to the Utilization Management Guides and the Benefit Interpretation Manual by visiting **mvphealthcare.com**, select *Providers* then *Sign In* to your account.

Billing/Coding Guidelines:

<u>Transthoracic Echocardiography:</u>

To access the appropriate diagnoses to be used with these Procedure codes use Document ID #L33577 – Contract # 13282 on the CMS website.

Code	Description	Rule
93303, 93304, C8921, C8922	Transthoracic echocardiography for congenital cardiac anomalies; Group 2	 MVP requires the correct diagnosis be submitted with the claim in accordance with the Medicare Local Coverage Determination or the claim will be denied due to Medical Necessity. The Upstate New York Local Coverage Determinations for these codes. Pediatric Cardiology Specialty is excluded from this edit.
93306-93308, C8923-C8924, C8929	Real time Transthoracic echocardiography; Group 1	 MVP requires the correct diagnosis be submitted with the claim in accordance with the Medicare Local Coverage Determination or the claim will be denied due to Medical Necessity. The Upstate New York Local Coverage Determinations for these codes. Pediatric Cardiology Specialty is excluded from this edit.
93308, C8924	Echocardiography, transthoracic, real-time with image documentation (2D), includes M-mode recording, when performed, follow-up or limited study. Group 3	 MVP requires the correct diagnosis be submitted with the claim in accordance with the Medicare Local Coverage Determination or the claim will be denied due to Medical Necessity. The Upstate New York Local Coverage Determinations for these codes. Pediatric Cardiology Specialty is excluded from this edit.

Code	Description	Rule
93350-93352, C8928, C8930,	Echocardiography, transthoracic, real-time with image documentation (2D), includes M-mode recording, when performed, during rest and cardiovascular stress test. Group 4	 MVP requires the correct diagnosis be submitted with the claim in accordance with the MedicareLocal Coverage Determination or the claim will be denied due to Medical Necessity. The Upstate New York Local Coverage Determinations for these codes. Pediatric Cardiology Specialty is excluded from this edit.

Facet Joint Injections, Medical Branch Blocks, and Facet Joint Radiofrequency Neurotomy:

To access the appropriate diagnoses to be used with these Procedure codes use Document ID # L35936 – Contract # 13282 on the CMS website.

Code	Description	Rule
64490-64495	Diagnostic or Therapeutic agent injections with image guidance. Cervical, Thoracic, Lumbar, or Sacral.	 MVP requires the correct diagnosis be submitted with the claim in accordance with the Medicare Local Coverage Determination or the claim will be denied due to Medical Necessity. The Upstate New York Local Coverage Determinations for these codes
Code	Description	Rule
64633,64634,64635,64 636	Destruction by neurolytic agent, paravertebral facet joint nerve; Cervical, Thoracic, Lumbar, or Sacral.	 MVP requires the correct diagnosis be submitted with the claim in accordance with the Medicare Local Coverage Determination or the claim will be denied due to Medical Necessity. The Upstate New York Local Coverage Determinations for these codes.

Nerve Conduction Studies and electromyography:

To access the appropriate diagnoses to be used with these Procedure codes use Document ID # L35098–Contract # 13282 on the CMS website.

Code	Description	Rule
51785, 92265, 95860, 95861, 95863, 95864, 95865, 95866, 95867, 95868, 95869, 95870, 95872, 95873, 95874, 95885, 95886, 95887, ,95905, 95907, 95908, 95909, 95910, 95911, 95912, 95913 95933, G0255	Nerve Conduction Studies (NCS) and Electromyography Group 1	 MVP requires the correct diagnosis be submitted with the claim in accordance with the Medicare Local Coverage Determination or the claim will be denied due to Medical Necessity. The Upstate New York Local Coverage Determinations for these codes.

Code	Description	Rule
95937	Neuromuscular Junction Testing Group 2	 MVP requires the correct diagnosis be submitted with the claim in accordance with the Medicare Local Coverage Determination or the claim will be denied due to Medical Necessity. The Upstate New York Local Coverage Determinations for these codes.

Corneal Pachymetry:

To access the appropriate diagnoses to be used with these Procedure codes use Document ID # L33630 corneal pachymetry - Contract # 13282 on the CMS website.

Code	Description	Rule
76514	Ophthalmic ultrasound, diagnostic; corneal pachymetry, unilateral or bilateral (determination of corneal thickness)	 MVP requires the correct diagnosis be submitted with the claim in accordance with the Medicare Local Coverage Determination or the claim will be denied due to Medical Necessity. The Upstate New York Local Coverage Determinations for these codes.

Visual Fields Testing:

To access the appropriate diagnoses to be used with these Procedure codes use Document ID # L33574– Contract # 13282 on the CMS website.

Code	Description		Rule
92081, 92082, 92083	Visual field examination, unilateral or bilateral, with interpretation and report;	•	MVP requires the correct diagnosis be submitted with the claim in accordance with the Medicare Local Coverage Determination or the claim will be denied due to Medical Necessity. The Upstate New York Local Coverage Determinations for these codes.

Vitamin D 25 and Vitamin D1.25:

To access the appropriate diagnoses to be used with these Procedure codes use Document ID LCD #L 37535- Contract # 13201 on the CMS website

Code	Description	Rule
82306 82652	Vitamin D 25 hydroxy includes fraction if performed. Vitamin D 1.25 hydroxy includes fraction if performed	 MVP requires the correct diagnosis be submitted with the claim in accordance with the Medicare Local Coverage Determination or the claim will be denied due to Medical Necessity. The Entire New York Local Coverage Determinations for these codes. See reference below

Cyanocobalamin -Vitamin B12:

To access the appropriate diagnoses to be used with these Procedure codes use Document ID #L34914–Novitas Solutions Inc. on the CMS website.

Code	Description	Rule
82607	Cyanocobalamin- Vitamin B12	 MVP requires the correct diagnosis be submitted with the claim in accordance with the Medicare Local Coverage Determination or the claim will be denied due to Medical Necessity. The Novitas Solutions Inc. Local Coverage Determinations for this code. See reference below

<u>Thyroid Stimulating Hormone Testing (TSH):</u>

To access the appropriate diagnoses to be used with these Procedure codes use National Coverage Determination Publication ID # 100-3 Manual Section # 190.22 on the CMS website.

Code	Description		Rule
84443	Thyroid stimulating hormone (TSH)	•	MVP requires the correct diagnosis be submitted with the claim in accordance with the Medicare National Coverage
84436	Thyroxine; total		Determination or the claim will be denied due to Medical Necessity.
84439	Free -thyroxine; total	•	The National Coverage Determinations for this code.
	Thyroid hormone (TS or T4) uptake or thyroid hormone binding ratio (THBR)	•	See reference below

References

https://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/search/advanced-search.aspx



MVP Health Care Payment Policy

Durable Medical Equipment

Type of Policy: Payment Last Reviewed Date: 09/01/2018

Related Polices: Home Infusion Policy

Policy

The DME and Orthotics & Prosthetics Coverage and Purchasing Guidelines apply to all MVP participating DME, Orthotics, prosthetics and specialty vendors only. Physicians, podiatrists, physical therapists and occupational therapists must refer to the utilization management section of the Provider Resource Manual for DMEPOS information and guidelines.

MVP reimburses providers for durable medical equipment (DME) for a limited time period when all required medical necessity guidelines are met. Claims for DME rental must be for the time period the equipment is actually used by the member, but not to exceed the maximum allowed rental period for the equipment. For authorized items that have a rental price, MVP will calculate the purchase price on either 10 or 13 months rental according to Medicare payment categories.

Equipment may be purchased or rented at MVP's discretion. Purchase or rental would be specified in the prior authorization approval if the item requires prior authorization. MVP does not authorize used equipment for purchase.

Providers are responsible to honor all manufacturers' warranties. MVP will reimburse for one (1) month's rental fee for temporary equipment while patient-owned equipment is being repaired if the repair is going to take longer than one day. Temporary equipment rentals should use HCPCS code K0462. Labor and parts will be reimbursed based on a providers contracted rate with MVP.

Repairs to DME

- Repairs are covered for medically necessary equipment regardless of who is performing the repair. The repair does not have to be completed by the original provider.
- Repair claims must include narrative information itemizing:
 - o the nature for which the repair was required
 - o the actual / anticipated time each repair will take;
 - date of purchase (month/year);
 - product name;
 - make/model;
 - manufacturer's suggested retail price (MSRP) is kept on file and you would bill according to your contract with MVP; and
 - For common repairs, MVP Health Care follows the allowed units of service published by Medicare. Code K0739 should be billed with one unit of service for each 15 minutes. Suppliers are not paid for travel time, equipment pickup and/or delivery, or postage.
 - o If the repair is urgent and can be completed on site, submit a prior authorization request with the actual number of repair units required within 3 calendar days and we will approve this for the date that the work was completed. Please make sure you state the actual date the work was completed.
 - If the repair cannot be completed on site and/or parts are needed, submit a prior authorization request with the anticipated number of repair units and parts and we will review this request.

Code E1399 may be used for any replacement parts without a specific HCPCS code. Replacement DME

- Replacement claims for DME must include the following:
 - o the description of the owned equipment that is being replaced;
 - the HCPCS code of the original piece of equipment;
 - o the date of purchase of the original piece of equipment;
 - o reason for replacement; and
 - new order from physician.

Providers may **NOT** expect members to pay "up front" for items or services except for the members copay, coinsurance, deductibles or items that are not covered under the member's benefits.

MVP follows Medicare Payment Guidelines related to Durable Medical Equipment. MVP has implemented exceptions to Medicare Payment Guidelines for some DME as indicated in this document.

This policy relates to the payment of DME items and equipment only; please refer to MVP Health Care Medical Policy to review the medical necessity criteria.

Note: Providers looking for MVP's payment policy on Enteral Nutrition Therapy should refer to MVP's Home Infusion Policy, located in section 15 of the Provider Resource Manual.

Definitions

Durable medical equipment (DME) is defined as:

- An item for external use that can withstand repeated use
- An item that can be used in the home
- Is reasonable and necessary to sustain a minimum threshold of independent daily living
- Is made primarily to serve a medical purpose
- Is not useful in the absence of illness or injury
- DME includes, but is not limited to, medical supplies, orthotics & prosthetics, custom braces, respiratory equipment and other qualifying items when acquired from a contracted DME provider.

Home –For purposes of rental and purchase of DME a beneficiary's home may be his/her own dwelling, an apartment, a relative's home, a home for the aged, or some other type of institution (such as assisted living facility, or an intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded.) However, an institution may not be considered a members home if it:

- Meets at least the basic requirement in the definition of a hospital.
- Meets at least the basic requirement in the definition of a skilled nursing facility, i.e. it is
 primarily engaged in providing to inpatients skilled nursing care and related services for
 patients who require medical or nursing care, or rehabilitation services.

Thus, if an individual is a patient in an institution or distinct part of an institution which provides the services described above, the individual is not entitled to have separate payment made for rental or purchase of DME. This is because such an institution may not be considered the individual's home.

DMEPOS – Durable Medical Equipment Prosthetic Orthotic Services.

Referral / Notification/ Prior Authorizations Requests

Depending on the member's individual plan and coverage, some items and/or services may or may not be covered. It is imperative that providers verify member eligibility and benefits before requesting or providing services. To determine if a member has coverage for specific DME equipment please call the MVP Customer Care Center.

Please refer to the "DME Prior Authorization Code List" to determine if an authorization is required. Only DMEPOS items and services requiring prior authorization are listed on the "DME Prior Authorization Code List". **Note:** The "DME Prior Authorization Code List" does not guarantee payment. Log onto **mvphealthcare.com** or call the MVP Customer Care Center to review the list.

The list is updated periodically and is located on the **mvphealthcare.com** in the *Provider* section, under *References* .

Items and/or services requiring prior authorization:

- Complete the Prior Authorization Request Form (PARF)
- Can be faxed to fax number 1-888-452-5947.unless otherwise noted below
- Be sure to fax all appropriate and pertinent medical documentation (e.g., office notes, lab and radiology reports) with the completed PARF.
- Phone requests will only be taken for urgent care determinations and hospital discharges. Please call 800-452-6966.

If MVP is the secondary plan, all medical necessity rules still apply to DME items/services for all MVP products.

If prior authorization is not obtained for the required medically necessary items/services, the member may not be billed by the provider. MVP does not "backdate" authorizations for items where prior authorization was not obtained.

Delivery Charges

Delivery charges, including shipping and handling, are considered part of the purchase or rental costs. Provider may not bill MVP or the member for these charges. Provider may not bill MVP or the member if a wrong item is delivered and needs to be exchanged or returned.

Retrospective Audits

MVP conducts random audits retrospectively to ensure MVP guidelines are being met for medical necessity and claims are processed according to the MVP contract.

Billing/Coding Guidelines:

CPAP and **BiPAP**

Code	Description	Rule
E0601	CPAP machine	The initial CPAP rental is for up to
E0562	Heated humidifier	three months.
	Includes Auto PAP	DME providers must contact members
	machines	and confirm compliance via objective
		reporting from the device and submit to
		Utilization Management prior to the
		end of the third month of use.
		"Adherence to PAP therapy is defined as
		use of PAP >4 hours per night on 70%
		of the nights during a consecutive thirty
		(30) day period anytime during the first
		three (3) months of initial usage.
		We do not back date authorizations
		if the compliance is not received
		during the first three months of
		initial usage. The provider will only
		be paid for what months remain on
		the 13 month rental from the date
		they submit compliance Please refer
		to MVP's Medical Policy to determine
		medical necessity and rules
		regarding CPAP machine compliance.
		All CPAP machines are a 13 month
		rental.
		All heated humidifiers are a 10
		month rental.
E0470	Respiratory Assist	The initial BiPAP rental is for up to
E0471	device BiPAP machine	three months.
E0562	Heated humidifier	DME providers must contact
	Includes Auto BiPAP	members and confirm compliance
	machines	via objective reporting from the
		device and submit to Utilization
		Management prior to the end of the
		third month of use.
		Please refer to MVP's Medical Policy
		to determine medical necessity and
		rules regarding BiPAP machines
		compliance.
		All BiPAP machines are a 13 month

	rental.
	 All heated humidifiers are a 10
	month rental.

Code	Description	Rule
A4604	Tubing with integrated	• 1 per three months
	heating element	
A7027	Combo oral/nasal mask	• 1 per three months
A7028	Oral cushion for combo	• 2 per one month
	oral nasal mask	
A7029	Nasal pillows	• 2 per one month
A7030	Full Face Masks	 1 per three months
A7031	Face mask interface	• 1 per month
A7032	Replacement Cushions	• 2 per one month
A7033	Replacement Pillows	• 2 per one month
A7034	CPAP Masks	• 1 per three months
A7035	CPAP Headgears	• 1 per six months
A7036	CPAP Chin Straps	• 1 per six months
A7037	CPAP Tubing	• 1 per three months
A7038	CPAP Filters	• 2 per one month
A7039	CPAP non-disposable	• 1 per six months
	filters	
A7046	Water chamber	• 1 per six months
A7047	Oral interface used with	Not covered
	respiratory suction	
	pump	

DME Equipment

Code	Description	Rule
E0935	Continuous Passive	One unit equals one day of rental.
	Motion Device	Coverage is limited to 21 days
		following surgery.
		Please refer to MVP Medical Policy
		for additional information.
A5500 – A5501	Diabetic Shoes	MVP Health Care will not reimburse
		for diabetic shoes when billed for
		more than 2 units (1 pair) within a
		calendar year (A5500).
		MVP Health Care will not reimburse
		for custom molded diabetic shoes
		with inserts when billed for more
		than 2 units (1 pair) within a calendar

		year (A5501). • If bilateral items are provided on the same date of service, bill for both items on separate claim lines using the RT and LT modifiers i.e. A5500KX-RT x 1; A5500KX-LT x1 for one pair. • Medicaid Managed Care Plans: allow one pair per year when medical policy criteria are met.
A5512-A5513	Diabetic Shoe Inserts	 MVP Health Care will not reimburse for diabetic shoe inserts/modifications when billed more than 6 units (3 pair) within a calendar year. If bilateral items are provided on the same date of service, bill for both items on separate claim lines using the RT and LT modifiers i.e. A5513KX-RT x 3; A5513KX-LT x3 for three pair. Medicaid Managed Care Plans: allowed one pair per year when medical policy criteria are met.

Code	Description	Rule
A5508 & A5510	Diabetic Shoes	MVP does not cover these codes.

Code	Description	Rule
L3000- L3214, L3224 L3649	Foot Orthotics	 Foot orthotics is not covered unless contract specifically states they are covered. Refer to the specific benefit for foot orthotics coverage. If bilateral items are provided on the same date of service, bill for both
		items on separate claim lines using the RT and LT modifiers i.e. L3000RT x 1; L3000LT x 1 for one pair. • Medicaid Managed Care Plans: allow one pair per year when medical policy criteria are met.

	Foot orthotics are not covered for Medicare Advantage plans.

The right (RT) and/or left (LT) modifiers must be used when billing shoes, inserts, orthotics or modifications. Claims billed without modifiers RT and/or LT will be rejected as incorrect coding.

Oxygen and Oxygen Equipment

Code	Description	Rule
E0424, E0431, E0433, E0434, E0439, E0441, E0442, E0443, E0444, E1390, E1391, E1392,E1405, E1406, K0738	Oxygen Equipment and Supplies.	 MVP does not follow the Medicare 36 month cap for oxygen. This applies to all lines of business. MVP allows monthly payment for oxygen equipment as long as medically necessary.
Code	Description	Rule
E0425, E0430, E0435,	Oxygen Equipment and	MVP does not purchase Oxygen or
E0440, E1353, E1355	Supplies.	Oxygen Equipment.
E0445	Oximeters	 MVP allows monthly payment. Probes are inclusive during the rental period.
A4606	Oximeter Replacement Probe	 Commercial Plans: Covered if contract allows disposable medical supplies and oximeter is owned by member. Medicaid Managed Care Plans: Included in rental of oximeter device.

Transcutaneous electrical nerve stimulation (TENS)

Code	Description	Rule
E0720, E0730	Transcutaneous electrical nerve stimulation (TENS) Device.	 MVP allows the purchase or rental of TENS units. These cannot be prescribed by Chiropractors or therapists; they must be prescribed by a physician. Medicaid Managed Care Plans are not covered for E0720.

A4556,A4557,	Transcutaneous	Supplies are not covered as a DME
A4595 and A4630	electrical nerve	product. MVP does cover these
	stimulations (TENS)	items if the member has the
	Supplies.	disposable coverage for commercial
		and ASO products. Please refer to
		the member's benefits to determine if
		these are covered.
		Medicaid Managed Care Plans are
		covered if supplies are medically
		necessary.

Medical Supplies

Required medical/dressing supplies can be obtained by the member from a MVP contracted DME provider with a physician's prescription. MVP will not reimburse for disposable medical and surgical supplies, unless members contract covers disposable medical supplies. Providers should check the member's benefits to determine if these are covered under their plan. MVP Medicare products have disposable medical supply benefits and do not require a rider for coverage. DME providers need to call MVP to determine if item is considered a disposable medical supply.

Code	Description	Rule
Disposable Supplies; Medical and Surgical Supplies	Disposable Supplies; Medical and Surgical Supplies	 Commercial Products: MVP will not reimburse for these supplies unless the contract allows disposable medical supplies coverage. Providers should check the member's benefits to determine if this is covered under their plan. Medicaid Managed Care Plans have coverage through the pharmacy network or DME providers for select disposable supplies as defined by NY Medicaid. To determine if an item is considered disposable medical and surgical supplies, please call the MVP Customer Care Center.

HCPCS Modifiers

MVP requires the use of the following Medicare modifiers:

Code	Description	Rule
NU	Purchased/new equipment	Submit with HCPCS DME code to
		indicate a purchase
RR	Rental use	Submit with HCPCS DME code to
		indicate a rental
RT	Right Side	Submit with HCPCS DME procedure
		code to indicate item ordered for right
	-	side.
LT	Left Side	Submit with HCPCS DME procedure
		code to indicate item ordered for left
		side.
UE	Used Equipment	MVP does not generally reimburse for
		used equipment, this may require
		specific prior approval according to the Prior Authorization List.
AU	Item furnished in	Submit with HCPCS DME procedure
Α0	conjunction with a	codes
	urological, ostomy, or	codes
	tracheostomy supply	
AV	Item furnished in	Submit with HCPCS DME procedure
	conjunction with a	codes
	prosthetic device,	
	prosthetic or orthotic	
AW	Item furnished in	Submit with HCPCS DME procedure
	conjunction with a surgical	codes
	dressing	
RA	Replacement of a DME,	Use when an item is furnished as a
	orthotic or prosthetic item	replacement for the same item which
		has been lost, stolen or irreparably
		damaged.
RB	Replacement of a part of	Use to denote the replacement of a
	DME furnished as part of a	part of the convice of repairing the
	repair	part of the service of repairing the item.
		item.

Nebulizers

Code	Description	Rule
E0570-E0572, E0574-	Nebulizers	MVP allows purchase or rental of a
E0575, E0580, and		Nebulizer.
E0585		One will be covered (either 1 standard
		or 1 portable, but not both)
		The nebulizer and supplies may also be
		obtained from an MVP participating
		pharmacy.
		Nebulizer Kits (disposable tubing,
		mouthpiece and cup) will be covered to
		a maximum of 2 per year (1 every
		6 months).
		Nebulizer solutions, when used in
		conjunction with a covered nebulizer
		must be billed through the pharmacy
		benefits manager.

External Infusion Supplies

Code	Description	Rule
E0784	Insulin Pump	 MVP covers the purchase of this item according to the provider's contract. Providers should check the member's benefits to determine how these are covered under their individual plan. Refer to MVP's Medical Policies for additional information.
A9274	External Ambulatory Delivery System (Disposable Insulin Pump)	 MVP covers the purchase of this item according to the provider's contract. Providers should check the member's benefits to determine how these are covered under their individual plan. Allowed up to 30 per month; up to 90 units once every 90 days. There is a 5 day grace period allowed for shipping/billing on the 85th day. Refer to MVP's Medical Policies for additional information. This item is not covered for MVP Medicare plans.

A4230	Infusion Set, Cannula Type	 Covered as diabetic supplies and can be billed to MVP. These supplies may also be obtained from an MVP participating pharmacy. Allowed up to 20 per month; up to 60 units once every 90 days There is a 5 day grace period allowed for shipping/billing on the 85th day. Vermont Exchange (on and off) Products: Diabetic Supplies are covered under the member pharmacy benefit and must be submitted through an MVP pharmacy carrier.
A4231	Infusion Set – Needle Type	 Covered as diabetic supplies and can be billed to MVP. These supplies may also be obtained from an MVP participating pharmacy. Allowed up to 20 per month; up to 60 units once every 90 days. There is a 5 day grace period allowed for shipping/billing on the 85th day. Vermont Exchange (on and off) Products: Diabetic Supplies are covered under the member pharmacy benefit and must be submitted through an MVP pharmacy carrier.
A4232	Syringe/reservoirs	 Covered as diabetic supplies and can be billed to MVP. These supplies may also be obtained from an MVP participating pharmacy. Allowed up to 20 per month; up to 60 units once every 90 days. There is a 5 day grace period allowed for shipping/billing on the 85th day. Vermont Exchange (on and off) Products: Diabetic Supplies are covered under the member pharmacy benefit and must be submitted through an MVP pharmacy carrier.

A4247	Betadine Swab	Covered as diabetic supplies and can be billed to MVP if submitted with Insulin Pump Supply Code: A4230- A4232.
A4364, A4455	Adhesive and Adhesive Remover	Covered as diabetic supplies and can be billed to MVP if submitted with Insulin Pump Supply Code: A4230- A4232.
A5120	Antiseptic Wipes/Skin Barrier Wipes	Covered as diabetic supplies and can be billed to MVP if submitted with Insulin Pump Supply Code: A4230- A4232.
A6257	Transparent Dressing	Covered as diabetic supplies and can be billed to MVP if submitted with Insulin
K0552	Supplies for the External Infusion Pump	Invalid for submission for all MVP plans.

Blood Glucose Monitoring – Review rules to determine if billed through MVP Medical or Pharmacy Benefit

Code	Description	Rule
E0607	Blood Glucose Monitor	MVP will not reimburse DME
		providers for Blood Glucose
		Monitoring machines.
		Blood Glucose Monitors must be
		obtained from an MVP participating
		pharmacy or through one of the
		preferred monitor free access
		program
A4259 and A4253	Blood Glucose testing	A4259 and A4253 (diabetic test strips
A4233 dila A4233	supplies.*	and lancets) Test strips are subject to
	supplies.	quantity limits as follows:
	Prior authorization	Commercial:200 test strips and
	requests for blood	lancets per 30 days (must be billed
	glucose test strips	through the pharmacy benefits
	exceeding the quantity	manager)
	limit should be faxed to:	Medicaid Managed Care: 200 test
	mine should be laxed to.	strips and lancets per 30 days (must
	1-800-376-6373	be billed through the pharmacy
	(Commercial or	benefits manager)
	Medicaid)	Medicare: If insulin dependent:200
	1-800-401-0915	test strips and lancets every month or
	(Medicare)	600 test strips and lancets every 3
	(medicare)	months (must be billed through the
	Prior authorization is	pharmacy benefits manager)
	required for non-	Non-insulin dependent:200 test strips
	preferred test strips	and lancets every month or 300 test
	(commercial and	strips every 3 months (must be billed
	Medicaid members).	through pharmacy benefits manager)
A9276	Sensor; for use with	• 1 unit = 1 day supply.
	Continuous Glucose	90 day supply max per billing.
	Monitoring System	Medicaid Managed Care: 30 units per
		month.
		Covered under the member diabetic
		benefit and can be billed to MVP
		through the medical benefit. Refer to
		MVP Medical Policy for coverage
		information.
		Non-covered for MVP Medicare plans.
DMF Payment Policy		14

Code	Description	Rule
E0607	Blood Glucose Monitor	 MVP will not reimburse DME providers for Blood Glucose Monitoring machines. Blood Glucose Monitors must be obtained from an MVP participating pharmacy or through one of the preferred monitor free access program
	Sensor; for use with Continuous Glucose Monitoring System	 1 unit = 1 day supply. 90 day supply max per billing. Medicaid Managed Care: 30 units per month. Covered under the member diabetic benefit and can be billed to MVP through the medical benefit. Refer to MVP Medical Policy for coverage information. Non-covered for MVP Medicare plans.
A9277	Transmitter; for use with Continuous Glucose Monitoring System	 Only one (1) transmitter allowed at one time; no duplicates or back-up allowed. Replacement frequency based on manufacturers recommendations. Managed Medicaid Plans: 1 unit/frequency based on manufacturers recommendations. Covered under the member diabetic benefit and can be billed to MVP through the medical benefit. Refer to MVP Medical Policy for coverage information. Non-covered for MVP Medicare plans

A9278	Receiver (monitor) for use with Continuous Glucose Monitoring System	 Only one (1) Receiver allowed at one time; no duplicates or back-up allowed. Managed Medicaid Plans: 1 unit/once 3 years Covered under the member diabetic benefit and can be billed to MVP through the medical benefit. Refer to MVP Medical Policy for coverage information. Non-covered for MVP Medicare plans
K0553	Supply allowance for therapeutic continuous glucose monitor (CGM), includes all supplies and accessories	 1 month supply = 1 unit of service Covered benefit for Commercial, ASO products, Medicaid and Medicare plans.
K0554	Receiver (monitor) for use with therapeutic continuous glucose monitor system	 Only one (1) Receiver allowed at one time; no duplicates or back-up allowed. Covered benefit for Commercial, ASO Products, Medicaid and Medicare plans. Must meet FDA approval as Therapeutic CGMS. See MVP Medical Policy for details. Managed Medicaid Plans: 1 unit/once 3 years

Tracheostomy Care Supplies

Code	Description	Rule
A7520-A7522	Tracheostomy/	MVP does cover this code under the
	Laryngectomy Tube	member's DME benefit
L8501	Tracheostomy	MVP does cover this code under the
	Speaking Valve	member's DME benefit.
A4625 and A4629	Tracheostomy Care Kit	 MVP does cover this code if the member's contract covers disposable medical supplies.

A4623	Tracheostomy disposable inner cannula	MVP does cover this item if the member's contract covers disposable medical supplies.
A4626	Tracheostomy cleaning brush	MVP does cover this item if the member's contract covers disposable medical supplies.
A4649	Tracheostomy Foam Holder/ Tie	MVP does cover this item if the member's contract covers disposable medical supplies.
A4217	Sterile water/ saline for Irrigation 5 ml	MVP does cover this item if the member's contract covers disposable medical supplies.
A7525	Tracheostomy Mask	MVP does cover this item if the member's contract covers disposable medical supplies.
A4625	Tracheal Suction Catheter (not closed)	MVP does cover this item if the member's contract covers disposable medical supplies.
A7523	Tracheostomy Shower Protector	MVP does cover this item if the member's contract covers disposable medical supplies.
A7524	Tracheostomy Plug/ Button,	MVP does cover this item if the member's contract covers disposable medical supplies

Ostomy Supplies

Code	Description	Rule
	Ostomy codes	MVP does reimburse for these items
		under the member's DME benefits.
A4361-A4435		These items do not require the
A5051-A5093		disposable rider.
A5119-A5200		MVP follows the Medicare guidelines
		for quantity limits.
		May be provided from either MVP
		participating DME or pharmacy
		providers.

Ostomy over-limits note: If physician prescription is for more quantity than Medicare guidelines allow for ostomy supplies, this coverage is allowed as long as the physician prescription indicates the amount required per month. There is no prior authorization for when Medicare quantity limits are exceeded.

Medicare Ostomy LCD link -

www.medicarenhic.com/dme/medical_review/mr_lcds/mr_lcd_current/Ostomy Supplies L33828

Managed Medicaid Incontinence Supply Management Program:

Providers are required to follow the Department of Health's guidelines for the Medicaid Incontinence Supply Management Program. MVP reserves the right to recoup payment for products that do not meet the Departments minimum quality standards or if independent testing results are not maintained and provided upon request. https://www.emedny.org/



MVP Health Care Payment Policy

Type of Policy: Payment Elective Delivery (For Providers and Facilities)

Effective Date 12/1/2018

Related Policies: N/A

Policy

MVP will reduce payment for elective C-Section deliveries and induction of labor under 39 weeks gestation without a documented acceptable medical indication. MVP reimburses 100% for C-sections or inductions performed at less than 39 weeks gestation for medical necessity. MVP reimburses 25% for C-sections or inductions performed at less than 39 weeks gestation electively.

All obstetric deliveries will require the use of a modifier or condition code to identify the gestational age of the fetus as of the date of delivery. Failure to provide a modifier/condition code with the obstetric delivery procedure codes will result in the claim being denied.

Definitions

Notification / Prior Authorizations Requests

Please refer to the *Utilization Management Guides* and the *Benefit Interpretation Manual* by going to **mvphealthcare.com**, select *Providers*, then *Sign In* to your account to determine if a service requires an authorization.

Billing / Coding Guidelines

For Provider Claims:

<u>All obstetrical deliveries</u>, whether prior to, at, or after 39 weeks gestation, require the use of a modifier (U7, U8 or U9). Failure to include a U7, U8, or U9 modifier, as appropriate, on a claim will result in denial of the claim.

U7 – Delivery less than 39 weeks for medical necessity
 Full payment

- U8– Delivery less than 39 weeks electively
 Reduced payment
- U9 Delivery 39 weeks or greater **Full payment**

Table 2: Fee-for-Service Procedure Codes Requiring a Modifier:

CPT PROCEDURE CODE	DESCRIPTION
59400	Routine obstetric care including antepartum care, vaginal delivery (with or without episiotomy, and/or forceps) and postpartum care
59409	Vaginal delivery only (with or without episiotomy and/or forceps)
59410	Vaginal delivery (with or without episiotomy and/or forceps); including
59510	Routine obstetric care including antepartum care, cesarean delivery, and postpartum care
59514	Cesarean delivery only
59515	Cesarean delivery; including postpartum care
59610	Routine obstetric care including antepartum care, vaginal delivery (with or without episiotomy and/or forceps) and postpartum care, after previous
59612	Vaginal delivery, after previous cesarean delivery (with or without episiotomy and/or forceps)
59614	Vaginal delivery, after previous cesarean delivery (with or without episiotomy and/or
59618	Routine obstetric care including antepartum care, cesarean delivery, and postpartum care, following attempted vaginal delivery after previous
59620	Cesarean delivery only, following attempted vaginal delivery after previous cesarean delivery
59622	Cesarean delivery, following attempted vaginal delivery after previous cesarean delivery;

For Facility Claims

All C-Sections and inductions of labor, whether prior to, at, or after 39 weeks gestation, require the use of a condition code (81, 82 or 83). For all spontaneous labor under 39 weeks gestation resulting in a C-Section delivery, please report condition code 81.

• Condition code 81 - C-sections or inductions performed at less than 39 weeks gestation for medical necessity.

Full payment

• Condition code 82 - C-sections or inductions performed at less than 39 weeks gestation electively.

Reduced payment

Condition code 83 - C-sections or inductions performed at 39 weeks gestation or greater.
 Full payment

Please Note:

For those facilities submitting a Graduate Medical Education (GME) claim to fee- for-service Medicaid, please follow the billing instructions stated under fee-for- service inpatient facility billing guidelines.

Table 1: Fee-For-Service ICD-10 Procedure Codes Requiring a Condition Code
When a C-Section or Induction of Labor Occurs

*Please Note: Augmentation of labor does not require a condition code.

	ı
) PROCEDURE CODE	DESCRIPTION
10900ZC	Drainage of amniotic fluid, therapeutic from products of conception, open approach Drainage of amniotic fluid, therapeutic from products of
10903ZC	conception, percutaneous approach
10904ZC	Drainage of amniotic fluid, therapeutic from products of conception, endoscopic approach
10907ZC	Drainage of amniotic fluid, therapeutic, from products of conception, via natural or artificial opening
10908ZC	Drainage of amniotic fluid, therapeutic from products of conception, via natural or artificial opening endoscopic
0U7C7ZZ	Dilation of cervix, via natural or artificial opening
3E030VJ	Introduction of other hormone into peripheral vein, open approach
3E033VJ	Introduction of other hormone into peripheral vein, percutaneous approach
3E0P7VZ	Introduction of hormone into female reproductive, via natural or artificial opening
3E0P7GC	Introduction of other therapeutic substance into female reproductive, via natural or artificial opening
10D00Z0	Extraction of products of conception, classical open approach
10D00Z1	Extraction of products of conception, low cervical, open approach
10D00Z2	Extraction of products of conception, extraperitoneal, open approach

Practitioners and facilities are responsible for ensuring that the codes (and modifiers when applicable) submitted for reimbursement accurately reflect the diagnosis and procedure(s) that were reported.

References

https://www.health.ny.gov/health_care/medicaid/program/update/2015/2015-04.htm.

https://www.health.ny.gov/health_care/medicaid/program/update/2016/2016-05.htm

https://www.health.ny.gov/health_care/medicaid/program/update/2017/2017-06.htm#delivery

https://www.emedny.org/ProviderManuals/communications/OBSTETRICAL_DELIVERIES_PRIOR_TO_39_WEEK S_GESTATION.pdf

https://www.emedny.org/ProviderManuals/Physician/PDFS/ICD-10_Medicaid_Update_2.pdf.

American College of Obstetrics & Gynecology- Committee Opinion: Non-Medical Indicated Early-Term Deliveries. VOL. 121, NO. 4, APRIL 2013



MVP Health Care Payment Policy

Emergency Department - Physician

Type of Policy: Payment

Effective Date: 06/01/2017

Related Policies: N/A

Policy

All Emergency Department Services (ED) must be coded to the appropriate level of service which supports the extent of review required to adequately evaluate and treat patient problem(s) upon presentation to the ED. Physicians should follow the CPT code book to determine complexity requirements for services provided in the Emergency Room. The following billing guidelines are used as guide for physicians seeing MVP members in the emergency room. These guidelines do not apply to the ER facility charges or to physicians who are employed by the emergency room. MVP requires all professional charges be submitted on a CMS1500 claims form.

Definitions

Emergency Care is defined as:

In **New York**, a medical emergency is defined as a medical or behavioral condition, when onset of which is sudden, that manifests itself by symptoms of sufficient severity, including severe pain that a prudent layperson, possessing an average knowledge of medicine and health, could reasonably expect the absence of immediate medical attention to result in:

- A. Placing the health of the afflicted person in serious jeopardy, or in the case of a behavioral condition, placing the health of the person or others in serious jeopardy;
- B. Serious impairment to the person's bodily functions;
- C. Serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or part of the person; or
- D. Serious disfigurement of the person.

In **<u>Vermont</u>**, emergency care is defined as medically necessary covered services to evaluate and treat an emergency medical condition. Further;

A. An "emergency medical condition" means the sudden and, at the time, unexpected onset of an illness or medical condition that manifests itself by symptoms of sufficient severity, including severe pain, that the absence of

immediate medical attention could reasonably be expected by the prudent layperson, who possesses an average knowledge of health and medicine, to result in:

- 1. Placing the member's physical or mental health in serious jeopardy; or
- 2. Serious impairment to bodily functions; or
- 3. Serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or part.

Notification / Prior Authorizations Requests

MVP does not require referrals for members accessing emergency room services.

Billing / Coding Guidelines:

Evaluation and Management

Code	Description	Rule
99281	Evaluation and Management within the Emergency Room.	• Emergency department visit for the evaluation and management of a patient, which requires these 3 key components: A problem focused history; a problem focused examination; and straightforward medical decision making. Counseling and/or coordination of care with other providers or agencies are provided consistent with the nature of the problem(s) and the patient's and/or family's needs. Usually, the presenting problem(s) are self limited or minor.
99282	Evaluation and Management within the Emergency Room	• Emergency department visit for the evaluation and management of a patient, which requires these 3 key components: An expanded problem focused history; an expanded problem focused examination; and medical decision making of low complexity. Counseling and/or coordination of care with other providers or agencies are provided consistent with the nature of the problem(s) and the patient's and/or

		family's needs. Usually, the presenting problem(s) are of low to moderate severity
99283	Evaluation and Management within the Emergency Room	• Emergency department visit for the evaluation and management of a patient, which requires these 3 key components: An expanded problem focused history; an expanded problem focused examination; and medical decision making of moderate complexity. Counseling and/or coordination of care with other providers or agencies are provided consistent with the nature of the problem(s) and the patient's and/or family's needs. Usually, the presenting problem(s) are of moderate severity.
99284	Evaluation and Management within the Emergency Room	Emergency department visit for the evaluation and management of a patient, which requires these 3 key components: A detailed history; a detailed examination; and medical decision making of moderate complexity. Counseling and/or coordination of care with other providers or agencies are provided consistent with the nature of the problem(s) and the patient's and/or family's needs. Usually, the presenting problem(s) are of high severity, and require urgent evaluation by the physician but do not pose an immediate significant threat to life or physiologic function.
99285	Evaluation and Management within the Emergency Room	Emergency department visit for the evaluation and management of a patient, which requires these 3 key components within the constraints imposed by the urgency of the patient's clinical condition and/or mental status: A comprehensive history; a comprehensive examination; and medical decision

making of high complexity.
Counseling and/or coordination of
care with other providers or agencies
are provided consistent with the
nature of the problem(s) and the
patient's and/or family's needs.
Usually, the presenting problem(s)
are of high severity and pose an
immediate significant threat to life or
physiologic function

Documentation of 99285 ED Services

- All patient presenting problems must medically necessitate the extent of the history, exam and/or discussion noted.
- The overall medical decision making will be the overarching criterion in determining if a visit is coded appropriately.
- The volume of documentation alone will **not** be the sole determinant of whether or not a level of service is warranted.
- Note: In the event of an <u>urgent visit</u> whereby you are unable to secure the required elements of documentation to support a complete, comprehensive HPI and Exam as required by the CMS 1995/1997 documentation guidelines MVP recommends that a statement be provided as follows: "...Due to ______I was unable to secure a comprehensive HPI and/or perform a comprehensive examination today." <u>Possible conditions could be but not limited to:</u> dementia, pt is unconscious; pt is poor historian. Language barriers are NOT considered a reason for not meeting documentation requirements

E&M and Critical Care CPT Codes:

When critical care and ED services are provided on the same date, if there is no break in services and a patients condition changes, bill the critical care service. If the documentation shows a break in services and a change in the patient's condition, both the initial hospital visit and the critical care services may be billed.¹

When billing an E&M visit and Critical Care service on the same claim please review MVP's Modifier Payment Policies regarding rules around Modifier 25.

Observation Codes

 Patients who stay longer then 6 hours in the ED for observation and/or monitoring will be considered observation patients and should be billed using the observation CPT codes NOT the ED CPT codes.

Code	Description	Rule
99217	Observation care discharge day management	This code is to be utilized by the physician to report all services provided to a patient on discharge from "observation status" if the discharge is on other than the initial date of "observation status." To report services to a patient designated as "observation status" or "inpatient status" and discharged on the same date, use the codes for Observation or Inpatient Care Services [including Admission and Discharge Services, 99234-99236 as appropriate.]
99218	Initial observation care per day for the evaluation and management of a patient	This code requires these 3 key components: A detailed or comprehensive history; a detailed or comprehensive examination; and medical decision making that is straightforward or of low complexity. Counseling and/or coordination of care with other providers or agencies are provided consistent with the nature of the problem(s) and the patient's and/or family's needs. Usually, the problem(s) requiring admission to "observation status" are of low severity.
Code	Description	Rule
99219	Initial observation care, per day, for the evaluation and management of a patient,	• This code requires these 3 key components: A comprehensive history; a comprehensive examination; and medical decision making of moderate complexity. Counseling and/or coordination of care with other providers or agencies are provided consistent with the nature of the problem(s) and the patient's and/or family's needs. Usually, the problem(s) requiring

		admission to "observation status" are of moderate severity.
99220	Initial observation care, per day, for the evaluation and management of a patient	This code requires these 3 key components: A comprehensive history; a comprehensive examination; and medical decision making of high complexity. Counseling and/or coordination of care with other providers or agencies are provided consistent with the nature of the problem(s) and the patient's and/or family's needs. Usually, the problem(s) requiring admission to "observation status" are of high severity.
99234	Observation or inpatient hospital care, for the evaluation and management of a patient including admission and discharge on the same date	This code requires these 3 key components: A detailed or comprehensive history; a detailed or comprehensive examination; and medical decision making that is straightforward or of low complexity. Counseling and/or coordination of care with other providers or agencies are provided consistent with the nature of the problem(s) and the patient's and/or family's needs. Usually the presenting problem(s) requiring admission are of low severity.
Code	Description	Rule
99235	Observation or inpatient hospital care, for the evaluation and management of a patient including admission and discharge on the same date.	This code requires these 3 key components: A comprehensive history; a comprehensive examination; and medical decision making of moderate complexity. Counseling and/or coordination of care with other providers or agencies are provided consistent with the nature of the problem(s) and the patient's and/or family's needs.

		Usually the presenting problem(s) requiring admission are of moderate severity.
99236	Observation or inpatient hospital care, for the evaluation and management of a patient including admission and discharge on the same date.	This code requires these 3 key components: A comprehensive history; a comprehensive examination; and medical decision making of high complexity. Counseling and/or coordination of care with other providers or agencies are provided consistent with the nature of the problem(s) and the patient's and/or family's needs. Usually the presenting problem(s) requiring admission are of high severity.

Infusion/Injection Services

Code	Description	Rule
96360	Hydration Injections	MVP does not reimburse for
		these services when administered
		in the emergency room.
		This code will deny as global to
		the emergency room E&M code.
96365-96379	Therapeutic, Prophylactic,	MVP does not reimburse for
	and Diagnostic	these services when administered
	Injections/Infusions.	in the emergency room.
		This code will deny as global to
		the emergency room E&M code.

EKG's

Code	Description	Rule
93000	Electrocardiogram, routine ECG with at least 12 leads; with interpretation and report	Emergency Room physicians will not be reimbursed for EKG interpretation.
93005	Electrocardiogram, routine	• Emergency Room physicians will

	ECG with at least 12 leads; tracing only, without interpretation and report	not be reimbursed for EKG interpretation.
93010	Electrocardiogram, routine ECG with at least 12 leads; interpretation and report only	Emergency Room physicians will not be reimbursed for EKG interpretation.
93040	Rhythm ECG, 1-3 leads; with interpretation and report	Emergency Room physicians will not be reimbursed for EKG interpretation.
93041	Rhythm ECG, 1-3 leads; tracing only without interpretation and report	Emergency Room physicians will not be reimbursed for EKG interpretation.
93042	Rhythm ECG, 1-3 leads; interpretation and report only	Emergency Room physicians will not be reimbursed for EKG interpretation.

¹ CMS IOM Publication 100-04, Chapter 12, Section 30.6.12.H.



MVP Health Care Payment Policy

Endoscopy (Reimbursement for Multiple Endoscopic Procedures)

Type of Policy: Payment Last Reviewed Date: 6/13/18

Related Policies: N/A

Policy

When multiple endoscopy procedures within the same code family are performed on the same date of service, the endoscopy with the highest RVU will be reimbursed according to the provider fee schedule. The reimbursement of additional endoscopy will be reduced by the reimbursement for the base endoscopy procedure within the code family. This reimbursement rule follows Medicare methodology and applies to all product lines. This reimbursement rule does not apply to procedures in different endoscopy code families; however, other reimbursement rules such as multiple procedure reimbursement reduction may apply.

Notification / Prior Authorizations Requests

Please refer to the Utilization Management Guides and the Benefit Interpretation Manual by visiting **mvphealthcare.com**, select *Providers* then *Sign In* to your account.

Billing / Coding Guidelines

The endoscopy code families are defined in Medicare's RBRVS fee schedule. This reimbursement rule applies to gastroenterology code families including:

Biliary endoscopy
Anoscopy
Colonoscopy
Sigmoidoscopy
Small Bowel Endoscopy ERCP
Esophagogastroduoenoscopy
Esophagoscopy



MVP Health Care Payment Policy

Evaluation and Management

Type of Policy: Payment
Last Reviewed Date: 06/01/2018

Related Policies: N/A

Policy

MVP will reimburse for "medically necessary" Evaluation / Management (E&M) services. MVP recognizes AMA's definition of CPT codes and follows the CMS 1995/1997 documentation guidelines for E&M services. Medical records may be periodically requested to ensure appropriate documentation and accuracy of services billed. Eligibility and benefit specifics should be verified prior to initiating services.

Definitions

Medical Necessity

AMA's Definition - "Health care services or procedures that a prudent physician would provide to a patient for the purpose of preventing, diagnosing or treating an illness, injury, disease or its symptoms in a manner that is (s) in accordance with generally accepted standards of medical practice; (b) clinically appropriate in terms of type, frequency, extent, site and duration; and (c) not primarily for the economic benefit of the health plans and purchases for the convenience of the patient, treating physician or other health care provider."

CMS/Medicare Definition - "Medical necessity is the overarching criterion for payment in addition to the individual documentation requirements of a CPT code. It would not be medically necessary or appropriate to bill a higher level of evaluation and management service when a lower level of service is warranted. The volume of documentation **should not** be the primary influence upon which a specific level of service is billed. Documentation should support the level of service being reported."

MVP's Definition - "Medical Necessity" means Covered Services that are necessary to prevent, diagnose, correct, or cure a condition in the person that cause acute suffering, endanger life, result in illness or infirmity, interfered with such person's capacity for normal activity, or threaten some significant handicap.

The reason for the visit (chief complaint) MUST necessitate the need to perform and document the extent of HPI, Exam and Medical Decision Making involved in order to appropriately manage the patient's care today.

New patient definition - MVP follows the American Medical Association's definition of a new patient as one who has not received any professional services from the same provider, or another provider of the same specialty who belongs to the same group practice (same tax ID), within the past three years.

Significant E&M Service - A significant service at minimum warrants the need for an expanded problem focused examination.

• E&M services which provide reassurance, monitoring, continue meds, refills and/or are problem-focused (minor rash, bug bite) will not be considered significant.

Notification / Prior Authorizations Requests

Please refer to the Utilization Management Guides and the Benefit Interpretation Manual by visiting **mvphealthcare.com**, select *Providers* then *Sign In* to your account.

Please Note: This policy only applies to claims submitted for members with an ID beginning with 8.

E&M codes and Preventive Services/Medicine: If the claim indicates the primary reason for the visit was for preventive services then the claim will be reimbursed in accordance with state and federal regulations. There should be no copays/coinsurance/cost share taken at the time of the service unless the specific product is excluded from Federal Health Care Reform. For the full policy regarding billing and reimbursement of preventive services please refer to MVP Health Care Payment Policy identified as Preventive Health Care Policy.

Billing / Coding Guidelines

Multiple E&M Services on the Same Day

• MVP allows one E&M CPT code per day of service per physician group, per specialty.

Code	Description	Rule
99381-99387	Preventative Medicine	MVP will reimburse for a
	Evaluation and Management	preventive medicine visit; however
	of an individual.	will not reimburse for an office
		visit procedure including the
		following codes when performed
		on the same day as the preventive
		visits: 99201-99215, 92015, 92081,
		92551, 92552, 92553, 92555,
		92556, 92557, 92567, 99172,
		99173, 95930, and 99174.

		See member benefits to determine if these codes are reimbursable.
99391-99397	Preventative Medicine Evaluation and Management of an individual.	 MVP does not reimburse when billed on the same day as an office visit procedure including the following codes: 99201-99215, 92015, 92081, 92551, 92552, 92553, 92555, 92556, 92557, 92567, 99172, 99173, 95930, , and 99174. See member benefits to determine if these codes are reimbursable.

Routine Screening Services billed with E&M

Code	Description	Rule
G0102	Manual rectal neoplasm screening	 MVP will not reimburse separately for this procedure on the same day as an E&M Office/Clinic/Outpatient Service – 99201-99215. MVP will reimburse for this procedure when it is the sole service provided.
36415	collection of venous blood by venipuncture	 MVP will not reimburse separately for this procedure on the same day as an E&M Office/Clinic/Outpatient Service – 99201-99215 when the lab is performed in the office. MVP will reimburse separately for this procedure when the Lab work is sent to an external lab and billed with a modifier CG. MVP will reimburse for this procedure when it is the sole service provided.
36416	Collection of capillary blood specimen i.e., finger, heel, ear stick	 MVP will not reimburse separately for this procedure on the same day as an E&M Office/Clinic/Outpatient Service – 99201-99215. MVP will reimburse for this procedure when it is the sole service provided and modifier CG

		is submitted.
99000 & 99001	Lab specimen handling services	 MVP will not reimburse separately for this procedure on the same day as an E&M Office/Clinic/Outpatient Service – 99201-99215. MVP will reimburse for this procedure when it is the sole service provided.
Q0091	Collection of pap smear specimen	 MVP will not reimburse separately for this procedure on the same day as an E&M Office/Clinic/Outpatient Service – 99201-99215. MVP will reimburse for this procedure when it is the sole service provided.
92567	Tympanometry (impedance testing)	 MVP will not reimburse separately for this procedure on the same day as an E&M Office/Clinic/Outpatient Service – 99201-99215. MVP will reimburse for this procedure when it is the sole service provided.
94760 & 94761	Pulse Oximetry Testing	MVP will not Reimburse separately for this procedure on the same day as an E&M Office/Clinic/Outpatient Service

Smoking Cessation billed with E&M

Code	Description	Rule
99406, 99407, G0376,	Smoking Cessation	 MVP will not_reimburse for these
G0375, S9453, S9075.	Counseling	procedure codes.
		• Exception: Please check the
		member benefits to determine if
		this is a covered benefit.

E&M billed during a Global Period

- MVP will **not** separately reimburse for any E&M service when reported with major surgical procedure
 within a global period unless there is a "significant" problem which arises which is not considered a
 normal complication of recovery or an "unrelated" problem not associated with the procedure
 performed.
- MVP will **not**_separately reimburse for an E&M services billed with minor procedures that have a 10-day post-op period. Note: Services billed on day 11 that appear related to be related to the procedure performed can be subject to internal review.

•

Code	Description	Rule
98969	E-visit using internet or similar electronic communication network	 MVP will not reimburse for this service.
99441-99443	Telephone and Management Services provide by a physician	 MVP will not reimburse for this service.
Q3014	Telehealth originating site facility fee	 The Originating Provider should bill this code when performing telehealth services.
Modifier GT	Via interactive audio and video telecommunication systems.	 The Distant Site provider should bill this modifier when performing TeleHealth Services along with the applicable office visit code. This should be used when real time TeleHealth Services are performed. .
Modifier GQ	Via asynchronous telecommunications systems	The Distant Site provider should bill this modifier when performing TeleHealth Services along with the applicable office visit code. This should be used when store and forward TeleHealth Services are performed. •

Diabetes Education

Code	Description	Rule
98960-98962	Education and training for self-management of Diabetes.	 MVP will reimburse for these services when the service is billed alone. MVP will not reimburse for these codes when billed with an E&M office visit code (example: 99211-99215). The services will deny as

	bundled to the office visit.
	bundled to the office visit.

Osteopathic Manipulation

Code	Description	Rule
98925, 98926, 98927,	Osteopathic Manipulation	MVP will not reimburse for these
98928, 98929		services.
		• Exception: Refer to your
		contractual agreement to
		determine if there is an exception
		for these services.

Immunization Administration

Code	Description	Rule
90460, 90461, 90471, 90472, 90473, 90474, G0008, G0009, G0010	Immunization administration services	MVP will only reimburse for immunization administration services when billed with aZ23
		diagnosis code.

Modifier 25

Code	Description	Rule
95115, 95117, 95120,	Allergy Injections	MVP will only reimburse for allergy
95125, 95130-95134,		injections in conjunction with an E&M
95144-95149, 95165,		visit, Inpatient visit, or Emergency
95170		Room visit when billed with a
		modifier 25. Refer to CPT code
		guidelines for billing with Modifier
		25.
96900, 96902,96904,	PUVA, UBA, UVA treatments	MVP will only reimburse for
96910, 96912, 96913,		dermatological procedures in
96920-96922		conjunction with an E&M visit,
		Inpatient visit, or Emergency Room
		visit when billed with Modifier 25.
99201 – 99499	E&M visits	Refer to the MVP Modifier Payment
		Policy regarding payment of two
		E&M visits on the same day with a
		modifier 25.

Prenatal E&M Visit this should be reviewed by Operations as this this an MVP policy not coding guidelines

Code	Description	Rule
99201-99215	1 St Prenatal E&M visit	
		The 1st prenatal visit is global to the
		total OB Delivery charges with the
		entire global OB allowable amount
		reimbursed on the Global delivery
		claim.
Code	Description	Rule
59425 for visits 4-6 or	Antepartum Care	Antepartum Care billed without
59426 for 7+ visits		indicating the number of prenatal
		visits will not be reimbursed.
59400, 59410, 59510,	Obstetric care and	The 1st prenatal visit is global to the
59515, 59610, 59614,	antepartum care.	total OB Delivery charges with the
59618, 59620, 59812,		entire global OB allowable amount
59820, 59821, 59830,		reimbursed on the Global delivery
59840, 59841, 59850,		claim.
59851, 59852, 59855,		
59856, 59857		

Inpatient Visit

Code	Description	Rule
99201 - 99499	Evaluation and Management	When two Inpatient Physician E&M
	Codes	codes are billed on the same date of service, for the same/related condition, and by the same provider,
		the second E&M code will be denied.

After Hours Visits

Code	Description	Rule
99050 – 99060	E&M After Hour Procedures	After hour visits will be denied if
		billed by Emergency Physicians
		and/or when POS is 20 - Urgent Care
		facility. Please refer to your
		contractual agreement to determine
		if this rule applies
99050	After Hours Code	MVP will reimburse for this code
		without review unless submitted with
		preventative visit codes 99381-99397.
		Please refer to your contractual
		agreement to determine if this rule
		applies

Urgent Care Visits

Code	Description	Rule
99201 - 99499	Evaluation and Management	MVP will not reimburse for these
	Codes billed as urgent care.	codes when an Urgent Care visit is
		billed with Well Child Care, Routine
		Diagnoses, or Routine Services such
		as Immunizations.

Consultation Visits

Code	Description	Rule
99241-99245;	Office/Outpatient Consultation Procedures	MVP follows CMS Guidelines regarding the use of consultations and does not reimburse for these codes.
99251-99255	Inpatient Consultation Procedures.	MVP follows CMS Guidelines regarding the use of consultations and does <u>not</u> reimburse for these codes.
99218-99220; 99234- 99235, 99236 and discharge code 99217	Hospital Observation Codes	 Only the provider who "orders" the observation services can bill observation codes Bill with the appropriate observation codes which are based on components for observation. The codes must meet the component requirements set forth by the CPT code guidelines.
99221-99223	Initial Hospital Visit	 An Initial Consultation in the hospital should be billed as an initial hospital visit. An AI modifier should be affixed to this code if the physician is the "principle physician of record" (i.e. admitting/attending) and is not performing a consultation MVP will allow one (1) visit per provider related to the same condition or diagnosis per day. The "volume of documentation" should not be the primary influence upon which a specific level of service is billed. Documentation

should support the level of service
reported.
The duration of a visit is an ancillary
factor and does not "control" the
level of the service to be billed
unless more than 50% of the
allowable time by setting occurs and
this needs to be documented.
These are timed and component
based codes. They must meet the
components and time requirements
set forth by the CPT code guidelines

Code	Description	Rule
99281-99288	Evaluation and Management within the Emergency Room.	 MVP does not reimburse for consultations. Please use the following codes to indicate that this is an evaluation and management service in place of a consultation in the Emergency room. MVP will reimburse for these codes if the ER attending provides services and sends the patient home. MVP will reimburse for these codes If a provider goes to the ER (must be present – no phone) to render a consultation service to determine if a patient should be admitted.
99221-99223	Evaluation and Management within the Emergency Room. In the Emergency Room with an inpatient admission.	 MVP will reimburse for these codes if a provider goes to the ER (must be present – no phone) to render a service and admits the patient. Modifier AI must be affixed to the claim. (I.e. when you are the attending/admitting provider). MVP will reimburse for these codes if the ER attending admits the patient. Modifier AI must be affixed to the claim (i.e. when you are the attending/admitting provider).
99211-99215	Office or other outpatient	MVP will reimburse for these

visit for the evaluation and management of an	codes as set forth by the CPT Code guidelines.
established patient	 MVP will reimburse these codes for established patients who do not meet the CPT Code guidelines for a "New" patient. Consultations are not reimbursed by MVP. Providers should use these codes when providing a consultation and documenting as such.

Code	Description	Rule
99211	Office or other outpatient visit for the evaluation and management of an established patient that may not require the presence of a physician. Usually, the presenting problem(s) are minimal.	 MVP will reimburse as follows: When the patient visit is part of an established physician plan of care requiring medically necessary follow-up. RNs or qualified ancillary staff cannot code higher than a 99211 for E&M services. RNs or qualified ancillary staff cannot bill new problems or new patient visit code 99201. A provider and a RN or qualified ancillary staff cannot both bill for an E&M office visit within the same day.
99304, 99305, 99306	Initial Skilled Nursing Facility Visit.	 MVP will reimburse for these codes as set forth by the CPT Code guidelines. Consultations are not reimbursed by MVP. Providers should use these codes when providing a consultation and documenting as such. If performing the initial evaluation Modifier "AI" must be affixed to the claim which will identify you as the "Principal Physician of Record" (e.g. admitting/attending SNF provider) vs. a provider rendering "specialty care".
99307-99310	Follow-up Skilled Nursing Facility Visit.	MVP will reimburse for these codes as set forth by the CPT Code guidelines.

 Consultations are not reimbursed
by MVP. Providers should use
these codes when providing a
consultation and documenting as
such.

Discharge Services

Code	Description	Rule
99238	Inpatient Standard Discharge instructions typically 0-30 min.	 These are timed and component based codes. They must meet the components and time requirements set forth by the CPT code guidelines. For discharge services, please follow the state mandate on required documentation prior to discharging a patient.

Code	Description	Rule
99239	Inpatient discharge planning exceeds 30 minutes and is generally considered not a typical discharge.	 These are timed and component based codes. They must meet the components and time requirements set forth by the CPT code guidelines. For discharge services, please follow the state mandate on required documentation prior to discharging a patient. Provider must note "time" in the note that was spent above/beyond 30 min and provide explanation as to why the discharge was not typical.
99217	Observation Discharge of a patient.	 These are timed and component based codes. They must meet the components and time requirements set forth by the CPT code guidelines. For discharge services, please follow the state mandate on required documentation prior to discharging a patient.
99234-99236	Observation or Inpatient	These are timed and component

Hospital Care where an	based codes. They must meet the
Admission and Discharge are	components and time
done on the same day	requirements set forth by the CPT
	code guidelines.
	Don't allow a discharge code and
	a regular E&M subsequent
	inpatient code or observation
	code on the same day.
	 For discharge services, please
	follow the state mandate on
	required documentation prior to
	discharging a patient.

Critical Care Services

Critically Ill is defined as:

A critical illness or injury that **acutely impairs** one or more **vital** organ systems indicating a **high probability** of **"imminent**" or "**life threatening"** deterioration" in the patient's condition". Examples of vital organ system failure include, but are not limited to: central nervous system failure, circulatory failure, shock, renal, hepatic, metabolic and/or respiratory failure.

- "The time spent engaged in work directly related to the individual patient's care whether that time was spent at the immediate bedside or elsewhere on the floor or unit.";
- Time spent does not need to be continuous;
- The key is for the provider to be "**immediately**" available to the patient;
- Time billed is "per calendar day";
- Time **must be documented** in the medical record;
- Billable time can be time spent at the bedside, reviewing test results, discussing the case w/staff, family (if patient is unable or clinically incompetent to participate);
- Time spent **performing procedures** below during critical care do <u>"not"</u> count towards critical care time;
 - o If an additional specialist assists with services while providing critical care (i.e. Vascular Surgeon performs a vascular access procedure) the specialist will be paid for their services.
 - o In this situation a critical care physician should not count the time performing this procedure as part of the services they have provided.

Family Discussion cannot be billed as part of critically ill services. **Examples of family discussions which do not count towards critical care time include:**

- Regular or periodic updates of the patient's condition;
- Emotional support for the family;
- Answering questions regarding the patient's condition to provide reassurance;
- Telephone calls to family members and surrogate decision makers must meet the same conditions as face-to-face meetings;

- Time involved in activities that do not directly contribute to the treatment of the patient, and therefore may not be counted towards critical care time, include teaching sessions with residents whether conducted on rounds or in other venues;
- Non Critically III or Injured Patients in a Critical Care Unit;
- Patients admitted to a critical care unit because **no other hospital beds** were available.

Code	Description	Rule
93561 & 93562	Interpretation of cardiac output measurements	Time spent performing this procedure does NOT count toward critical care time and cannot be billed separately by physician providing the critical care services.
94760, 94761, 94762	Pulse Oximetry	Time spent performing this procedure does NOT count toward critical care time and cannot be billed separately by a physician providing the critical care services.
, 71045 and 71046	Chest x-rays, professional component	Time spent performing this procedure does NOT count toward critical care time and cannot be billed separately by a physician providing the critical care services.
99090	Blood gases, and information data stored in computers (e.g., ECGs, blood pressures, hematologic data)	Time spent performing this procedure does NOT count toward critical care time and cannot be billed separately by a physician providing the critical care services.
43752 & 43753	Gastric intubation	Time spent performing this procedure does NOT count toward critical care time and cannot be billed separately by a physician providing the critical care services.

Code	Description	Rule
92953	Transcutaneous pacing	Time spent performing this procedure does NOT count toward critical care time and cannot be billed separately by physician providing the critical care services.
94002-94004, 94660, 94662	Ventilator management	Time spent performing this procedure does NOT count toward critical care time and cannot be billed separately by a physician providing the critical care services.
36000, 36410, 36415,	Vascular access procedures	Time spent performing this

36591		procedure does NOT count toward critical care time and cannot be billed separately by a physician providing the critical care services.
92950	CPR	MVP will reimburse for this procedure separately from critical care services.
31500	Endotracheal intubation	MVP will reimburse for this procedure separately from critical care services.
36555, 36556	Central line placement	MVP will reimburse for this procedure separately from critical care services.
36680	Intraosseous placement	MVP will reimburse for this procedure separately from critical care services.
32551	Tube thoracostomy	MVP will reimburse for this procedure separately from critical care services.
33210	Temporary transvenous pacemaker	MVP will reimburse for this procedure separately from critical care services.
93010	Electrocardiogram - routine ECG with at least 12 leads; interpretation and report only	MVP will reimburse for this procedure separately from critical care services.
99291 & 99292	Critical Care, Evaluation & Management of the critically ill or critically injured patient:	 MVP will not reimburse for this code if the time spent with the patient is less than 30 minutes. 30-74 minutes code 99291 once 75 – 104 minutes code 99291 once and 99292 x 1 105-134 minutes code 99291 once and 99292 x 2 135-164 minutes code 99291 once and 99292 x 3 165-194 minutes code 99291 once and 99292 x 4 These codes should be used when transporting a critically ill patient.

		procedure separately from critical care services.
31500	Endotracheal intubation	MVP will reimburse for this procedure separately from critical care services.
36555, 36556	Central line placement	MVP will reimburse for this procedure separately from critical care services.
36680	Intraosseous placement	MVP will reimburse for this procedure separately from critical care services.
32551	Tube thoracostomy	MVP will reimburse for this procedure separately from critical care services.
33210	Temporary transvenous pacemaker	MVP will reimburse for this procedure separately from critical care services.
93010	Electrocardiogram - routine ECG with at least 12 leads; interpretation and report only	MVP will reimburse for this procedure separately from critical care services.
99291 & 99292	Critical Care, Evaluation & Management of the critically ill or critically injured patient:	 MVP will not reimburse for this code if the time spent with the patient is less than 30 minutes. 30-74 minutes code 99291 once 75 – 104 minutes code 99291 once and 99292 x 1 105-134 minutes code 99291 once and 99292 x 2 135-164 minutes code 99291 once and 99292 x 3 165-194 minutes code 99291 once and 99292 x 4 These codes should be used when transporting a critically ill patient.



MVP Health Care Payment Policy

Eye Wear Coverage

(MVP Health Care Medicaid Managed Care, Child Health Plus, HARP, and New York State Essential Plans 3 & 4 Only)

Type of Policy: Payment
Last Reviewed Date: 3/1/2019
Related Polices: N/A

Policy

MVP provides coverage for lenses, frames, and contact lenses for members when it is deemed medically necessary and have the eye wear benefit. Participating opticians/dispensers have a selection of quality eyewear that includes a variety of product lines that can be offered to the member that represents the frames and lenses available for this benefit. A prescription from an optometrist or ophthalmologist is required. Provider must check the member's specific benefits as it relates to eyewear before dispensing any pairs of lenses, frames, or contact lenses.

Benefits

Eye wear coverage will be reimbursed based on the members' benefits. Member benefits vary based on the type of product and may change from year to year. All member benefits can be found online at **mvphealthcare.com**. Providers will need to obtain a secure username and password to log in and utilize the MVP provider portal. Once providers have logged into the secure MVP provider portal, they may access the benefit detail under the member eligibility section.

Referral / Notification/ Prior Authorizations Requests

Please refer to the Utilization Management Guides and the Benefit Interpretation Manual (BIM) by visiting **mvphealthcare.com** and *Sign In* to your account, and then select *Resources* then select *BIM* to determine if a service requires an authorization.

Eye Wear Payment Policy 1

Billing/Coding Guidelines:

Eyeglasses do not require changing more frequently than once every twenty four (24) months for individuals over the age of 19 and every twelve (12) months for individuals age 19 and under unless medically indicated, such as a change in correction greater than ½ diopter, or unless the glasses are lost, damaged, or destroyed. The replacement of a complete pair must duplicate the original prescription of the lenses and frames. Coverage also includes the repair or replacement of parts in situations where the damage is the result of causes other than defective workmanship. Replacement parts must duplicate the original prescription and frames. Repairs to, and replacements of, frames and/or lenses must be rendered as needed.

When using the eye wear benefit, members who choose the approved frames and lenses cannot be billed for the difference between what the program allows and the market cost of either the frames or the lenses. For example, if a member chooses to purchase a more expensive frame or lenses (i.e. no line bifocal, photogray lenses) than the approved frames then the member has to agree at the time the glasses are being ordered that she/he will pay the entire cost of the more expensive frame. In this scenario, the member's Medicaid, CHP, HARP, or Essential Plan benefit cannot be used.

Providers should refer to their contractual agreement with MVP and the member's benefits to determine the reimbursement for the approved "Standard" frames and lenses for the member's product.

References

- 1) eMedNY: Vision Care Policy Guidelines https://www.emedny.org/ProviderManuals/VisionCare/PDFS/VisionCare Policy Guidelines.pdf
- 2) Medicaid Model Contract https://www.health.ny.gov/health-care/managed-care/docs/medicaid-managed-care-fhp-hiv-snp_model_contract.pdf

Eye Wear Payment Policy 2



MVP Health Care Payment Policy Home Infusion Policy

Type of Policy: Payment **Last Reviewed Date:** 3/1/19

Related Policies: MVP Enteral Therapy; NDC Payment Policy; Benefit Interpretation Manual

Policy

A vendor of infusion therapy must be a licensed pharmacy in good standing with appropriate accrediting bodies.

Definitions

Infusion Therapy

- Infusion therapy is the continuous, controlled, administration of a drug, nutrient, antibiotic or other fluid into a vein or other tissue on a continuous or intermittent basis, depending on the condition being treated and type of therapy.
- Infusion therapy may be performed in the home setting for medication infused or injected through a catheter and may include care and maintenance of the catheter site
- Medically Necessary Infusion Therapy.

Medically Necessity for Infusion Therapy:

- Medical necessity is the overarching criterion for payment in addition to the individual
 documentation requirements of a CPT code. It would not be medically necessary or appropriate to
 bill a higher level of evaluation and management service when a lower level of service is warranted.
 The volume of documentation should not be the primary influence upon which a specific level of
 service is billed. Documentation should support the level of service being reported.
 - Infusion must be prescribed by an appropriately licensed prescriber as part of a treatment plan for a covered medical condition.
 - Administration of the drug via infusion therapy is medically necessary. Infusion therapy is prescribed only when the member's condition cannot be appropriately treated with alternative dosage forms of medication (e.g. oral, topical or SQ) or the therapy is not available in alternative dosage forms and achieve the same or equivalent therapeutic effect.
 - All components of the infusion must meet medical necessity criteria and be medically necessary to treat the member's medical condition for the infusion to be covered.
 - Treatments can be safely administered in the home.
 - Services must be provided by a network/preferred home infusion therapy provider.
 - Peripherally Inserted Central Catheter (PICC) line placement does not guarantee
 - approval or payment of the medication to be infused if the medication does not meet medical necessity criteria or requires prior authorization.

Types of Therapy

- Therapeutic (hydration or medication therapy e.g. chemotherapy, IVIG)
- **Prophylactic** (Injections/infusions to prevent "side effects" e.g. ondansetron)
- Nutritional (Parenteral / Enteral)
 - Total Parenteral Nutrition (TPN). TPN is a form of nutrition that is delivered through a vein which may contain lipids, electrolytes, amino acids, trace elements, and vitamins
 - Enteral Nutrition Enteral nutrition is a form of nutrition that is delivered into the digestive system as a liquid. Enteral nutrition may be provided orally or through a feeding tube. Enteral products may be liquids or powders that are reconstituted to a liquid form. Refer to the MVP Enteral Policy for coverage criteria.

Per Diem Definition -

Per Diem represents each day that a given patient is provided access to a prescribed therapy and is valid for per diem therapies of duration of up to and including every 72 hours. Therapies provided beyond this range (weekly, monthly, etc.) fall outside of the per diem structure, will receive one (1) per diem unit for the day the infusion was provided. Supplies are included in the rate for those therapies provided on a less frequent basis. Diluents/solutions for the preparation and administration of the medication, and flushing solutions including heparin and saline, routinely included supplies (e.g. gauze, tape, cleansing solutions, splints) are included in the per diem rates.

The expected course and duration of the treatment shall be determined by the plan of care as prescribed by the ordering physician.

Per Diem includes the following services/items:

1. Professional Pharmacy Services

- Continuing education to professional pharmacy staff
- Removal, storage and disposal of infectious waste
- Maintaining accreditation

2. Dispensing

- Medication profile setup and drug utilization review
- Monitoring for potential drug interactions
- Sterile procedures including intravenous admixtures, clean room upkeep, vertical and horizontal laminar flow hood certification, and all other biomedical procedures necessary for a safe environment
- USP797 compliant sterile compounding of medications
- Patient counseling as required under OBRA 1990

3. Clinical Monitoring

- Development and implementation of pharmaceutical care plans
- Pharmacokinetic dosing
- Review and interpretation of patient test results
- Recommending dosage or medication changes based on clinical findings
- Initial and ongoing pharmacy patient assessment and clinical monitoring
- Measurement of field nursing competency with subsequent education and training
- Other professional and cognitive services as needed to clinically manage the patient pharmacy care

4. Care Coordination

- Patient admittance services, including communication with other medical professionals, patient assessment, and opening of the medical record
- Patient/caregiver educational activities, including providing training and patient education materials
- Clinical coordination of infusion services care with physicians, nurses, patients, patient's family, other providers, caregivers and case managers
- Clinical coordination of non-infusion related services
- Patient discharge services, including communication with other medical professionals and closing of the medical record
- 24 hours/day, 7 days/week availability for questions and/or problems of a dedicated infusion team consisting of pharmacist(s), nurse(s) and all other medical professionals responsible for clinical response, problem solving, trouble shooting, question answering, and other professional duties from pharmacy staff that do not require a patient visit
- Development and monitoring of nursing care plans
- Coordination, education, training and management of field nursing staff (or subcontracted agencies)
- Delivery of medication, supplies and equipment to patient's home

5. Supplies and Equipment

- Line maintenance supplies including non-therapeutic anti-coagulants and saline.
- DME (pumps, poles and accessories) for drug and nutrition administration*
- Equipment maintenance and repair (excluding patient owned equipment)
- Short peripheral vascular access devices
- Needles, gauze, non-implanted sterile tubing, catheters, dressing kits and other necessary supplies for the sale and effective administration of infusion, specialty drug and nutrition therapies*

*Enteral supplies (including but not limited to enteral feeding kits, pumps and poles) and/or nursing and home services when the formula is determined to be not medically necessary are not covered. MVP shall review all claims retrospectively for services and supplies, including but not limited to nursing services, per diem charges, pumps, poles and feeding bags, associated with enteral formulas. See MVP Enteral Therapy Benefit Interpretations for additional information.

6. Administrative Services

- Administering coordination of benefits with other insurers
- Determining insurance coverage, including coverage for compliance with all state and federal regulations
- Verification of insurance eligibility and extent of coverage
- Obtaining certificate of medical necessity and other medical necessity documentation
- Obtaining prior authorizations
- Performing billing functions
- Performing account collection activities
- Internal and external auditing and other regulatory compliance activities
- Postage and shipping
- Design and production of patient education materials

Notification / Prior Authorizations Requests

Please refer to the Utilization Management Guides and the Benefit Interpretation Manual by visiting **mvphealthcare.com**, select *Providers* then *Sign In* to your account.

Medications and enteral formula administered in the home may require prior authorization; refer to the MVP Formulary or Benefit Interpretation to determine if authorization is required.

Billing / Coding Guidelines:

Anti-infective Therapy (antibiotics/ antifungals/ antivirals)

Code	Description	Rule
S9497	Home infusion therapy, antibiotic, antiviral, or antifungal therapy; once every 3 hours; administrative services, professional pharmacy services, care coordination, and all necessary supplies and equipment (drugs and nursing visits coded separately), per diem	 Members receiving concurrent therapies on the same day, this will not pay. See above definition for per diem definition. Including or not limited to the HCPCS Code. These services are considered global to the per diem except nursing visits and drugs.
S9504	Home infusion therapy, antibiotic, antiviral, or antifungal; once every 4 hours; administrative services, professional pharmacy services, care coordination, and all necessary supplies and equipment (drugs and nursing visits coded separately), per diem	 Members receiving concurrent therapies on the same day, this will not pay. See above definition for per diem definition. Including or not limited to the HCPCS Code. These services are considered global to the per diem except nursing visits and drugs.

S9503	Home infusion therapy, antibiotic, antiviral, or antifungal; once every 6 hours; administrative services, professional pharmacy services, care coordination, and all necessary supplies and equipment (drugs and nursing visits coded separately), per diem	 Members receiving concurrent therapies on the same day, this will not pay. See above definition for per diem definition. Including or not limited to the HCPCS Code. These services are considered global to the per diem except nursing visits and drugs.
S9502	Home infusion therapy, antibiotic, antiviral, or antifungal therapy; once every 8 hours, administrative services, professional pharmacy services, care coordination, and all necessary supplies and equipment (drugs and nursing visits coded separately), per diem considered global to the per diem except nursing visits and drugs.	 Members receiving concurrent therapies on the same day, this will not pay. See above definition for per diem definition. Including or not limited to the HCPCS Code. These services are

S9501	Home infusion therapy, antibiotic, antiviral, or antifungal therapy; once every 12 hours; administrative services, professional pharmacy services, care coordination, and all necessary supplies and equipment (drugs and nursing visits coded separately), per diem	 Members receiving concurrent therapies on the same day, this will not pay. See above definition for per diem definition. Including or not limited to the HCPCS Code. These services are considered global to the per diem except nursing visits and drugs.
S9500	Home infusion therapy, antibiotic, antiviral, or antifungal therapy; once every 24 hours; administrative services, professional pharmacy services, care coordination, and all necessary supplies and equipment (drugs and nursing visits coded separately), per diem	 Members receiving concurrent therapies on the same day, this will not pay. See above definition for per diem definition. Including or not limited to the HCPCS Code. These services are considered global to the per diem except nursing visits and drugs.

Chemotherapy

Code	Description	Rule
S9330	Home infusion therapy, continuous (24 hours or more) chemotherapy infusion; administrative services, professional pharmacy services, care coordination, and all necessary supplies and equipment (drugs and nursing visits coded separately), per diem	These services are considered global to the per diem except nursing visits and drugs.
S9331	Home infusion therapy, intermittent (less than 24 hours) chemotherapy infusion; administrative services, professional pharmacy services, care coordination, and all necessary supplies and equipment (drugs and nursing visits coded separately), per diem	These services are considered global to the per diem except nursing visits and drugs.

Enteral Nutrition Therapy

Enteral formula is limited to a 30-day supply per dispensing or as specified in the member's contract, rider or specific benefit design. The following codes do not apply to nutritional formulas taken orally.

Code	Description	Rule
S9343	Home therapy; enteral nutrition via bolus; administrative services, professional pharmacy services, care coordination, and all necessary supplies and equipment (enteral formula and nursing visits coded separately), per diem	 See above definition for per diem definition. Including or not limited to the HCPCS Code. Enteral supplies (including but not limited to enteral feeding kits, pumps and poles) and/or nursing and home services when the formula is determined to be not medically necessary are not covered. MVP shall review all claims retrospectively for services and supplies, including but not limited to nursing services, per diem charges, pumps, poles and feeding bags, associated with enteral formulas. See MVP Enteral Therapy Benefit Interpretations for additional information.
S9341	Home therapy; enteral nutrition via gravity; administrative services, professional pharmacy services, care coordination, and all necessary supplies and equipment (enteral formula and nursing visits coded separately), per diem	 See above definition for per diem definition. Including or not limited to the HCPCS Code. Enteral supplies (including but not limited to enteral feeding kits, pumps and poles) and/or nursing and home services when the formula is determined to be not medically necessary are not covered. MVP shall review all claims retrospectively for services and supplies, including but not limited to nursing services, per diem charges, pumps, poles and feeding bags, associated with enteral formulas. See MVP Enteral Therapy Benefit Interpretations for additional information.

Home therapy; enteral nutrition via pump; administrative services, professional pharmacy services, care coordination, and all necessary supplies and equipment (enteral formula and nursing visits coded separately), per diem

- See above definition for per diem definition. Including or not limited to the HCPCS Code.
- Enteral supplies (including but not limited to enteral feeding kits, pumps and poles) and/or nursing and home services when the formula is determined to be not medically necessary are not covered. MVP shall review all claims retrospectively for services and supplies, including but not limited to nursing services, per diem charges, pumps, poles and feeding bags, associated with enteral formulas. See MVP **Enteral Therapy Benefit** Interpretations for additional information.

MVP Health Care Payment Policy B4102 Enteral formula, for adults, • The enteral formula must be used to replace fluids and obtained from an MVP participating electrolytes (e.g., clear pharmacy. liquids), 500 ml = 1 unit * • Home Infusion Agency's can also provide enteral formula but they must be billed through the MVP Pharmacy Benefits Manager (PBM). See exceptions below. • Refer to MVP's Benefit Interpretation Manual to determine if the enteral formula requires authorization. • Enteral supplies (including but not limited to enteral feeding kits, pumps and poles) and/or nursing and home services when the formula is determined to be not medically necessary are not covered. MVP shall review all claims retrospectively for services and supplies, including but not limited to nursing services, per diem charges, pumps, poles and feeding bags, associated with enteral formulas. • Exception - Not covered for Medicare members. • Exception - Certain ASO plans have these services covered under the member's medical benefit and must obtain enteral nutrition items from a participating vendor. Providers should review the member benefits to determine if these codes are billable through the member's pharmacy or medical benefit.

MVP Health Care Payment Policy B4103 Enteral formula, for • The enteral formula must be pediatrics, used to replace obtained from an MVP participating fluids and electrolytes (e.g., pharmacy. clear liquids), 500 ml = 1• Home Infusion Agency's can also unit * provide enteral formula but they must be billed through the MVP Pharmacy Benefits Manager (PBM). See exceptions below. • Refer to MVP's Benefit Interpretation Manual to determine if the enternal formula requires authorization. • Enteral supplies (including but not limited to enteral feeding kits, pumps and poles) and/or nursing and home services when the formula is determined to be not medically necessary are not covered. MVP shall review all claims retrospectively for services and supplies, including but not limited to nursing services, per diem charges, pumps, poles and feeding bags, associated with enteral formulas. • Exception - Not covered for Medicare members. • Exception - Certain ASO plans have these services covered under the member's medical benefit and must obtain enteral nutrition items from a participating vendor. Providers should review the member benefits to determine if these codes are

billable through the member's pharmacy or medical benefit.

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B4104	Additive for enteral formula (e.g., fiber) *	 The enteral formula must be obtained from an MVP participating pharmacy. Home Infusion Agency's can also provide enteral formula but they must be billed through the MVP Pharmacy Benefits Manager (PBM). See exceptions below. Refer to MVP's Benefit Interpretation Manual to determine if the enteral formula requires authorization. Enteral supplies (including but not limited to enteral feeding kits, pumps and poles) and/or nursing and home services when the formula is determined to be not medically necessary are not covered. MVP shall review all claims retrospectively for services and supplies, including but not limited to nursing services, per diem charges, pumps, poles and feeding bags, associated with enteral formulas. Exception - Not covered for Medicare members Exception - Certain ASO plans have these services covered under the member's medical benefit and must obtain enteral nutrition items from a participating vendor. Providers should review the member benefits to determine if these codes are billable through the member's pharmacy or medical benefit.

Enteral formula, manufactured blenderized natural foods with intact nutrients, includes proteins, fats, carbohydrates, vitamins and minerals, may include fiber, administered through an enteral feeding tube, 100 calories = 1 unit

- The enteral formula must be obtained from an MVP participating pharmacy.
- Home Infusion Agency's can also provide enteral formula but they must be billed through the MVP Pharmacy Benefits Manager (PBM).
 See exceptions below.
- Refer to MVP's Benefit Interpretation Manual to determine if the enteral formula requires authorization.
- Enteral supplies (including but not limited to enteral feeding kits, pumps and poles) and/or nursing and home services when the formula is determined to be not medically necessary are not covered. MVP shall review all claims retrospectively for services and supplies, including but not limited to nursing services, per diem charges, pumps, poles and feeding bags, associated with enteral formulas.
- Exception Medicare members have these services covered under the prosthetic benefit and must obtain enteral nutrition items from a participating DME vendor
- Exception Certain ASO plans have these services covered under the member's medical benefit and must obtain enteral nutrition items from a participating vendor. Providers should review the member benefits to determine if these codes are billable through the member's pharmacy or medical benefit. Obtain enteral nutrition items from a participating DME vendor.
- Exception Certain ASO plans have these services covered under the member's medical benefit and must obtain enteral nutrition items from a participating vendor. Providers should review the member benefits to determine if these codes are billable through the member's pharmacy or medical benefit.

Enteral formula, nutritionally complete, calorically dense (equal to or greater than 1.5 kcal/ml) with intact nutrients, includes proteins, fats, carbohydrates, vitamins and minerals, may include fiber, administered through an enteral feeding tube, 100 calories = 1 unit

- The enteral formula must be obtained from an MVP participating pharmacy.
- Home Infusion Agency's can also provide enteral formula but they must be billed through the MVP Pharmacy Benefits Manager (PBM). See exceptions below.
- Refer to MVP's Benefit Interpretation Manual to determine if the enteral formula requires authorization.
- Enteral supplies (including but not limited to enteral feeding kits, pumps and poles) and/or nursing and home services when the formula is determined to be not medically necessary are not covered. MVP shall review all claims retrospectively for services and supplies, including but not limited to nursing services, per diem charges, pumps, poles and feeding bags, associated with enteral formulas.
- **Exception** Medicare members have these services covered under the prosthetic benefit and must obtain enteral nutrition items from a participating DME vendor.
- Exception Certain ASO plans have these services covered under the member's medical benefit and must obtain enteral nutrition items from a participating vendor. Providers should review the member benefits to determine if these codes are billable through the member's pharmacy or medical benefit.

Enteral formula, nutritionally complete, hydrolyzed proteins (amino acids and peptide chain), includes fats, carbohydrates, vitamins and minerals, may include fiber, administered through an enteral feeding tube, 100 calories = 1 unit

- The enteral formula must be obtained from an MVP participating pharmacy.
- Home Infusion Agency's can also provide enteral formula but they must be billed through the MVP Pharmacy Benefits Manager (PBM).
 See exceptions below.
- Refer to MVP's Benefit Interpretation Manual to determine if the enteral formula requires authorization.
- Enteral supplies (including but not limited to enteral feeding kits, pumps and poles) and/or nursing and home services when the formula is determined to be not medically necessary are not covered. MVP shall review all claims retrospectively for services and supplies, including but not limited to nursing services, per diem charges, pumps, poles and feeding bags, associated with enteral formulas.
- **Exception** Medicare members have these services covered under the prosthetic benefit and must obtain enteral nutrition items from a participating DME vendor.
- Exception Certain ASO plans have these services covered under the member's medical benefit and must obtain enteral nutrition items from a participating vendor. Providers should review the member benefits to determine if these codes are billable through the member's pharmacy or medical benefit.

Enteral formula, nutritionally complete, for special metabolic needs, excludes inherited disease of metabolism, includes altered composition of proteins, fats, carbohydrates, vitamins and/or minerals, may include fiber, administered through an enteral feeding tube, 100 calories = 1 unit

- The enteral formula must be obtained from an MVP participating pharmacy.
- Home Infusion Agency's can also provide enteral formula but they must be billed through the MVP Pharmacy Benefits Manager (PBM).
 See exceptions below.
- Refer to MVP's Benefit Interpretation

Manual to determine if the enteral formula requires authorization.

- Enteral supplies (including but not limited to enteral feeding kits, pumps and poles) and/or nursing and home services when the formula is determined to be not medically necessary are not covered. MVP shall review all claims retrospectively for services and supplies, including but not limited to nursing services, per diem charges, pumps, poles and feeding bags, associated with enteral formulas.
- Exception Medicare members have these services covered under the prosthetic benefit and must obtain enteral nutrition items from a participating DME vendor.
- Exception Certain ASO plans have these services covered under the member's medical benefit and must obtain enteral nutrition items from a participating vendor. Providers should review the member benefits to determine if these codes are billable through the member's pharmacy or medical benefit.

Enteral formula, nutritionally incomplete/modular nutrients, includes specific nutrients, carbohydrates (e.g., glucose polymers), proteins/amino acids (e.g., glutamine, arginine), fat (e.g., medium chain triglycerides) or combination, administered through an enteral feeding tube, 100 calories = 1 unit

- The enteral formula must be obtained from an MVP participating pharmacy.
- Home Infusion Agency's can also provide enteral formula but they must be billed through the MVP Pharmacy Benefits Manager (PBM).
 See exceptions below.
- Refer to MVP's Benefit Interpretation Manual to determine if the enteral formula requires authorization.
- Enteral supplies (including but not limited to enteral feeding kits, pumps and poles) and/or nursing and home services when the formula is determined to be not medically necessary are not covered. MVP shall review all claims retrospectively for services and supplies, including but not limited to nursing services, per diem charges, pumps, poles and feeding bags, associated with enteral formulas.
 - Exception Medicare members have these services covered under the prosthetic benefit and must obtain enteral nutrition items from a participating DME vendor and must meet coverage under Medicare NCD.
 - Exception Certain ASO plans have these services covered under the member's medical benefit and must obtain enteral nutrition items from a participating vendor. Providers should review the member benefits to determine if these codes are illable through the member's pharmacy or medical benefit.

Enteral formula, nutritionally complete, for special metabolic needs for inherited disease of metabolism, includes proteins, fats, carbohydrates, vitamins and minerals, may include fiber, administered through an enteral feeding tube, 100 calories = 1 unit

- The enteral formula must be obtained from an MVP participating pharmacy.
- Home Infusion Agency's can also provide enteral formula but they must be billed through the MVP Pharmacy Benefits Manager (PBM). See exceptions below.
- Refer to MVP's Benefit Interpretation Manual to determine if the enteral formula requires authorization.
- Enteral supplies (including but not limited to enteral feeding kits, pumps and poles) and/or nursing and home services when the formula is determined to be not medically necessary are not covered. MVP shall review all claims retrospectively for services and supplies, including but not limited to nursing services, per diem charges, pumps, poles and feeding bags, associated with enteral formulas.
- Exception Medicare members have these services covered under the prosthetic benefit and must obtain enteral nutrition items from a participating DME vendor and must meet coverage under Medicare NCD.
- Exception Certain ASO plans have these services covered under the member's medical benefit and must obtain enteral nutrition items from a participating vendor. Providers should review the member benefits to determine if these codes are billable through the member's pharmacy or medical benefit.

Enteral formula, for pediatrics, nutritionally complete with intact nutrients, includes proteins, fats, carbohydrates, vitamins and minerals, may include fiber and/or iron, administered through an enteral feeding tube, 100 calories = 1 unit

- The enteral formula must be obtained from an MVP participating pharmacy.
- Home Infusion Agency's can also provide enteral formula but they must be billed through the MVP Pharmacy Benefits Manager (PBM).
 See exceptions below.
- Refer to MVP's Benefit Interpretation Manual to determine if the enteral formula requires authorization.
- Enteral supplies (including but not limited to enteral feeding kits, pumps and poles) and/or nursing and home services when the formula is determined to be not medically necessary are not covered. MVP shall review all claims retrospectively for services and supplies, including but not limited to nursing services, per diem charges, pumps, poles and feeding bags, associated with enteral formulas.
- **Exception** Medicare members have these services covered under the prosthetic benefit and must obtain enteral nutrition items from a participating DME vendor.
- Exception Certain ASO plans have these services covered under the member's medical benefit and must obtain enteral nutrition items from a participating vendor. Providers should review the member benefits to determine if these codes are billable through the member's pharmacy or medical benefit.

Enteral formula, for pediatrics, nutritionally complete soy based with intact nutrients, includes proteins, fats, carbohydrates, vitamins and minerals, may include fiber and/or iron, administered through an enteral feeding tube, 100 calories = 1 unit

- The enteral formula must be obtained from an MVP participating pharmacy.
- Home Infusion Agency's can also provide enteral formula but they must be billed through the MVP Pharmacy Benefits Manager (PBM). See exceptions below.
- Refer to MVP's Benefit Interpretation Manual to determine if the enteral formula requires authorization.
- Enteral supplies (including but not limited to enteral feeding kits, pumps and poles) and/or nursing and home services when the formula is determined to be not medically necessary are not covered. MVP shall review all claims retrospectively for services and supplies, including but not limited to nursing services, per diem charges, pumps, poles and feeding bags, associated with enteral formulas.
- Exception Medicare members have these services covered under the prosthetic benefit and must obtain enteral nutrition items from a participating DME vendor.
- Exception Certain ASO plans have these services covered under the member's medical benefit and must obtain enteral nutrition items from a participating vendor. Providers should review the member benefits to determine if these codes are billable through the member's pharmacy or medical benefit.

Enteral formula, for pediatrics, nutritionally complete calorically dense (equal to or greater than 0.7 kcal/ml) with intact nutrients, includes proteins, fats, carbohydrates, vitamins and minerals, may include fiber, administered through an enteral feeding tube, 100 calories = 1 unit

- The enteral formula must be obtained from an MVP participating pharmacy.
- Home Infusion Agency's can also provide enteral formula but they must be billed through the MVP Pharmacy Benefits Manager (PBM). See exceptions below.
- Refer to MVP's Benefit Interpretation Manual to determine if the enteral formula requires authorization.
- Enteral supplies (including but not limited to enteral feeding kits, pumps and poles) and/or nursing
- and home services when the formula is determined to be not medically necessary are not covered. MVP shall review all claims retrospectively for services and supplies, including but not limited to nursing services, per diem charges, pumps, poles and feeding bags, associated with enteral formulas.
- Exception Medicare members have these services covered under the prosthetic benefit and must obtain enteral nutrition items from a participating DME vendor.
- Exception Certain ASO plans have these services covered under the member's medical benefit and must obtain enteral nutrition items from a participating vendor. Providers should review the member benefits to determine if these codes are billable through the member's pharmacy or medical benefit.

Enteral formula, for pediatrics, hydrolyzed/amino acids and peptide chain proteins, includes fats, carbohydrates, vitamins and minerals, may include fiber, administered through an enteral feeding tube, 100 calories = 1 unit

- The enteral formula must be obtained from an MVP participating pharmacy.
- Home Infusion Agency's can also provide enteral formula but they must be billed through the MVP Pharmacy Benefits Manager (PBM).
 See exceptions below.
- Refer to MVP's Benefit Interpretation Manual to determine if the enternal formula requires authorization.
- Enteral supplies (including but not limited to enteral feeding kits, pumps and poles) and/or nursing and home services when the formula is determined to be not medically necessary are not covered. MVP shall review all claims retrospectively for services and supplies, including but not limited to nursing services, per diem charges, pumps, poles and feeding bags, associated with enteral formulas.
 - Exception Medicare members have these services covered under the prosthetic benefit and must obtain enteral nutrition items from a participating DME vendor.
 - Exception Certain ASO plans have these services covered under the member's medical benefit and must obtain enteral nutrition items from a participating vendor. Providers should review the member benefits to determine if these codes are billable through the member's pharmacy or medical benefit.

Enteral formula, for pediatrics, special metabolic needs for inherited disease of metabolism, includes proteins, fats, carbohydrates, vitamins and minerals, may include fiber, administered through an enteral feeding tube, 100 calories = 1 unit

- The enteral formula must be obtained from an MVP participating pharmacy.
- Home Infusion Agency's can also provide enteral formula but they must be billed through the MVP Pharmacy Benefits Manager (PBM). See exceptions below.
- Refer to MVP's Benefit Interpretation Manual to determine if the enteral formula requires authorization.
- Enteral supplies (including but not limited to enteral feeding kits, pumps and poles) and/or nursing and home services when the formula is determined to be not medically necessary are not covered. MVP shall review all claims retrospectively for services and supplies, including but not limited to nursing services, per diem charges, pumps, poles and feeding bags, associated with enteral formulas.
- **Exception** Medicare members have these services covered under the prosthetic benefit and must obtain enteral nutrition items from a participating DME vendor.
- Exception Certain ASO plans have these services covered under the member's medical benefit and must obtain enteral nutrition items from a participating vendor. Providers should review the member benefits to determine if these codes are billable through the member's pharmacy or medical benefit.

Hydration Therapy

Code	Description	Rule
S9374	Home infusion therapy,	
	hydration therapy; 1 liter	
	per day, administrative	
	services, professional	
	pharmacy services, care	
	coordination, and all	
	necessary supplies and	
	equipment (drugs and	
	nursing visits coded	
	separately), per diem	
S9375	Home infusion therapy,	
	hydration therapy; more	
	than 1 liter but no more	
	than 2 liters per day,	
	administrative services,	
	professional pharmacy	
	services, care coordination,	
	and all necessary supplies	
	and equipment (drugs and	
	nursing visits coded	
	separately), per diem	
S9376	Home infusion therapy,	
	hydration therapy; more	
	than 2 liters but no more	
	than 3 liters per day,	
	administrative services,	
	professional pharmacy	
	services, care coordination,	
	and all necessary supplies	
	and equipment (drugs and	
	nursing visits coded	
	separately), per diem	

Code	Description	Rule
S9377	Home infusion therapy,	
	hydration therapy; more	
	than 3 liters per day,	
	administrative services,	
	professional pharmacy	
	services, care	
	coordination, and all	
	necessary supplies	
	(drugs and nursing visits	
	coded separately), per	
	diem	

Pain Management Infusion

Code	Description	Rule
S9326	Home infusion therapy,	
	continuous (24 hours or	
	more) pain management	
	infusion; administrative	
	services, professional	
	pharmacy services, care	
	coordination and all	
	necessary supplies and	
	equipment (drugs and	
	nursing visits coded	
	separately), per diem	
S9327	Home infusion therapy,	
	intermittent (less than 24	
	hours) pain management	
	infusion; administrative	
	services, professional	
	pharmacy services, care	
	coordination, and all	
	necessary supplies and	
	equipment (drugs and	
	nursing visits coded	
	separately), per diem	

Code	Description	Rule
S9338	Home infusion therapy,	
	immunotherapy,	
	administrative services,	
	professional pharmacy	
	services, care coordination,	
	and all necessary supplies	
	and equipment (drugs and	
	nursing visits coded	
	separately), per diem	

Total Parenteral Nutrition

Code	Description	Rule
S9365	Home infusion therapy,	
	total parenteral nutrition	
	(TPN); 1 liter per day,	
	administrative services,	
	professional pharmacy	
	services, care coordination,	
	and all necessary supplies	
	and equipment including	
	standard TPN formula	
	(lipids, specialty amino acid	
	formulas, drugs other than	
	in standard formula and	
	nursing visits coded	
	separately), per diem	
S9366	Home infusion therapy,	
	total parenteral nutrition	
	(TPN); more than 1 liter but	
	no more than 2 liters per	
	day, administrative	
	services, professional	
	pharmacy services, care	
	coordination, and all	
	necessary supplies and	
	equipment including	
	standard TPN formula	
	(lipids, specialty amino acid	
	formulas, drugs other than	
	in standard formula and	
	nursing visits coded	
	separately), per diem	

Code	Description	Rule
\$9367	Home infusion therapy, total parenteral nutrition (TPN); more than 2 liters but no more than 3 liters per day, administrative services, professional pharmacy services, care coordination, and all necessary supplies and equipment including standard TPN formula (lipids, specialty amino acid formulas, drugs other than in standard formula and nursing visits coded	ixuic
S9368	separately), per diem Home infusion therapy, total parenteral nutrition (TPN); more than 3 liters per day, administrative services, professional pharmacy services, care coordination, and all necessary supplies and equipment including standard TPN formula (lipids, specialty amino acid formulas, drugs other than in standard formula and nursing visits coded separately), per diem	
B4185	Parenteral nutrition solution, per 10 grams lipids	

Specialty Therapy

Code	Description	Rule
S9061	Home administration of aerosolized drug therapy (e.g., Pentamidine); administrative services, professional pharmacy services, care coordination, all necessary supplies and equipment (drugs and nursing visits coded	
S9346	separately), per diem Home infusion therapy, alpha-1-proteinase inhibitor (e.g., Prolastin); administrative services, professional pharmacy services, care coordination, and all necessary supplies and equipment (drugs and nursing visits coded separately), per diem	
S9372	Home therapy; intermittent anticoagulant injection therapy (e.g., Heparin); administrative services, professional pharmacy services, care coordination, and all necessary supplies and equipment (drugs and nursing visits coded separately), per diem (do not use this code for flushing of infusion devices with Heparin to maintain patency)	

Code	Description	Rule
S9351	Home infusion therapy,	
	continuous or intermittent	
	antiemetic infusion therapy;	
	administrative services,	
	professional pharmacy	
	services, care coordination,	
	and all necessary supplies	
	and equipment (drugs and	
	visits coded separately), per	
	diem	
S9370	Home therapy, intermittent	
	antiemetic injection	
	therapy; administrative	
	services, professional	
	pharmacy services, care	
	coordination, and all	
	necessary supplies and	
	equipment (drugs and	
	nursing visits coded	
	separately), per diem	
S9345	Home infusion therapy,	
	antihemophilic agent	
	infusion therapy (e.g.,	
	factor VIII); administrative	
	services, professional	
	pharmacy services, care	
	coordination, and all	
	necessary supplies and	
	equipment (drugs and	
	nursing visits coded	
	separately), per diem	
S9359	Home infusion therapy,	
	antitumor necrosis factor	
	intravenous therapy; (e.g.,	
	Infliximab); administrative	
	services, professional	
	pharmacy services, care	
	coordination, and all	
	necessary supplies and	
	equipment (drugs and	
	nursing visits coded	
	separately), per diem	

Code	Description	Rule
S9355	Home infusion therapy,	
	chelation therapy;	
	administrative services,	
	professional pharmacy	
	services, care coordination,	
	and all necessary supplies	
	and equipment (drugs and	
	nursing visits coded	
	separately), per diem	
S9490	Home infusion therapy,	
	corticosteroid infusion;	
	administrative services,	
	professional pharmacy	
	services, care coordination,	
	and all necessary supplies	
	and equipment (drugs and	
	nursing visits coded	
	separately), per diem	
S9361	Home infusion therapy,	
	diuretic intravenous	
	therapy; administrative	
	services, professional	
	pharmacy services, care	
	coordination, and all	
	necessary supplies and	
	equipment (drugs and	
	nursing visits coded	
	separately), per diem	
S9558	Home injectable therapy;	
	growth hormone, including	
	administrative services,	
	professional pharmacy	
	services, care coordination,	
	and all necessary supplies	
	and equipment (drugs and	
	nursing visits coded	
	separately), per diem	

Code	Description	Rule
S9537	Home therapy; hematopoietic hormone	
	injection therapy (e.g.,	
	erythropoietin, G-CSF, GM-	
	CSF); administrative services, professional	
	pharmacy services, care	
	coordination, and all	
	necessary supplies and	
	equipment (drugs and	
	nursing visits coded	
	separately), per diem	
S9348	Home infusion therapy,	
	sympathomimetic/inotropic agent infusion therapy	
	(e.g., Dobutamine);	
	administrative services,	
	professional pharmacy	
	services, care coordination,	
	all necessary supplies and	
	equipment (drugs and	
	nursing visits coded separately), per diem	
S5521	Home infusion therapy, all	
33322	supplies (including	
	catheter) necessary for a	
	midline catheter insertion	
S5520	Home infusion therapy, all	
	supplies (including	
	catheter) necessary for a	
	peripherally inserted central venous catheter	
	(PICC) line insertion	
S9357	Home infusion therapy,	
	enzyme replacement	
	intravenous therapy; (e.g.,	
	Imiglucerase);	
	administrative services,	
	professional pharmacy services, care coordination,	
	and all necessary supplies	
	and equipment (drugs and	
	nursing visits coded	
	separately), per diem	

Code	Description	Rule
S5517	Home infusion therapy, all supplies necessary for restoration of catheter patency or declotting	
S5518	Home infusion therapy, all supplies necessary for catheter repair	
S9379	infusion therapy, not otherwise classified; administrative services, professional pharmacy	Documentation must be available for retrospective review. Should only be billed for a service or procedure that does not have a valid specific therapy code available.

J0640 (Leucovorin) and J0641 (Fusilev)

These medications are classified as therapeutic. The following administration codes will be allowed when billing for these two codes.

• J0640 (Leucovorin)

96372; Therapeutic, prophylactic, or diagnostic injection (specify substance or drug); subcutaneous or intramuscular.

96374; Therapeutic, prophylactic, or diagnostic injection (specify substance or drug); intravenous push, single or initial substance/drug.

J0641 (Fusilev) (Requires prior authorization)

96365; Intravenous infusion, for therapy, prophylaxis, or diagnosis (specify substance or drug); initial, up to 1 hour.

96366; Intravenous infusion, for therapy, prophylaxis, or diagnosis (specify substance or drug); each additional hour (List separately in addition to code for primary procedure).

Catheter Care – not in conjunction with any other per diem, only when a standalone service.

Code	Description	Rule
S5498	Home infusion therapy,	
	catheter care/maintenance,	
	simple (single lumen),	
	includes administrative	
	services, professional	
	pharmacy services, care	
	coordination and all	
	necessary supplies and	
	equipment, (drugs and	
	nursing visits coded	
	separately), per diem	
S5501	Home infusion therapy,	
	catheter care/maintenance,	
	complex (more than one	
	lumen), includes	
	administrative services,	
	professional pharmacy	
	services, care coordination,	
	and all necessary supplies	
	and equipment (drugs and	
	nursing visits coded	
	separately), per diem	
S5502	Home infusion therapy,	
	catheter care/maintenance,	
	implanted access device,	
	includes administrative	
	services, professional	
	pharmacy services, care	
	coordination and all	
	necessary supplies and	
	equipment (drugs and	
	nursing visits coded	
	separately), per diem (use	
	this code for interim	
	maintenance of vascular	
	access not currently in use)	

Home Nursing

Code	Description	Rule
99601	Home infusion/specialty drug administration, per	
	visit (up to 2 hours);	
99602	Home infusion/specialty drug administration, per visit (up to 2 hours); each additional hour (List separately in addition to code for primary procedure)	

Per Diem Code Modifiers

Code	Description	Rule
SH	Second concurrently	Payable at 50%
	administered infusion	
	therapy	
SJ	Third or more concurrently	Payable at 50%
	administered infusion	
	therapy	
SS	Home infusion services	For Reporting Purposes Only
	provided in the infusion	
	suite of the IV therapy	
	provider	

Nursing Services

Services are provided by a RN with special education, training and expertise in home administration of drugs via infusion and home administration of specialty drugs.

Nursing services may be provided directly by infusion pharmacy nursing staff or by a qualified home health agency.

Home infusion vendors may subcontract with another agency for all or part of the nursing services. In these instances, the home infusion vendor:

- assumes responsibility and oversight of care provided;
- bills MVP Health Care for their services; and
- is responsible to pay for all subcontracted services.

Drugs

Contracted network pharmacies must be able to:

- o Deliver home infused drugs in a form that can be easily administered in a clinically appropriate fashion;
- o Provide infusible drugs for both short-term acute care and long-term chronic care therapies;
- o Ensure that the professional services and ancillary supplies necessary for the provision of home

- infusion therapy are in place before dispensing home infusion drugs, consistent with the quality assurance requirement for Part D sponsors described in 42 CFR 423.153(c); and
- o Provide covered home infusion drugs within 24 hours of discharge from an acute setting, unless the next required dose, as prescribed, is required to be administered later than 24 hours after discharge.

The drug HCPC code set is to be used for claim submission. NDC numbers should be submitted on the claim in the appropriate "additional information" locations on paper and electronic submissions. Refer to the *NDC Payment Policy* for additional billing information.

Prior authorization is required to receive reimbursement for the administration of a drug that is not on the fee schedule. Reimbursement will be based on the Drug pricing process below. Refer to your vendor fee schedule for a list of billable drug codes and to MVP's Benefit Interpretation Manual or Prescription Drug Formulary to determine if a specific medication requires prior authorization.

Medications that are self-administered are not reimbursable under Home Infusion. MVP will cover one home infusion nurse visit for the initial self-administration teaching and one follow up visit if determined to be medically necessary. Charges for self-administered drugs are a pharmacy benefit and must be billed on- line to the pharmacy benefits manager. Supplies required for the administration of the drug during the teaching visit are global to the service and are not reimbursable separately.

MVP offers a Medicare Advantage Plan with and without Part D. Pharmaceuticals which are not covered under mandated medical benefits may be covered under the Part D Prescription Drug benefit if the member has that benefit. Ancillary Provider acknowledges that Ancillary Provider will be required to participate with MVP's or the member's Employer's Pharmacy Benefit Manager for MVP Part D.

Billable Units

Billable Units represent the number of units in a product based on strength of the product per vial/ampule/syringe, etc, as it relates to the HCPCS or CPT® Drug Code description. For example:

Code: J0290 Injection, ampicillin sodium, 500 mg:

Products: Injection, ampicillin sodium 500 mg/vial = 1.0 billable unit

Injection, ampicillin sodium 250 mg/vial = 0.50 billable unit Injection, ampicillin sodium 125 mg/vial = 0.25 billable unit Injection, ampicillin sodium 1 gm/vial = 2.0 billable units Injection, ampicillin sodium 2 gm /vial = 4.0 billable units Injection, ampicillin sodium 10gm/vial = 20.0 billable units

Billable Units per package are the number of units in the entire package as it relates to the HCPCS or CPT® drug code.

Wastage Policy

In cases where therapy is terminated or interrupted, MVP will reimburse Ancillary Provider for drugs and supplies (per diem) which are dispensed to the Member and which are non-returnable, up to a seven-day supply. Drugs will be reimbursed at the contracted rate and the supplies (per diem) will be reimbursed at 50% of the contracted rate beginning on the first day of the termination or interruption. MVP will resume full reimbursement of drugs and supplies (per diem) on the first day services have resumed.

Documentation must be available regarding interruption/discontinuation of therapy and resumption of therapy services.

TPN and Peripheral Parenteral Nutrition (PPN) Per Diem

- Standard TPN formula includes the following components: non-specialty amino acids, concentrated dextrose, sterile water, electrolytes, standard trace elements, standard multivitamins, and home additives including but not limited to insulin, and heparin.
- Components not included in standard TPN formula are specialty amino acids, lipids, Tagamet and antibiotics. Such components are billed on claims with HCPCS medication codes, NDC number of covered medication, description of product, dosage, and units administered.

Medicare Variation

- All claims for enteral and parenteral products must meet the current NCD and/or LCD policies for coverage. All claims may be subject to retrospective review to determine coverage. Enteral nutrition which does not meet the coverage criteria identified in the NDC and/LCD and supplemental nutrition are not covered benefits under either Part B or Part D. Parenteral nutrition which does not meet the coverage criteria identified in the NCD and/or LCD may be covered under the Part D benefit.
- Intradialytic Parenteral Nutrition (IDPN) is considered a Part D compound and must be billed to the pharmacy vendor. Intraperitoneal Nutrition (IPN) is considered a Part B benefit, even when a pharmacy or home infusion vendor adds amino acids or other ingredients to the dialysate. Non-covered drugs such as sterile water are considered to be part of the per diem and should not be billed independently.

Refer to the Medicare Part D formulary for drugs that may be covered under the Part D benefit

References

Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services memo. IPDN/IPN Coverage under Medicare Part D. distributed 10/5/12.



MVP Health Care Payment Policy

Incident to Guidelines

Type of Policy: Payment
Last Reviewed Date: 12/01/2018

Related Policies: N/A

Policy

Reimbursement of services and supplies incident to the professional services of a physician in private practice is limited to situations in which there is direct physician supervision of auxiliary personnel.

Definitions

Incident to a physician's professional services means that the services or supplies are furnished as an integral, although incidental, part of the physician's personal professional services in the course of diagnosis or treatment of an injury or illness.

Auxiliary personnel means any individual who is acting under the supervision of a physician, regardless of whether the individual is an employee, leased employee, or independent contractor of the physician, or of the legal entity that employs or contracts with the physician. Likewise, the supervising physician may be an employee, leased employee or independent contractor of the legal entity billing and receiving payment for the services or supplies.

Direct supervision in the office setting does not mean that the physician must be present in the same room with his or her aide. However, the physician must be present in the office suite and immediately available to provide assistance and direction throughout the time the aide is performing services.

Notification / Prior Authorizations Requests

Please refer to the *Utilization Management Guides* and the *Benefit Interpretation Manual* by going to **mvphealthcare.com**, select *Providers*, then *Sign In* to your account to determine if a service requires an authorization.

Billing / Coding Guidelines

General Guidelines:

When a physician supervises auxiliary personnel to assist him/her in rendering services to patients and includes the charges for their services in his/her own bills, the services of such personnel are considered incident to the physician's service if there is a physician's service rendered to which the services of such personnel are an incidental part and there is direct supervision by the physician.

Services may be provided incident-to when:

- The physician has performed an initial service
- The patient is an established patient with an established diagnosis
- They are part of a continuing plan of care in which the physician will be an ongoing and active participant. The physician does not need to see the patient every visit, but must prescribe the plan of care and actively manage it
- There is a physician's service to which the rendering providers' services relate
- They involve a face-to-face encounter
- The physician is physically present in the same office suite to provide supervision

Documentation Requirements:

- A clearly stated reason for the visit
- A means of relating this visit to the initial service and/or ongoing service provided by the physician
- Patient's progress, response to, and changes/revisions in the plan of care
- Date the service was provided
- Signature of person providing the service

While co-signature of the supervising physician is not required, documentation should contain evidence that he or she was actively involved in the care of the patient and was present and available during the visit.

Reimbursement Guidelines:

• Please see your provider fee schedule or your IPA agreement for specific reimbursement guidelines.



MVP Health Care Payment Policy

Infusion Payment Policy

Type of Policy: Payment
Last Reviewed Date: 3/1/19
Related Policies: N/A

Policy

MVP Health Care reimburses providers for the following infusion services when provided in a contracted office or outpatient setting only on the days members receives IV therapy services.

- Administration of the medication
- Medication (not self-administered)

Definitions

Infusion Therapy

- Infusion therapy is the continuous, controlled, administration of a drug, nutrient, antibiotic or other fluid into a vein or other tissue on a daily, weekly or monthly basis, depending on the condition being treated and the type of therapy.
- Medically Necessary Infusion Therapy.
- Infused drug is determined to meet medical necessity criteria for infusion in office or outpatient facility site when home infusion is the preferred site of care. Refer to MVP Pharmacy policies for drugs subject to this requirement.

Types of Infusion

- **Push Technique** When medication is injected through a catheter placed in a vein or artery.
- **Intrathecal** When medication is injected into the spinal cord through a catheter placed through the space between the lower back bones (via lumbar puncture).

Types of Therapy

- **Therapeutic** (hydration or medication therapy e.g. chemotherapy, IVIG)
- **Prophylactic** (Injections/infusions to prevent "side effects" e.g. ondansetron)
- **Diagnostic** (evocative/provocative testing; cortisol stimulation testing)

Notification / Prior Authorizations Requests

Please refer to the Utilization Management Guides and the Benefit Interpretation Manual by visiting **mvphealthcare.com**, select *Providers* then *Sign In* to your account.

Infusion Payment Policy Page 1 of 4

Billing / Coding Guidelines:

Drugs/Medications

- MVP requires all providers to bill using the standard HCPCS and also the 11-digit National Drug Code (NDC) which represents the drug and drug strength, manufacturer and package size used/administered.
- Some medications require prior authorization. Refer to the MVP Formulary for specific drugs that require prior authorization.
- MVP will provide coverage for drugs that meet medical necessity criteria and meet the site of care requirements noted in this policy.
- Administration of the drug via injection/infusion is medically necessary when the member's
 condition cannot be appropriately treated with alternative dosage forms of medication (e.g. oral,
 topical or SQ) or the therapy is not available in alternative dosage forms and achieve the same or
 equivalent therapeutic effect.
- All components of the infusion/injection must meet medical necessity criteria and be medically necessary for the member's condition for the infusion/injection to be covered.

J0640 (Leucovorin) and J0641 (Fusilev)

These medications are classified as therapeutic. The following administration codes will be allowed when billing for these two codes.

J0640

(Leucovorin)

96372; Therapeutic, prophylactic, or diagnostic injection (specify substance or drug); subcutaneous or intramuscular.

96374; Therapeutic, prophylactic, or diagnostic injection (specify substance or drug); intravenous push, single or initial substance/drug.

• J0641 (Fusiley) (Requires prior authorization)

96365; Intravenous infusion, for therapy, prophylaxis, or diagnosis (specify substance or drug); initial, up to 1 hour.

96366; Intravenous infusion, for therapy, prophylaxis, or diagnosis (specify substance or drug); each additional hour (List separately in addition to code for primary procedure).

Miscellaneous Drug Codes

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Code	Description	Rule
A9699, J3490, J3590, J7199, J7599, J7699, J7799, J8499, J8999, J9999	Miscellaneous drug codes	Drugs over \$50 must be reviewed by MVP and 1 of the following pieces of information must be submitted:
		 A valid NDC number for the drug is required to be submitted on the claim. This is a list of most commonly used miscellaneous drug codes; however it is subject to change and should not be considered all inclusive

Items excluded and are non-reimbursable, include but not limited to:

- Diluents/solution for administration of medication
- Flushing solution including heparin and saline
- Refer to the MVP Formulary for medications that must be obtained from MVP's specialty pharmacy vendor. Diagnosis and quantity edits apply only when drugs are billed directly to MVP using the applicable J-code
- Peripherally Inserted Central Catheter (PICC) Line placement does not guarantee approval or payment of the medication to be infused if medication does not meet medical necessity criteria or requires prior authorization.
- Drugs determined to be self-administerable and eligible for coverage under the Prescription
 Drug benefit.

Medicare Variation

- All claims for enteral and parenteral products must meet the current NCD and/or LCD policies
 for coverage. All claims may be subject to retrospective review to determine coverage. Enteral
 nutrition which does not meet the coverage criteria identified in the NDC and/LCD and
 supplemental nutrition are not covered benefits under either Part B or Part D. Parenteral
 nutrition which does not meet the coverage criteria identified in the NCD and/or LCD may
 be covered under the Part D benefit.
- Intradialytic Parenteral Nutrition (IDPN) is considered a Part D compound and must be billed to the pharmacy vendor. Intraperitoneal Nutrition (IPN) is considered a Part B benefit, even when a pharmacy or home infusion vendor adds amino acids or other ingredients to the dialysate. Non- covered drugs such as sterile water are considered to be part of the per diem and should not be billed independently.

Refer to the Medicare Part D formulary for drugs that may be covered under the Part D benefit

External References

- 1. Remicade (infliximab) Injection. Prescribing Information. Horsham, PA: Janssen Biotech, Inc.; October 2011.
- 2. Avastin (bevacizumab) injection. Prescribing Information. South San Francisco, CA: Genentech, Inc.; 21 December 2011.
- 3. Neulasta (pegfilgrastim) injection. Prescribing Information. Thousand Oaks, California: Amgen Manufacturing, Limited; 2/2010.
- 4. Rituxan (rituximab) injection. Prescribing Information. South San Francisco, Ca: Genentech Inc.; February 2012.
- 5. HERCEPTIN® [trastuzumab] injection. Prescribing Information. South San Francisco, Ca: Genentech Inc.; October 2010.
- 6. Zometa® (zoledronic acid) Injection. Prescribing Information. East Hanover, NJ: Novartis Pharmaceuticals Corporation 2011.
- 7. ALOXI® (palonosetron hydrochloride) Injection. Prescribing Information. Albuquerque, NM: OSO Biopharmaceuticals, LLC; 06/09.
- 8. Velcade (bortezomib) Injection. Prescribing Information. Cambridge, MA: Millennium Pharm, Inc; 2012.
- 9. Tysabri (natalizumab) for injection. Prescribing Information. Cambridge, MA: Biogen Idec Inc. 9/2011.
- 10. Sandostatin LAR® Depot (octreotide acetate) Injection. East Hanover, NJ: Novartis Pharmaceuticals Corporation 2011.
- 11. Luentis (ranibizumab) Injection. Prescribing Information. South San Francisco, CA: Genentech, Inc. June 2010.
- 12. Orencia (abatacept) injection. Prescribing Information. Princeton, NJ: Bristol-Myers Squibb; December 2011.
- 13. Reclast (zoledronic acid injection). Prescribing Information. East Hanover, NJ: Novartis Pharmaceutical Corporation; August 2011.
- 14. ZOFRAN® (ondansetron hydrochloride) Injection. Prescribing Information. Research Triangle Park, NC. GlaxoSmithKline; September 2011.
- 15. TAXOTERE® (docetaxel) Injection. Prescribing Information. Bridgewater, NJ: sanofi-aventis U.S. LLC. 2010.
- 16. National Government Services, Article for zoledronic acid (e.g. Zometa, Reclast) &endash; related to LCD L25820 (A46096). Accessed 3/08/2012:www.cms.hhs.gov/mcd/results.asp?show=all&t=2009105112826.
- 17. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services memo. IPDN/IPN Coverage under Medicare Part D. distributed 10/5/12.



MVP Health Care Payment Policy

Interpreter Services - Medicaid Products Only

Type of Policy: Payment

Last Reviewed Date: 12/01/2018

Related Policies: N/A

Policy

The need for medical language interpreter services must be documented in the medical record and must be provided during a medical visit by a third party interpreter, who is either employed by or contracts with the Medicaid provider.

Definitions

These services may be provided either face-to-face or by telephone. The interpreter must demonstrate competency and skills in medical interpretation techniques, ethics and terminology. It is recommended, but not required, that such individuals be recognized by the National Board of Certification for Medical Interpreters (NBCMI).

Notification / Prior Authorization Requests

Please refer to the Utilization Management Guides and the Benefit Interpretation Manual by visiting **mvphealthcare.com**, select *Providers* then *Sign In* to your account.

Billing / Coding Guidelines

Reimbursement of medical language interpreter services is payable with HCPCS procedure code T1013- sign language and oral interpretation services and is billable during a medical visit. Medical language interpreter services are included in the prospective payment system rate for those FQHCs that do not participate in APG reimbursement.

Reimbursement for units is as follows:

T1013- includes a minimum of 8 and up to 22 minutes of medical language interpreter services.

T1013- includes a minimum of 23 or more minutes of medical language interpreter services.

Code T1013 must be billed in units of 2 in order to be reimbursed at the appropriate rate.

Reimbursement is limited to Medicaid products only. All other MVP products will deny, as these services are not reimbursable

Reimbursement Guidelines

Please see your provider fee schedule or your IPA agreement for specific reimbursement guidelines.

References

www.health.ny.gov/health_care/medicaid/program/update/2012/2012-10.htm



MVP Health Care Payment Policy

JW Modifier Policy

Type of Policy: Payment - for Physicians and Facilities

Last Reviewed Date: 9/1/2018

Related Policies: N/A

Policy

MVP encourages physicians, hospitals and other providers and suppliers to schedule patients in such a way that they can administer drugs or biologicals efficiently and in a clinically appropriate manner and minimize the amount of drug wastage.

Definitions

When a physician, hospital or other supplier must discard the remainder of a **single use vial** or **other single use package** after administering a dose/quantity of the drug or biological, payment will be made for the amount of the drug or biological discarded as well as the dose administered, up to the amount of the drug or biological as indicated on the vial or package label.

Notification / Prior Authorization Requests

Billing / Coding Guidelines

JW modifier must be used to identify unused drugs or biologicals from single use vials or single use packages that are appropriately discarded. This program provides payment for the amount of drug/biological discarded along with the amount administered up to the amount of the drug or biological indicated on the vial or package label. The smallest vial or package size needed to administer the appropriate dose should be used.

This modifier must be billed on a separate line and will provide payment for the amount of the discarded drug or biological. Drug wastage must be documented in the patient's medical record with the date, time, amount wasted and reason for wastage. Upon review, any discrepancy between amount administered to the patient and amount billed may be denied as non-rendered unless the wastage is clearly and accurately documented. The amount billed as "wasted" must not be administered to another patient or billed to either MVP or another carrier.

Drug wastage cannot be billed if none of the drug was administered (e.g. missed appointment).

JW Modifier Payment Page 1

Single Use Vials:

- Example of when JW Modifier is required:
 - o A single use vial that is labeled to contain 100 units of a drug has 95 units administered to the patient and five units discarded. The 95 unit dose is billed on one line, while the discarded five units may be billed on another line by using the JW modifier. Both line items would process for payment.
- Example of when JW Modifier is not required:
 - O A billing unit for a single drug is equal to 10mg. A 7mg dose is administered to a patient and 3mg is discarded. The 7mg dose is billed as 10mg on a single line item because the billing unit for this drug is already established at 10mg regardless of how much was administered. The claim would be processed as a single line item for 10mg which includes the 7mg administered and the 3mg discarded. Billing another unit on a separate line item with the JW modifier for the discarded 3mg of the drug is not permitted because it has already been accounted for. In this example, the actual dose of the drug or biological being administered is less than the billing unit so the JW modifier would not apply.

Multi-Use Vials – short shelf life/multiple patients

- Example of when JW Modifier is required:
 - o An office schedules three patients to receive a drug from a multi-use vial on the same day. The vial is 100 mgs and is billed per individual unit. Patient A receives 30 mgs and the claim would be billed at 30 units. Patient B receives 20 mgs and the claim would indicate 20 units. Patient C receives 40 mgs of the drug which means 10 mgs of the drug was not used and should be accounted for as wastage. Patient C's claim should indicate 40 units of the drug that was used and a second line item indicating the wastage (JW modifier) of 10 units of the drug.
 - o Per Medicare's billing guidelines, only Patient C's claim would indicate the wastage with JW Modifier since this was the last patient of the day receiving the drug.

Multi-Use Vials – long shelf life/multiple patients

• Multi-dose vials that have a long shelf life that could be given over multiple days are not subject to payment for discarded amounts of drug.

References

Medicare Claims Processing Manual: www.cms.gov/manuals/downloads/clm104c17.pdf

MLN Matters Number MM7443: www.cms.gov/mlnmattersarticles/downloads/MM7443.pdf

Modifier Payment Page 2



MVP Health Care Payment Policy

Laboratory Services

Type of Policy: Payment

Last Reviewed Date: 12/01/2018

Related Policies: N/A

Policy

This policy describes the reimbursement methodology for outpatient laboratory tests.

Notification / Prior Authorization Requests

Please refer to the Utilization Management Guides and the Benefit Interpretation Manual by visiting **mvphealthcare.com**, select *Providers* then *Sign In* to your account.

Billing / Coding Guidelines

MVP follows Medicare coding and requires providers to submit the correct codes per Medicare guidelines.

Place of Service

The place of service (POS) designation identifies the location where the laboratory service was provided, except in the case of an Independent or a Reference Laboratory.

An Independent or Reference Laboratory must show the place where the sample was taken (if drawn in an Independent Lab or a Reference Lab, POS 81 is reported.

If an independent laboratory bills for a test on a sample drawn on an inpatient or outpatient of a hospital, it reports the code for the inpatient (POS code 21) or outpatient hospital (POS code 22), respectively.

Date of Service

In general, the date of service (DOS) for clinical diagnostic laboratory tests is the date of specimen collection unless the physician orders the test at least 14 days following the patient's discharge from the hospital. When the "14-day rule" applies, the DOS is the date the test is performed, instead of the date of specimen collection.

In the CY 2018 Hospital Outpatient Prospective Payment System (OPPS)/Ambulatory Surgical Center (ASC) final rule published December 14, 2017, CMS established another exception to laboratory DOS policy for Advanced

Diagnostic Laboratory Tests (ADLTs) and molecular pathology tests excluded from OPPS packaging policy so that the DOS is the date the test was performed, if certain conditions are met. Specifically, in the case of a molecular pathology test or an ADLT that meets the criteria of section 1834A(d)(5)(A) of the Social Security Act, the date of service must be the date the test was performed only if the following conditions are met:

- 1. The test is performed following a hospital outpatient's discharge from the hospital outpatient department;
- 2. The specimen was collected from a hospital outpatient during an encounter (as both are defined 42 CFR 410.2);
- 3. It was medically appropriate to have collected the sample from the hospital outpatient during the hospital outpatient encounter;
- 4. The results of the test do not guide treatment provided during the hospital outpatient encounter; and
- 5. The test was reasonable and medically necessary for the treatment of an illness.

Duplicate Services

Separate consideration will be given to repeat procedures (i.e., two laboratory procedures performed the same day) by the Same Group Physician or Other Health Care Professional when reported with modifier 91. Modifier 91is appropriate when the repeat laboratory service is performed by a different individual in the same group with the same Federal Tax Identification number.

According to CMS and CPT guidelines, Modifier 91 is appropriate when during the course of treatment, it is necessary to repeat the same laboratory test for the same patient on the same day to obtain subsequent test results, such as when repeated blood tests are required at different intervals during the same day.

Reference Laboratory

Reference Laboratory and Non-Reference Laboratory Providers

If a reference laboratory and a non-reference laboratory provider both submit identical or equivalent bundled laboratory codes (excluding 82947 and 82948) for the same patient on the same date of service (plus or minus one business day), only the reference laboratory service is reimbursable, unless the 77 modifier is appended to codes from the non-reference laboratory provider.

Pathologist and Physician Laboratory Providers

If a pathologist and another physician or other qualified health care professional's offices submit identical laboratory codes for the same patient on the same date of service, only the pathologist's service is reimbursable.

Reference Laboratory and Unrelated Reference Laboratory Provider

If a reference laboratory and an unrelated reference laboratory provider submit identical codes for the same patient on the same date of service, both reference laboratories are reimbursable if one laboratory appends an appropriate modifier (Modifier 77 or 90) to the codes submitted.

Modifier 90

MVP reimburse physicians or other qualified health care professionals submitting claims with modifier 90 when tests are being performed by outside reference laboratories. The reference laboratory service supersedes services billed by a non-reference laboratory; (e.g., in the event a non-reference laboratory provider reports a laboratory service with modifier 90 and a reference laboratory reports the same service on the same day, the non-reference laboratory provider's service reported with modifier 90 will be denied. Otherwise, if no reference laboratory service is reported, the non-reference laboratory service will modifier 90 will be allowed.)

Laboratory Services Performed In A Facility Setting

Manual and automated laboratory services submitted by a reference or non-reference Laboratory Provider with a CMS facility POS 19, 21, 22, 23, 26, 34, 51, 52, 56 or 61 will not be reimbursable. These services are reimbursable to the facility. When facilities obtain manual or automated laboratory tests for patients under arrangements with a Reference Laboratory or pathology group, only the facility may be reimbursed for the services.

Drug Testing

Urine drug testing is performed to detect the use of prescription medications and illegal substances of concern for the purpose of medical treatment. Confirmatory testing is an additional test completed to verify the results of the urine drug test. Urine drug testing should not routinely include a panel of all drugs of abuse. The test should be focused on the detection of specific drugs/drug metabolites. The frequency of testing should be at the lowest level to detect the presence of drugs.

If the provider of the service is other than the ordering/referring physician, that provider must maintain printed copy documentation of the lab results, along with printed copies of the ordering/referring physician's order for the qualitative drug test. The physician must include the clinical indication/medical necessity in the order for the qualitative drug test.

All urine drug testing should be performed at an appropriate frequency based on clinical needs. Substance abuse treatment adherence is often best measured through random testing rather than frequent scheduled testing.

MVP does not cover urine drug testing in any of the following circumstances:

- Testing ordered by third parties, such as school, courts, or employers or requested by a
 provider for the sole purpose of meeting the requirements of a third party.
- Testing for residential monitoring.
- Routine urinalysis for confirmation of specimen integrity.

Definitive Drug Testing

MVP will set a maximum of 18 units of Definitive drug testing for codes G0480-G0483per year.

Qualitative Drug Testing

MVP will set a qualitative (presumptive) drug screening annual limit of 18 for CPT codes 80305-80307.

Specimen Validity Test

MVP does not reimburse for specimen validity testing. The following codes will deny the same day as drug testing unless modifier 59 is submitted to indicate that the testing is not being performed for specimen validity. The records must also support that the urinalysis performed was not for Specimen Validity Testing and the modifier was appropriately reported

Codes denied- 81000-81003, 81005, 81099, 82570, 83986, 84311 <u>Incomplete Laboratory Panels</u>

MVP does not routinely compensate for the following, as additional laboratory compents of a panel are included in the price of the laboratory panel code itself.

Basic metabolic panel

- More than two basic metabolic panel procedure codes when submitted on the same date of service
- More than one of the following procedure codes (82040, 82247, 84075, 84460, 84450, 84155) when billed with a basic metabolic panel procedure code on the same date of service.

Comprehensive metabolic panel

• More than three comprehensive metabolic panel procedure codes when submitted on the same date of service

Electrolyte panel

 More than two electrolyte panel procedure codes when submitted on the same date of service

Hepatic function panel

 More than two hepatic function panel procedure codes when submitted on the same date of service

Renal function panel

 More than three renal function panel procedure codes when submitted on the same date of service

Medicare Medically Unlikely Edits

MVP follows the recommendation from Medicare regarding the Medically Unlikely Edits (MUE) An MUE for a HCPCS/CPT code is the maximum units of service that a provider would report under most circumstances for a single member on a single date of service.

Vitamin D Testing

MVP will only reimburse for Vitamin D when there is a known diagnosis or condition associated with Vitamin D deficiency. Vitamin D testing for any other indication including screening is not considered reimbursable. Please see MVP Diagnosis Matching Edits for approved diagnoses.

Code 82306 is only reimbursable up to three times per year Code 82652 up to two times per year

Vitamin B Testing

MVP will only reimburse for Vitamin B when there is a known diagnosis or condition associated with Vitamin B deficiency. Vitamin B testing for any other indication including screening is not considered reimbursable. Please see MVP Diagnosis Matching Edits for approved diagnoses.

CPT code 82607 will only be reimbursed up to 3 times per calendar year. Code 84425 will only be reimbursed once per calendar year.

Use of Non-Contracted Labs

MVP participating providers must use participating labs. Use of non-participating labs must be approved by MVP when no participating lab is available. Non-Contracted labs may have the unintended consequence of subjecting the Member to unnecessary services not ordered by the treating provider or other unreasonable financial exposure. In such circumstances, MVP may hold the ordering physician accountable for any inappropriate behavior on the part of the non-participating lab that is selected.

Non-Covered Services

- _
- Laboratory and pathology services that are rendered in conjunction with an inpatient stay or an observation stay (They are included in the respective global payment. i.e., DRG, per diem, etc.)
- Handling charges
- Specimen collection
- Routine venipuncture charges made in conjunction with blood or related laboratory services or

evaluation and management services

- Paternity blood tests
- NAbFeron (IFNb) antibody test
- Mandated drug testing (e.g., court-ordered, residential monitoring, non-medically necessary testing)
- Laboratory and pathology services submitted with unlisted CPT codes when an appropriate specific code is available
- Laboratory and pathology services provided at no charge by state agencies, including but not limited to pertussis and rubella
- Drugs, devices, treatments, procedures, laboratory and pathology tests that are experimental, unproven, or investigational and not supported by evidence based medicine and established peer reviewed scientific data
- Employment drug screening
- NAB (neutralizing antibody testing) in multiple sclerosis patients
- Lipoprotein subclass testing in the evaluation of cardiovascular disease
- Quantitative urine drug testing where there has been no underlying qualitative test or where the qualitative test is negative

Reimbursement Guidelines

Please see your provider fee schedule or your IPA agreement for specific reimbursement guidelines.



MVP Health Care Payment Policy

Locum Tenens

Type of Policy: Payment
Last Reviewed Date: 03/1/2019

Related Policies: N/A

Policy

Locum Tenens for a physician under leave of absence:

Physicians may retain substitute physicians to take over their professional practices when the regular physicians are absent for reasons such as illness, pregnancy, vacation, deployment in armed forces, or continuing medical education. The regular physician can bill and receive payment for the substitute physician's services as though he performed them himself. Locum Tenens may only substitute for a regular physician for a maximum of 60 days per CMS guidelines. Locum Tenens can also cover for Physical Therapists.

Locum Tenens for a physician that has left the practice:

CMS guidelines do not allow physician practices to retain a substitute physician in order to substitute when a regular physician has left the practice and will not return. The Locum Tenens must be contracted and credentialed with MVP and bill under their own provider number and will be reimbursed per the terms of the contract.

Definitions

Locum Tenens under leave of absence:

The substitute physician generally has no practice of his own and moves from area to area as needed. The regular physician generally pays the substitute physician a fixed per diem amount, with the substitute physician having the status of an independent contractor rather than of an employee. These substitute physicians are generally called "locum tenens" physicians.

These guidelines do not apply to providers other than physicians and Physical Therapists (i.e., Certified Registered Nurse Anesthetists (CRNAs),

Locum Tenens Page 1 of 3

Notification / Prior Authorizations Requests

Please refer to the *Utilization Management Guides* and the *Benefit Interpretation Manual* online at **mvphealthcare.com** and *Sign-In* to your account.

Billing / Coding Guidelines for Locum Tenens under Leave of Absence

The patient's regular physician may submit the claim and receive payment for covered-visit services (including emergency visits and related services) of a locum tenens physician who is not an employee of the regular physician and whose services for the regular physician's patients are not restricted to the regular physician's office if:

- The regular physician is unavailable to provide the visit services.
- The member has arranged or seeks to receive the visit services from the regular physician.
- The regular physician pays the locum tenens for his services on a per diem or similar fee-for-time basis.
- The substitute physician does not provide the visit services to patients over a continuous period of more than sixty (60) days. If there is a break after the initial 60 days of locum tenens service, you can use the same locum tenens to provide services again. The break doesn't have to be extensive; it can be as brief as the regular physician returning to the office for one day, as long as the date or dates the physician returned to see patients are documented and identifiable.

The regular physician would bill with their NPI and by entering the HCPCS Q6 modifier (services furnished by a locum tenens physician) after the procedure code.

If the only substitute services a physician performs in connection with an operation are postoperative services furnished during the period covered by the global fee, these services need not be identified on the claim as substitute services.

Medical Group Claims

For a medical group to submit claims for the services provided by a locum tenens physician for patients of the regular physician, who is a member of the group, the requirements bulleted above must be met. For purposes of these requirements, per diem or similar fee-for-time compensation that the group pays the locum tenens physician is considered paid by the regular physician.

The group must keep on file a record of each service provided by the substitute physician associated with the substitute physician's NPI and make this record available upon request. The medical group physician for whom the substitute services are furnished must be identified by his NPI.

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Physicians who are members of a group but who bill in their own name are generally treated as independent physicians for these purposes. Compensation paid by the group to the locum tenens physician is considered paid by the regular physician for purposes of those requirements. The term "regular physician" includes a physician who is absent for reasons such as illness, pregnancy, vacation, deployment in armed forces, or continuing medical education.

Billing / Coding Guidelines for Locum Tenens for Physician that has left the Practice

MVP Health Care follows Medicare guidelines which state that Locum Tenens may not be hired by a group to provide services on a temporary basis when a provider has left the practice. Providers follow the MVP credentialing or registrations process based on their specialty and location of practice.

References

MVP Credentialing and Recredentialing of Practitioners

CMS Guidelines: https://www.cms.gov/Outreach-and-Education/Medicare-Learning-Network-MLN/MLNMattersArticles/Downloads/MM10090.pdf

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Mid-Level Payment Policy

Type of Policy: Payment **Last Reviewed Date:** 12/1/2018

Related Policies: N/A

Policy

Reimbursement for services provided by mid-level providers

Definitions

Mid-Level providers are Physician Assistants (PA), Nurse Practitioners (NP), Registered Nurse First Assistants (RNFA), Certified Registered Nurse Anesthetists (CRNA) and Certified Nurse Midwife (CNM) practicing independently or within a physician office or facility

Related Policies

Please refer to the Provider Resource Manual by visiting mvphealthcare.com.

Provider Resource Manual: Payment Policy: Incident to Guidelines

Provider Resource Manual: Payment Policy: NP/PA/CNS Billing in a Skilled Nursing Facility

Provider Resource Manual Payment Policy: Anesthesia

Provider Resource Manual Payment Policy: Credentialing

Payment Guidelines

General Guidelines:

PA, NP, RNFA, CRNA, CNM Payment Policy: Payment for services rendered by these provider types, subject to the Incident To policy, please refer to your provider Fee Schedule or IPA contract for specific reimbursement guidelines.

Notwithstanding this provision, no payment for RNFA services shall be issued for:

- Medicare Advantage Members
- RNFA services billed for services rendered in a Teaching Hospital



Modifier Policy (for Physician)

Type of Policy: Payment
Last Reviewed Date: 06/01/2018
Effective Date: 9/1/2018

Related Policies: N/A

Policy

MVP reimburses for modifiers when billed per the MVP payment guidelines. MVP reserves the right to deny additional payment if the appropriate guidelines are not followed. MVP follows standard CPT correct billing guidelines and has implemented custom edits for modifiers as listed below. In certain circumstances MVP will recognize the use of modifiers in order to provide additional clarification regarding services provided. See Billing/Coding Guidelines below for Modifier Guidance. Modifiers should not be used to bypass an edit. For modifiers that require documentation, the documentation should always support the definition.

Definitions

A modifier provides the means to report or indicate that a service or procedure that has been performed has been altered by some specific circumstance but not changed in its definition or code. Modifiers also enable health care professionals to effectively respond to payment policy requirements.

Notification / Prior Authorizations Requests

Please refer to the Utilization Management Guides and the Benefit Interpretation Manual by visiting **mvphealthcare.com**, select *Providers* then *Sign In* to your account.

Process for Documentation Submission

Paper claim submission is preferable to electronic submission at the present time, as documentation can be submitted along with the paper claim. If a claim is submitted without documentation and gets denied, the MVP Claim Adjustment Request Form (CARF) should be used for the appeal and to direct the reviewers as to the specific diagnosis (es) to link to the claim.

All documentation is scanned into the MVP system, it would be helpful if the specific portion of the documentation that supports the request is underlined, starred or bracketed. Highlighting may result in those sections being blacked out when they go through the scanner.

Billing / Coding Guidelines

Modifier 22

Description	Rule	Reimbursement
When the work required to provide a service is substantially greater than typically required, it may be identified by adding modifier 22 to the usual procedure code. Documentation must support the substantial additional work and the reason for the additional work (i.e., increased intensity, time, technical difficulty of procedure, severity of patient's condition, and physical and mental effort required). Note: This modifier should not be appended to an E&M service.	Rule MVP cannot accept documentation electronically to support Modifier 22 at this time. Additional reimbursement will be considered when the operative report accompanies the paper claim. Absent documentation to support the claim, Modifier 22 will be removed and the claim will pay at the physician contracted rate with a payment code and description of WZ- Cl - XTEN - CPT modifier disallowed - Medical documentation required. When documentation does not accompany the claim and the provider desires the additional 20 percent reimbursement beyond the normal fee schedule as outlined above, additional reimbursement will be considered when the following documentation is provided: • Claim Adjustment Review Form; • Operative report MVP may request additional information when the operative report does not clearly demonstrate the additional work performed. This may include: • Documentation that clearly illustrates the increased complexity of the services provided; • Rationale for why the use of Modifier 22 is warranted, including the degree of difficulty above and beyond (0-100 percent) If upon review of the documentation, Modifier 22 is deemed inappropriate, the modifier will be removed from the claim and provider will remain paid at their	Reimbursement If supporting documentation is not attached claim will be paid 100 percent of allowed amount With documentation to support the use of Modifier 22, the claim will be paid an additional 20 percent.

Modifier 25

Description	Rule	Reimbursement
This modifier is used when a	Preventive and E&M:	Claims that are
procedure or service	 Documentation that satisfies the 	determined to
identified by a CPT code	relevant criteria for the respective	meet the clinical
was performed due to the	E&M service to be reported will be	criteria as a
fact that the patient's	required when a preventive and	separate
condition required a	E&M code are billed on the same	identifiable
significant, separate	day with modifier 25.	procedure will
identifiable Evaluation and	 Documentation will be reviewed by 	be paid at the
Management Service by the	MVP's clinical team to determine if	physician
same physician above and	the service qualifies as a necessary	contracted fee
beyond the other service	separate identifiable E&M Service	schedule.
provided or beyond the	per CPT coding guidelines.	
usual preoperative and	 MVP cannot accept documentation 	
postoperative care	electronically to support Modifier	
associated with the	25 at this time. Additional	
procedure that was	reimbursement will be considered	
performed.	when the office note accompanies	
	the paper claim.	
	 Absent documentation to support 	
	the claim with 2 E&M's	
	and Modifier 25, the claim	
	will deny with a payment code and	
	description <i>of</i> NO1 or WJ- Cl -	
	XTEN - CPT subset procedure	
	disallowed.	
	Please utilize the Claims	
	Adjustment Request Form process	
	to have the claim reviewed for reconsideration.	
	 E&M and Office Procedure: Documentation that satisfies the 	
	relevant criteria for the respective E&M service and procedure to be	
	reported will be required in the	
	·	
	•	
	patients chart. Documentation is not required up front, but may be requested on audit.	

Primary considerations for modifier 25 usages are:

- Why is the physician seeing the patient?
- Could the complaint or problem stand alone as a billable service; and did you perform and document the key components of a problem-oriented E/M service for the complaint or problem?
- If the patient exhibits symptoms from which the physician diagnoses the condition and begins treatment by performing a minor procedure or an endoscopy on that same day, modifier 25 should be added to the correct level of E/M service.
- If the patient is present for the minor procedure or endoscopy only, modifier 25 does not apply.
- If the E/M service was to familiarize the patient with the minor procedure or endoscopy immediately before the procedure, modifier 25 does not apply.
- If the E/M service is related to the decision to perform a major procedure (90-day global), modifier 25 is not appropriate. The correct modifier is modifier 57, decision for surgery.
- When determining the level of visit to bill when modifier 25 is used, physicians should consider only the content and time associated with the separate E/M service, not the content or time of the procedure.
- If during a well/preventive care visit, the provider discovers a new problem or abnormality with a pre-existing problem that is significant enough to require additional work to perform the key components of a problem-oriented E&M, then the appropriate office/outpatient code may be billed with modifier 25.

Examples of Appropriate Use of Modifier 25

Example 1:

A patient has a nosebleed. The physician performs packing of the nose in the office, which stops the bleeding. At the same visit, the physician then evaluates the patient for moderate hypertension that was not well controlled and adjusts the antihypertensive medications.

The 25 modifier may be reported with the appropriate level of E/M code in addition to the minor procedure. The hypertension E/M was medically necessary, significant and a separately identifiable service performed on the same day as control of the nosebleed. The hypertension was exacerbating the nosebleed and was actually related to the nosebleed, but management of the hypertension was a separate service from actually packing the nose.

Example 2:

A patient presents to the physician with symptoms of urinary retention. The physician performs a thorough E/M service and decides to perform a cystourethroscopy. Cystourethroscopy is performed the same day as the E/M code.

The 25 modifier may be reported with the appropriate level of E/M code in addition to the cystourethroscopy. The physician had to evaluate the patient based on the symptoms and decides on the procedure to be performed. The procedure was then performed on the same day as the E/M.

Example 3:

A patient presents to a Dermatologist with a concern about a small skin lesion on his back that has not healed. The Dermatologist examines the patient and documents a detailed history, detailed exam (including the skin of the patient's back, neck, arms and legs and cervical and axillary lymph nodes) and moderate medical decision making (including the decision to excise the lesion at this visit). Excision, malignant lesion, trunk, 0.5 cm or less (11600 – 10 global days) is performed with intermediate repair (layered closure) of wounds of trunk, 5.0 cm (12032 – 10 global days). Use modifier 25 on the E/M service

The 25 modifier may be reported with the appropriate level of E/M code in addition to the lesion removal. The physician had to evaluate the patient based on the symptoms and decides on the procedure to be performed. The procedure was then performed on the same day as the E/M.

Example 4:

A 52-year-old established patient presents for an annual exam. When you ask about his current complaints, he mentions that he has had mild chest pain and a productive cough over the past week and that the pain is worse on deep inspiration. You take additional history related to his symptoms, perform a detailed respiratory and CV exam and order an electrocardiogram and chest X-ray. You make a diagnosis of acute bronchitis with chest pain and prescribe medication and bed rest along with instructions to stop smoking. You document both the problem-oriented and the preventive components of the encounter in detail.

You should submit 99396, "Periodic comprehensive preventive medicine, established patient; 40-64 years" and ICD-9 code V70.0, and the problem-oriented code that describes the additional work associated with the evaluation of the respiratory complaints with modifier -25 attached, ICD-9 codes 466.0, "Acute bronchitis" and 786.50, "Chest pain" and the appropriate code for the electrocardiogram.

*Note that the work associated with performing the history, examination and medical decision making for the problem-oriented E/M service will likely overlap those performed as part of the comprehensive preventive service to a certain extent. Therefore, the E/M code reported for the problem-oriented service should be based on the additional work performed by the physician to evaluate that problem. An insignificant or trivial problem or abnormality that does not require performance of these key components should not be reported separately from the preventive medicine service.

Example 5:

An established 42-year-old patient reports to the outpatient office for her yearly gynecological exam, including breast exam and Pap smear. During the same encounter the patient complains of irregular menstrual cycles and has noticeable ovarian pain and tenderness during the pelvic exam, requiring the physician to order additional tests such as an ultrasound or CT scan and schedule a follow-up visit.

An additional Office/Outpatient code may be applied with a Modifier 25 Significant, separately identifiable evaluation and management service by the same physician on the same day of the procedure or service. The service would be reported as: 99396, 99213-25

Examples of Inappropriate Use of Modifier 25

Example 1:

A patient has a small skin cancer of the forearm removed in the physician's office. This is a routine procedure and no other conditions are treated.

The office visit is considered part of the surgery service and, therefore, not separately reimbursable. The use of the 25 modifier is inappropriate. Only the surgical procedure should be reported.

Example 2:

A patient visits the physician on Monday with symptoms of GI bleeding. The physician evaluates the patient and bills and E/M service. The physician tells the patient to return on Wednesday for a sigmoidoscopy. On Wednesday, a sigmoidoscopy is performed in a routine manner.

An E/M service (no modifier applied) may be billed for the service provided on Monday. However, a separate E/M service should not be reported for Wednesday when the patient returned for the sigmoidoscopy.

Example 3:

A Gastroenterologist has been asked to place an NG tube. A brief evaluation of the patient's oropharynx and airway is performed. The Gastroenterologist documents an EPF history, PF exam and low decision making. The NG tube is placed.

The office visit is considered part of the surgery service and, therefore, not separately reimbursable. The use of the 25 modifier is inappropriate. Only the surgical procedure should be reported.

Example 4:

A patient presented to her physician's office complaining of a painful abscess on her back. The physician took a problem focused history and performed a problem focused exam. He decided to incise and drain the abscess while the patient was still in the office.

The office visit is considered part of the surgery service and, therefore, not separately reimbursable. The use of the 25 modifier is inappropriate. Only the surgical procedure should be reported.

Example 5:

A 44-year-old established patient presents for her annual well-woman exam. A complete review of systems is obtained, and an interval past, family and social history is reviewed and updated. A neck-to-groin exam is performed, including a pelvic exam, and a Pap smear is taken. Counseling is given on diet and exercise. Appropriate labs are ordered. The patient also complains of vaginal dryness, and her prescriptions for oral contraception and chronic allergy medication are renewed.

This additional work would be considered part of the preventive service, and the prescription renewal would not be considered significant.

Example 6:

A 44-year-old established patient presents for her annual well-woman exam. A complete review of systems is obtained, and an interval past, family and social history is reviewed and updated. A neck-to-groin exam is performed, including a pelvic exam, and a Pap smear is taken. Counseling is given on diet and exercise. Appropriate labs are ordered. The patient also complains of vaginal dryness, and her prescriptions for oral contraception and chronic allergy medication are renewed. The patient also requests advice on hormone replacement therapy. She is anticipating menopause but is currently asymptomatic.

This would not be considered significant because the patient is asymptomatic and preventive medicine services include counseling or guidance on issues common to the patient's age group.

Example 7:

An E/M service is submitted with CPT code 99213 and CPT modifier 25. During the same patient encounter, the physician also debrides the skin and subcutaneous tissues (CPT code 11042, 0 global days). CPT 99213 was submitted to reflect the physician's time, examination and decision making related to determining the need for skin debridement.

The physician's time was not significant and separately identifiable from the usual work associated with the surgery, and no other conditions were addressed during the encounter.

*See Reference section at the end of this document for source of examples.

Modifier 26

Description	Rule	Reimbursement
This modifier is used to report the physician component in procedures were there are a combination of a physician and technical component.	When the physician component is reported separately, the service may be identified by adding Modifier 26 to the usual procedure number.	 Providers will be paid at the contracted rate for the professional component.

Modifier TC

Description	Rule	Reimbursement
This modifier is used to	Technical component charges are	 Providers will be
report the technical	institutional charges and not billed	paid at the
component alone in	separately by physicians.	contracted rate
procedures were there are a	 However, portable x-ray suppliers only 	for the technical
combination of a physician	bill for technical component and should	component.
and technical component.	utilize modifier TC.	
	The charge data from portable x-ray	
	suppliers will then be used to build	
	customary and prevailing profile.	

Modifier 50

Description	Rule	Reimbursement
Used to report bilateral procedures (CPT codes 10040-69990) performed in the same operative session and radiology procedures performed bilaterally. Bilateral procedures that are performed at the same session should be identified by adding Modifier 50 to the appropriate 5 digit code.	 Identify that a second (bilateral) procedure has been performed by adding Modifier 50 to the procedure code. Do not report two line items to indicate a bilateral procedure. Do not use modifier with surgical procedures identified by their terminology as "bilateral" (e.g., 27395, lengthening of hamstring tendon, multiple, bilateral), or as "unilateral or bilateral" (e.g., 52290, cystourethroscopy, with meatotomy, unilateral or bilateral). Report only one unit of service when Modifier 50 is reported. Modifier 50 should not be appended to a claim when appending the LT/RT modifiers. 	150 percent of the providers contracted rate.

Modifier 51

Description	Rule	Reimbursement
When multiple procedures, other than E/M services, Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation services or provision of supplies (e.g., vaccines), are performed at the same session by the same provider, the primary procedure or service may be reported as listed. The additional procedure(s) or service(s) may be identified by appending modifier 51 to the additional procedure or service code(s).	 MVP complies with the Medicare Guidelines for billing with a modifier 51. The primary procedure is identified by the higher priced allowed amount. Note: This modifier should not be appended to designated "add-on" codes (see Appendix D). 	• When a procedure is reported on the same day as another procedure with an indicator of 1, 2, or 3, the appropriate reduction is applied to the codes (i.e. 100 percent, 50 percent, 50 percent, 50 percent, 50 percent etc).

Modifier 52

Description	Rule	Reimbursement
Used when a service or	 Report this modifier when the 	 Modifier 52 is
procedure is partially	procedure was discontinued after the	reimbursed at the
reduced or eliminated at the	patient was prepared and brought to	lesser of 50 percent

provider's discretion. **Note:** the room where the procedure was to of charges or contracted rate For hospital outpatient be performed. reporting of a previously • Modifier is valid for reporting reduced scheduled radiology procedures. • Procedures with bilateral surgery procedure/service that is indicator "2" must be billed with the partially reduced or cancelled as a result of appropriate two (2) units of service with extenuating circumstances modifier 52: RT or LT for indicator "2". or those that threaten the well-being of the patient • When a radiology procedure is prior to or after reduced, the correct reporting is to administration of assign the CPT code to the extent of anesthesia, see Modifiers 73 the procedure performed. This modifier and 74. is used only to report a radiology procedure that has been reduced when no other code exists to report what has been done. Report the intended code

with Modifier 52.

Modifier 53

Description	Rule	Reimbursement
Used when the provider	 This modifier is not used to report the 	• Modifier 53 is
elects to terminate a	elective cancellation of a procedure prior	reimbursed at the
surgical or diagnostic	to the patient's anesthesia induction	lesser of 50
procedure due to	and/or surgical preparation in the	percent of charges
extenuating circumstances	operating suite.	or contracted rate.
or those that threatens the	, ,	
well being of the patient. In		
certain circumstances it may		
be necessary to indicate		
that a surgical or diagnostic		
procedure was started but		
discontinued.		
Note: For outpatient		
hospital/ambulatory surgery		
center (ASC) reporting of a		
previously scheduled		
procedure/service that is		
partially reduced or		
cancelled as a result of		
extenuating circumstances		
or those that threaten the		
well being of the patient		
prior to or after		
administration of		

anesthesia, see Modifiers 73	
and 74.	

Modifier 54

Description	Rule	Reimbursement
Used when one physician performs preoperative and/or postoperative management and another physician performs a surgical procedure.	This should only be added to the claim with the surgical code.	Modifier 54 is reimbursed at the lesser of 80 percent of charges or contracted rate.

Modifier 55

Description	Rule	Reimbursement
Used when one physician	This modifier should only be used by the	 Modifier 55 is
performs postoperative	physician billing for the postoperative	reimbursed the
management and another	management.	lesser of 10
physician performs a	-	percent of charges
surgical procedure.		or contracted rate.

Modifier 56

Description	Rule	Reimbursement
Used when one physician	 This modifier should only be used by the 	 Modifier 56 is
performs preoperative care	physician billing for the preoperative care	reimbursed at the
and evaluation and another	and evaluation.	lesser of 10
physician performs a		percent of charges
surgical procedure.		or contracted rate.

Modifier 59, XE, XS, XP, XU

Description	Rule	Reimbursement
These modifiers are used to	MVP cannot accept documentation	 Claims that are
identify procedures/	electronically to support Modifiers 59, XE,	determined to
services, other than E&M	XS, XP, XU at this time. Additional	meet the clinical
services, that are not	reimbursement will be considered when the	criteria as a
normally reported together,	operative report accompanies the paper	separate
but are appropriate under	claim.	identifiable
the circumstances.		procedure will be
	MVP may request additional information	paid at the
Modifier 59- Distinct	when the operative report does not clearly	physician
Procedural Service	demonstrate that the procedures should be	contracted rate.
	unbundled. This may include:	
Modifier XE-	 Documentation that demonstrates why 	

Modifier XS-Separate Structure, A Service That Is Distinct Because It Was Performed On A Separate Organ/Structure

Modifier XP-Separate Practitioner, A Service That Is Distinct Because It Was Performed By A Different Practitioner,

Modifier XU-Unusual Non-Overlapping Service, The Use Of A Service That Is Distinct Because It Does Not Overlap Usual Components Of The Main Service a different session, different procedure or surgery, different site or organ system, separate incision/excision, separate lesion, or separate injury (or area of injury in extensive injuries) not ordinarily encountered or performed on the same day by the same individual was done;

• Rationale for why the use of Modifiers 59, XE, XS, XP, XU is warranted.

When another already established modifier is appropriate it should be used rather than Modifier 59. Only if another descriptive modifier is unavailable, and the use of Modifier 59 best explains the circumstances, should Modifier 59 be used.

Note: Modifier 59 should not be appended to an E&M service. To report a separate and distinct E&M service with a non-E&M service performed on the same date, see Modifier 25.

Modifier 62

Description	Rule	Reimbursement
Used when two surgeons work together as primary surgeons performing distinct part(s) of a procedure.	 Each surgeon should report his/her distinct operative work by adding Modifier 62 to the procedure code and any associated add-on code(s) for that procedure as long as both surgeons continue to work together as primary surgeons. Each surgeon should report the cosurgery once using the same procedure code. If additional procedure(s) (including add-on procedure(s)) are performed during the same surgical session, separate code(s) may also be reported with Modifier 62 added. If a co-surgeon acts as an assistant in the performance of additional procedure(s) during the same surgical session Modifier 	Modifier 62 is reimbursed at 62.5 percent of the providers contracted rate.

80 or Modifier 82 should be used as	
appropriate.	

Modifier 73- For Facility Use Only

Description	Rule	Reimbursement
Due to extenuating	• This code is to be used by the	Modifier 73 is
circumstances or those that	Hospital/Ambulatory Surgery Center	reimbursed at 50
threaten the well being of	when the procedure is discontinued.	percent of the
the patient, the physician	 This modifier is not used to indicate 	facilities
may cancel a surgical or	discontinued radiology procedures.	contracted rate.
diagnostic procedure	 This modifier applies in extenuating 	
subsequent to the patient's	circumstances and when the well-being	
surgical preparation	of the patient is threatened. The patient	
(including sedation when	must be taken to the room where the	
provided, and being taken	procedure is to be performed in order to	
to the room where the	report this modifier.	
procedure is to be	 When one or more of the planned 	
performed), but prior to the	procedures is completed, report the	
administration of anesthesia	completed procedure as usual. Any	
(local, regional block(s) or	others that were planned and not started	
general).	are not reported.	
	 When none of the procedures that were 	
	planned are completed, the first	
	procedure that was planned to be done	
	is reported with this modifier.	

Modifier 74- For Facility Use Only

Description	Rule	Reimbursement
Due to extenuating circumstances or those that threaten the well being of the patient, the physician may terminate a surgical or diagnostic procedure after the administration of anesthesia (local, regional block(s), general) or after the procedure was started (incision made, intubation started, scope inserted, etc).	 This code is to be used by the Outpatient Hospital/Ambulatory Surgery Center (ASC) when the procedures is discontinued after the administration of Anesthesia This modifier is not used to indicate discontinued radiology procedures This modifier applies in extenuating circumstances and when the well-being of the patient is threatened. The patient must be taken to the room where the procedure is to be performed in order to report this modifier. When one or more of the planned procedures is completed, report the completed procedure as usual. Any 	Modifier 74 is reimbursed at 100 percent of the facilities contracted rate.

others that were planned and not started	
are not reported.	
 When none of the procedures that were 	
planned are completed, the first	
procedure that was planned to be done	
is reported with this modifier.	

Modifier 76

Description	Rule	Reimbursement
Repeat Procedure or Service	 It may be necessary to indicate that a 	Will be reimbursed
by Same Physician or Other	procedure or service was repeated by the	at the lesser of 100
Qualified Health Care	same physician or other qualified health	percent of charges
Professional	care professional subsequent to the	or contracted rate.
(This modifier is allowable	original procedure or service. This	
for radiology services. It	circumstance may be reported by adding	
may also be used with	modifier 76 to the repeated	
surgical or medical codes in	procedure/service.	
appropriate circumstances.)	 This modifier should not be appended to 	
	an E/M service.	
	 Documentation is required. 	

Modifier 78

Description	Rule	Reimbursement
Unplanned Return to the	 It may be necessary to indicate that 	 Will be reimbursed
Operating/Procedure Room	another procedure was performed during	at the lesser of 80
by the Same Physician or	the postoperative period of the initial	percent of charges
Other Qualified Health Care	procedure (unplanned procedure	or contracted rate.
Professional Following Initial	following initial procedure). When this	
Procedure for a Related	procedure is related to the first, and	
Procedure During the	requires the use of an	
Postoperative Period	operating/procedure room, it may be	
	reported by adding modifier 78 to the	
	related procedure	
	 For repeat procedures, see modifier 76 	
	 Documentation is required 	

Modifier AS, 80, 81, 82

Description	Rule	Reimbursement
Modifier AS - Physician	Modifier 80 by itself should be added by	 Modifier AS is
assistant, nurse practitioner	the assistant surgeon.	reimbursed at 16
for assistant at surgery	 Modifier AS is used to clarify if the 	percent of the
Modifier 80 - Assistant	assistant was a Physician Assistant or Nurse Practitioner vs. an MD.	assistant surgeon's contracted fee
Surgeon Surgical assistant	Transe i factitioner vs. all IVID.	contracted fee

services may be identified
by adding Modifier 80 to
the usual procedure
number(s).

Modifier 81 - Minimum Assistant Surgeon Minimum surgical assistant services are identified by adding Modifier 81 to the usual procedure number.

Modifier 82 - Assistant Surgeon (when qualified resident surgeon not available) The unavailability of a qualified resident surgeon is a prerequisite for use of Modifier 82 appended to the usual procedure code number(s).

- The assistant at surgery must report the same CPT codes as the primary surgeon.
- Refer to the Assistant Surgeon List at www.mvphealthcare.com to determine which codes MVP will reimburse.
- schedule .
- Modifiers 80-82
 are reimbursed at
 16percent of the
 assistant surgeon's
 contracted fee
 schedule

Modifier CG

Description	Rule	Reimbursement
Policy criteria applies	 When submitting a venipuncture claim when laboratory work is sent to an external lab modifier CG is required. 	Claims submitted without the modifier will be denied as global.

Modifier CH-CN

Description	Rule	Reimbursement
Functional G-codes and corresponding severity modifiers are used in the required reporting on specified therapy claims	 At the outset of a therapy episode of care, i.e., on the DOS for the initial therapy service; At least once every 10 treatment days which is the same as the newly-revised progress reporting period the functional reporting is required on the claim for services on same DOS that the services related to the progress report are furnished; The same DOS that an evaluative procedure, including a re-evaluative 	Claims submitted without the severity modifiers will be denied.

one, is submitted on the claim (see	
below for applicable HCPCS/CPT	
codes);	
 At the time of discharge from the 	
therapy episode of care, if data is	
available; and,	
 On the same DOS the reporting of 	
a particular functional limitation is	
ended, in cases where the need for	
further therapy is necessary.	

Modifier GN-GP

Description	Rule	Reimbursement
Therapy modifier indicating	The provider should use GP, GO or	Claims submitted
the discipline of the plan of	GN for PT, OT and SLP services,	without the therapy
care	respectively	modifier will be denied

Modifier KX

Description	Rule	Reimbursement
Requirements specified in the medical policy have been met.	 The provider should use the KX modifier to the therapy procedure code (physical/speech and/or occupational) that is subject to the cap limits only when a beneficiary qualifies for a therapy cap exception. The KX modifier should not be used prior to the member meeting their \$1,960 therapy cap. By attaching the KX modifier, the provider is attesting that the services billed: Qualified for the cap exception; Are reasonable and necessary services that require the skills of a therapist; and Are justified by appropriate documentation in the medical record. 	Reimbursement would be made at contracted fee schedule rate.

Modifier PT

Description	Rule	Reimbursement
This modifier should be used when a CRC screening test has been converted to diagnostic test or other procedure	MVP will pay the diagnostic procedure code that is reported instead of the screening colonoscopy or screening flexible sigmoidoscopy HCPCS code, or screening barium enema when the screening test becomes a diagnostic service.	 The claims processing system would respond to the modifier by waiving the deductible for all surgical services on the same date as the diagnostic test. Coinsurance for Medicare beneficiaries would continue to apply to the diagnostic test and to other services furnished in connection with, as a result of, and in the same clinical encounter as the screening test.

Modifier Q6

Description	Rule	Reimbursement
Services furnished by a locum tenens physician	• The patient's regular physician may submit the claim and receive payment for covered-visit services (including emergency visits and related services) of a locum tenens physician who is not an employee of the regular physician and whose services for the regular physician's patients are not restricted to the regular physician's office.	Reimbursement would be made at the regular physician's fee schedule.

Modifier QK, QY, QX

Description	Reimbursement	
Modifier QK - Medical direction of 2, 3, or 4 concurrent anesthesia procedures involving qualified individuals	 Modifier QK will be reimbursed at the lesser of 50 percent of charges or the contracted rate. 	
Modifier QY - Medical direction of one certified registered nurse anesthetist (CRNA) by an	 Modifier QY will be reimbursed at the lesser of 50 percent of charges or the contracted rate. 	

anesthesiologist	
Modifier QX - CRNA service: with	Modifier QX will be reimbursed at the lesser of 50
medical direction by a physician	percent of charges or the contracted rate.

Modifier U8, U9, UB

Description	Reimbursement
Modifier U8 – Delivery prior to 39 weeks gestation	A 75 percent reduction will apply when modifier U8 is billed and an acceptable diagnosis is not documented.
Modifier U9 – Delivery at 39 weeks	Full payment will be made when modifier U9 is
of gestation or later	submitted
Modifier UB- Spontaneous	Full payment will be made when modifier UB and U8
obstetrical deliveries occurring	are billed
between 37-39 weeks gestation	

Modifier CT

Description	Reimbursement	
Modifier CT		
	For a global procedure billed with CT, global fee	
	schedule will be reduced by 15% of the amount for	
	TC only code. For codes with both TC and CT, fee	
	schedule amount is decreased by 15 percent.	

Modifier GA GY GZ

Description	Reimbursement	
Modifier GA GY GZ	Only applicable with a valid pre-authorization denial. ABN is not applicable.	
	 Providers are to only use GA, GY, GZ modifiers if the service is not an MVP benefit- use will result in denial 	

MVP recognizes and accepts current modifiers not specifically listed in this policy as a means to report additional clarification on procedure codes.

References

- MVP Provider Resource Manual Policy-Elective Delivery (For Providers and Facilities)
- CMS Pub. 100-04, chapter 12, section 40.2-40.5, and chapter 23, section 30.2

- www.trailblazerhealth.com/Publications/Training%20Manual/EvaluationandManagementServices
 .pdf
- www.aafp.org/online/en/home.html "Understanding When to Use Modifier -25", October 2004
- CPT 2007 Preventive Medicine Services Section
- CPT 2010 Profession Edition, American Medical Association. 2009
- Grider, Deborah, Coding With Modifiers, 3rd Edition. American Medical Association. 2004
- Medicare Claims Processing Manual Chapter 12 §§ 30.3.7, 40.2(A)(4)
- UWP Surgical Modifiers Training Module. 2010
- www.preventionpays.org/BillingInfo-PDFs/BillingInfo-WomensScreening.pdf
- www.health-information.advanceweb.com/Web-Extras/Online-Extras/Tips-for-EM-Service-Coding.aspx



Multiple Surgery Policy – VT Facilities Only

Type of Policy: Payment
Last Reviewed Date: 9/1/2017

Related Polices: N/A

Policy

For surgical procedures that occur in the outpatient or inpatient facility setting MVP follows the basic multiple surgery rules and will reduce reimbursement for the second procedure when done at the same time as the first procedure.

Definitions

Notification / Prior Authorizations Requests

D'YUgY fYZYf hc h\Y I h]]nUh]cb A UbU[Ya Ybh; i]XYg'UbX h\Y 6YbYZ]h ±bhYfdfYhUh]cb A Ubi U Vmj]g]h]b[a j d\YU'h\WfY'Wta 'UbX'G][b ±b hc nci f'UWti bhžhc XYhYfa]bY]ZU'gYfj]W fYei]fYg'Ub Ui h\cf]nUh]cb"

Billing / Coding Guidelines

Multiple Surgery Rule

Code	Description	Rule
10021-69990	Surgical Procedural Codes	 The primary procedure is identified by the higher priced allowed amount. The primary procedure performed in the operating room will be reimbursed at 100 percent of the contractual rate. Any subsequent surgical procedures performed in the operating room at the same time will be reduced to 50 percent of the contractual rate. Exemptions: Appendix D and E of the current year AMA Current Procedural Terminology (CPT) manual Existing Clinical Edits will still apply to these claims.

Code	Description	Rule
51798	Measurement of post-	This code will be exempt from the multiple
	voiding residual urine	surgery rule.
	and/or bladder capacity by	
	ultrasound, non-imaging	



NDC Policy

Type of Policy: Payment
Last Reviewed Date: 12/1/2018

Related Polices: N/A

Policy

MVP requires that when submitting NDC codes the NDC # must be valid. MVP requires the valid NDC and quantity be included on all claims where a medication is administered for outpatient or professional setting with a procedure code beginning with J or which has an O1E or O1D BETOS designation (The BETOS designation can be referenced on CMS file: https://www.findacode.com/hcpcs/McPCS-BETOS-2016.pdf). The only exceptions to this required NDC rule are for claims billed at the inpatient hospital location or for drugs purchased from the 340B program when billed with the UD modifier. If an NDC is submitted on any claim, for any procedure, that NDC will be verified for accuracy and the unit quantity will be reviewed to ensure it is not zero.

Definitions

NDC - National Drug Code

Referral / Notification/ Prior Authorizations Requests

Please refer to the Utilization Management Guides and the Benefit Interpretation Manual by visiting **mvphealthcare.com**, select *Providers* then *Sign In* to your account.

Billing/Coding Guidelines:

Instructions for filling out CMS 1500 form

- NDC should be entered in the shaded area of fields 24A 24G for the corresponding procedure code. The following should be included in order:
 - o Report the N4 qualifier (left justified)
 - o Followed immediately by 11 digit NDC (no hyphens)
 - o One space
 - o Followed immediately by Unit of measurement qualifier:
 - ☐ F2 International Unit
 - ☐ GR Gram
 - □ ML Milliliter
 - □ UN Unit
 - o Followed immediately by
 - Unit Quantity is limited to eight digits before the decimal and three digits after the decimal. If entering a whole number, do not use a decimal.
 - Must be > 0 and <= 9,999,999.999.
 - Examples:
 - 1234.56
 - 2
 - 9,999,999.999
 - o Example: N412345678901 UN1234.567

NDC Code:

24. A.	From DD	TE(S)	OF SEF	To DD	YY	B. PLACE OF SERVICE	C. EMG	D. PROCEDURA (Explain Un CPT/HCPCS	Circumstar			E. DIAGNOSIS POINTER	F. \$ CHARGES	G. DAYS OR UNITS	H. EPSOT Family Plan	I. ID. QUAL.	J. RENDERING PROVIDER ID. #
N4591	148001	665	UN1	10	21	-	0		57)	21	(9)		on on		N	G2	12345678901
10	01	05	10	01	05	11		J0400				A	500 00	1	N	NPI	0123456789

NDC Payment Policy Page 2 of 4

Instructions for filling out UB 04 form

- NDC should be entered into field 43
- The following should be included in order
 - o Report the N4 qualifier (left justified) followed immediately by:
 - o 11 digit NDC (no hyphens) followed immediately by:
 - o Unit of measurement qualifier:
 - ☐ F2 International Unit
 - ☐ GR Gram
 - □ ML Milliliter
 - □ UN Unit
 - o followed immediately by:
 - Quantity is limited to eight digits before the decimal and three digits after the decimal. If entering a whole number, do not use a decimal.
 - Must be > 0 and <= 9,999,999.999.
 - Examples:
 - o 1234.56
 - 0 2
 - o 9,999,999.999

Instructions for Electronic Claim Format

• If you bill electronically, complete the drug identification and drug pricing segments in Loop 2410 following the instructions below.

	2110	IOIIOVV	ing the manuchons	below.
Loop	Segr	nent	Element Name	Information
2410	LIN	02	Product or Service ID Qualifier	Use qualifier N4 to indicate that entry of the 11 digit National Drug Code in 5-4-2 format in LIN03
2410	LIN	03	Product or Service ID	Include the 11-digit NDC (No hyphens)
2410	СТР	04	Quantity	Include the quantity for the NDC billed in LIN03 O Quantity is limited to eight digits before the decimal and three digits after the decimal. If entering a whole number, do not use a decimal O Must be > 0 and <= 9,999,999.999. Examples: 1234.56 9,999,999,999
2410	СТР	05	Unit or Basis for Measurement Code	For the NDC billed in LIN03, include the unit or basis for measurement code using the appropriate code qualifier: F2 - International unit GR - Gram ML - Milliliter

NDC Payment Policy Page 3 of 4

NDC Formatting

- A valid NDC is submitted as an 11 digit code without any dashes.
- However, you will usually not see just 11 numbers when you look at an NDC on a medication package. This is because the 11 digits of an NDC are broken out into 3 sections.
 - o The first 5 digits identify the drug manufacturer.
 - o The next 4 digits identify the specific drug and its strength.
 - o The last 2 digits are indicative of the package size.
- In some cases, you may see a 5 digit-4 digit-2 digit code (for example 12345-1234-12).
 - o In this situation, you will simply have to remove the dashes, and submit the 11 numbers.
- But in most cases, you will see other formats as many manufacturers omit leading zeros in one or more of the three NDC sections.
- For a claim to be paid, the leading zeros must be added back into the appropriate place within the NDC to create an 11 digit NDC number that matches the Medispan and/or First Data Bank databases.

Here's how to convert your NDC into the 5-4-2 format and how to key it onto the claim form by adding the N4 qualifier:

Packaging NDC	Add leading zero(s) to the:	Conversion Examples	and is keyed as
Format			
4-4-2	First segment to make it 5-4-	4-4-2=1234-1234-12 becomes	N401234123412
	2	5-4-2=01234-1234-12	
5-3-2	Second segment to make it	5-3-2=12345-123-12 becomes	N401234123412
	5-4-2	5-4-2=12345-0123-12	
5-4-1	Third segment to make it 5-	5-4-1=12345-1234-1 becomes	N401234123412
	4-2	5-4-2=12345-1234-01	
3-2-1	First, second, and third	3-2-1=333-22-1 becomes	N400333002201
	segments to make it 5-4-2	5-4-2=00333-0022-	

Choosing the Applicable NDC:

- If a drug has two NDCs, one on the package and one on the vial, submit the NDC on the package rather than the vial.
- If the drug is a compound drug and does not have a single Federal NDC, individual components and their Federal NDC's must be billed on separate lines with appropriate numbers of units.

References

NYS DOH memo: MEDS NEWS: Status Change - Edit 00561 and 02066. Distributed 12/1/14.

NDC Payment Policy Page 4 of 4



Nurse Practitioner (NP)/Physician Assistant (PA)/ Clinical Nurse Specialists (CNS) Billing in a Skilled Nursing Facility, Nursing Facility, Inpatient Setting

Type of Policy: Payment
Last Reviewed Date: 6/1/2018
Related Policies: N/A

Policy

- MVP recognizes nurse practitioner, physician assistant and clinical nurse specialist billing guidelines as outlined below.
- MVP Commercial/ASO members are not eligible for nurse practitioner or physician assistant services in a skilled nursing facility.

Definitions

Consolidated Billing- Consolidated billing, which is similar in concept to hospital bundling, requires the SNF or NF to include on its Part A bill all Medicare-covered services that a resident has received during the course of a covered Part A stay, other than a small list of excluded services that are billed separately under Part B by an outside entity. CB also places with the SNF itself the Medicare billing responsibility for all of its residents' physical therapy (PT), occupational therapy (OT), and speech-language pathology (SLP) services, regardless of whether the resident who receives the services is in a covered Part A stay. There are a number of services that are excluded from SNF CB. Services that are categorically excluded from SNF CB include physicians' services furnished to SNF residents. Physician assistants working under a physician's supervision and nurse practitioners and clinical nurse specialists working in collaboration with a physician are also excluded.

Notification / Prior Authorizations Requests

Please refer to the Utilization Management Guides and the Benefit Interpretation Manual by visiting **mvphealthcare.com**, select *Providers* then *Sign In* to your account.

Billing/Coding Guidelines in a Skilled Nursing Facility

General Guidelines:

- MVP Commercial/ASO members are not eligible for nurse practitioner or physician assistant services in a skilled nursing facility.
- Except for the therapy services (PT,OT,SLP), the professional component of physician services and services of the following non-physician providers are excluded from Part A PPS payment and the requirement for consolidated billing, and may be billed separately.
 - Physician assistants, working under a physician's supervision;
 - Nurse practitioners and clinical nurse specialists working in collaboration with a physician;
- Providers should use appropriate place of service according to Medicare guidelines
- A physician may not delegate a task when the regulations specify that the physician must perform it personally, or when the delegation is prohibited under State law or by the facility's own policies
- The initial comprehensive visit in a SNF is the initial visit during which the physician completes a thorough assessment, develops a plan of care and writes or verifies admitting orders for the resident. Under the regulations at 42 C.F.R. 483.40(c)(1), the initial comprehensive visit must occur no later than 30 days after admission. Further, under 42 C.F.R. 483.40(c)(4) and (e), the physician may not delegate the initial comprehensive visit in a SNF. Non-physician practitioners may perform other medically necessary visits prior to and after the physician initial comprehensive visit.
- Once the physician has completed the initial comprehensive visit in the SNF, the physician may then delegate alternate visits to a Physician Assistant (PA), Nurse Practitioner (NP), or Clinical Nurse Specialist (CNS) who is licensed as such by the State and performing within the scope of practice in that State, as required under 42 C.F.R. 483.40(c)(4).
- MVP only pays for medically necessary face-to-face visits by the physician or NP/PA with the
 resident. If the NP/PA is performing the medically necessary visit, the NP/PA would bill for the visit.
- Payment may be made for the services of Nurse Practitioners (NPs) and Clinical Nurse Specialists
 (CNSs) who are employed by a SNF or NF when their services are rendered to facility residents. If NPs
 and CNSs employed by a facility opt to reassign payment for their professional services to the
 facility, the facility can bill the appropriate Medicare Part B carrier under the NPs' or CNSs' PINs for
 their professional services. Otherwise, the NPs or CNSs who are employed by a SNF or NF bill the
 carrier directly for their services to facility residents.
- Physician Assistants (PAs) who are employed by a SNF or NF cannot reassign payment for their
 professional services to the facility because Medicare law requires the employer of a PA to bill for the
 PA's services. The facility must always bill the Part B carrier under the PA's PIN for the PA's
 professional services to facility residents.

• The regulation at 42 CFR, § 483.40(b)(3) states, the physician must "Sign and date all orders with the exception of influenza and pneumococcal polysaccharide vaccines, which may be administered per physician-approved facility policy after an assessment for contraindications." In accordance with 42 CFR, Section 483.40(f), required physician tasks, such as verifying and signing orders in an NF, can be delegated under certain circumstances to a physician assistant, nurse practitioner, or clinical nurse specialist who is not an employee of the facility but who is working in collaboration with a physician. Therefore, in order to comply with survey and certification requirements, the physician must sign all orders written by an NP who is employed by the NF.

Billing/Coding Guidelines in a Nursing Facility

- The initial comprehensive visit in a NF is the same as in a SNF. That is, the initial comprehensive visit is the initial visit during which the physician completes a thorough assessment, develops a plan of care and writes or verifies admitting orders for the resident, which must take place no later than 30 days after admission. The regulations at 42 C.F.R. 483.40(f) state that "At the option of the State, any required physician task in a NF (including tasks which the regulations specify must be performed personally by the physician) may also be satisfied when performed by a nurse practitioner, clinical nurse specialist, or physician assistant who is not an employee of the facility but who is working in collaboration with a physician." In other words, non-physician practitioners that have a direct relationship with a physician and who are not employed by the facility may perform the initial comprehensive visit, any other required physician visit and other medically necessary visits for a resident of a NF as the State allows. Non-physician practitioners may also perform other medically necessary visits prior to and after the physician initial comprehensive visit.
- At the option of the State, NPs, PAs, and CNSs who are employees of the facility, while not permitted to perform visits required under the schedule prescribed at 42 C.F.R. 483.40(c)(1), are permitted to perform other medically necessary visits and write orders based on these visits. The physician must verify and sign any orders written by non-physician practitioners who are employed by the facility. For example, if a resident complains of a headache, the NP, CNS, or PA employed by the facility may assess the resident and write orders to address the condition. The physician must then verify and sign the orders. However, these medically necessary visits performed by NPs, CNSs, and PAs employed by the facility may not take the place of the physician required visits, nor may the visit count towards meeting the required physician visit schedule prescribed at 42 C.F.R. 483.40(c)(1).

Reimbursement Guidelines

Please see your provider fee schedule or your IPA agreement for specific reimbursement guidelines.

Sources

www.cms.gov/manuals/downloads/clm104c06.pdf www.cms.gov/SurveyCertificationGenInfo/downloads/SCLetter04-08.pdf www.cms.gov/MLNProducts/downloads/snfprospaymtfctsht.pdf www.cms.gov/SNFPPS/05_ConsolidatedBilling.asp www.cms.gov/MLNMattersArticles/downloads/SE0418.pdf



Observation Services for Facility and Provider

Type of Policy: Payment
Last Reviewed Date: 03/01/2019

Related Policies: N/A

Policy

MVP does not require a preauthorization for observation services. However, any observation services that are converted to an inpatient stay will require an authorization.

Observation services are limited to 48 hours. Any observation services over 48 hours will be denied at Observation stays greater than 48 hours not covered.

Definitions

Observation care is a well-defined set of specific, clinically appropriate services, which include ongoing short-term treatment, assessment, and reassessment before a decision can be made regarding whether patients will require further treatment as hospital inpatients or if they are able to be discharged from the hospital. Observation services are commonly ordered for patients who present to the emergency department and who then require a significant period of treatment or monitoring in order to make a decision concerning their admission or discharge.

Referral / Notification / Prior Authorizations Requests

Please refer to the *Utilization Management Guides* and the *Benefit Interpretation Manual* online at **mvphealthcare.com** and *Sign In* to your account to determine if a service requires an authorization.

Billing / Coding Guidelines

Observation services are covered only when provided by the order of a physician or another individual authorized by State licensure law and hospital staff bylaws to admit patients to the hospital or to order outpatient tests. In the majority of cases, the decision whether to discharge a patient from the hospital following resolution of the reason for the observation care or to admit the patient as an inpatient can be made in less than 48 hours, usually in less than 24 hours.

When a physician orders that a patient receive observation care, the patient's status is that of an outpatient. The purpose of observation is to determine the need for further treatment or for inpatient admission. Thus, a patient receiving observation services may improve and be released or be admitted as an inpatient.

Observation Services Page 1 of 2

The chart must document that the physician explicitly assessed patient risk to determine that the member would benefit from observation care. The physician's clinical documentation must support the requirement for an observation level of care or for full admission, in addition the physician's order must clearly identify the date and time of the member's admission or placement into observation status. The attending physician is responsible for evaluating the member at least each 24-hour interval.

MVP may retrospectively review observation services either pre-claim payment or post claim payment claim to ensure compliance with medical necessity criteria/regulatory as well as Administrative and Medical policies.

MVP does not reimburse observation services for the following:

- Preparation for, or recover from, diagnostic tests
- The routine recovery period following an ambulatory surgical procedure or an outpatient procedure
- Services routinely performed in the emergency department or outpatient department
 - Observation services should not be billed concurrently with diagnostic or therapeutic services for which active monitoring is a part of the service
- Observation services submitted with routine pregnancy diagnosis
- Retaining a member for socioeconomic factors
- Custodial care

References

www.cms.gov/Regulations-and-Guidance/Guidance/Manuals/Downloads/clm104c04.pdf

Observation Services Page 2 of 2



Occupational Therapy (OT)

Type of Policy: Payment Last Reviewed Date: 3/1/2019 Related Policies: N/A

Policy

Occupational therapy is reimbursed only when provided for the purpose of enabling the member to perform the activities of daily living.

Definitions

Occupational therapy (OT) is the use of purposeful activity or interventions designed to achieve functional outcomes which promote health or prevent injury or disability. It includes assessment by means of skilled observation or evaluation through the administration and interpretation of tests and measurements. OT may be appropriate for clinical findings such as changes in fine motor abilities, decreased strength or range of motion in small muscle groups, presence of pain, difficulty with activities of daily living (ADLs) and circulatory problems.

The American Medical Association (AMA) Current Procedural Terminology (CPT) manual defines a modality as "any physical agent applied to produce therapeutic changes to biologic tissue; includes but is not limited to thermal, acoustic, light, mechanical, or electric energy." Modalities may be supervised, not requiring direct patient contact by the provider, or modalities may require constant attendance by a health care professional. Examples of supervised modalities may include application of: hot or cold packs, vasopneumatic devices, whirlpool, diathermy and infrared. Modalities that require constant attendance include: ultrasound, electrical stimulation and iontophoresis.

The AMA CPT manual defines therapeutic procedures as "A manner of effecting change through the application of clinical skills and/or services that attempt to improve function." Examples of therapeutic procedures include therapeutic exercise to develop strength and endurance, range of motion and flexibility; neuromuscular re-education of movement, balance and coordination; and manual therapy techniques.

Notification / Prior Authorizations Requests

Please refer to the Utilization Management Guides and the Benefit Interpretation Manual by visiting **mvphealthcare.com**, select *Providers* then *Sign In* to your account.

Billing / Coding Guidelines:

The following CPT codes are covered for Occupational Therapy providers:

CPT Code	Description
97165	Occupation therapy: low complexity
97166	Occupational therapy: moderate complexity
97167	Occupational therapy: high complexity
97168	Re-evaluation of occupational therapy standard plan of care
97010	Application of a modality to one or more areas; hot or cold packs
97012	Application of a modality to one or more areas; traction, mechanical
97014	Application of a modality to one or more areas; electrical stimulation (unattended)
97016	Application of a modality to one or more areas; vasopneumatic devices
97018	Application of a modality to one or more areas; paraffin bath
97022	Application of a modality to one or more areas; whirlpool
97024	Application of a modality to one or more areas; diathermy (eg. microwave)
97026	Application of a modality to one or more areas; infrared
97028	Application of a modality to one or more areas; ultraviolet
97032	Application of a modality to one or more areas; electrical stimulation (manual), each 15 minutes
97033	Application of a modality to one or more areas; iontophoresis, each 15 minutes
97034	Application of a modality to one or more areas; contrast baths, each 15 minutes
97035	Application of a modality to one or more areas; ultrasound, each 15 minutes
97036	Application of a modality to one or more areas; Hubbard tank, each 15 minutes
97110	Therapeutic procedure, one or more areas, each 15 minutes; therapeutic
97112	exercises to develop strength and endurance, range of motion and flexibility Therapeutic procedure, one or more areas, each 15 minutes; neuromuscular reeducation of movement, balance, coordination, kinesthetic sense, posture, and/or proprioception for sitting and/or standing activities
97113	Therapeutic procedure, one or more areas, each 15 minutes; aquatic therapy with therapeutic exercises
97116	Therapeutic procedure, one or more areas, each 15 minutes; gait training (includes stair climbing)
97140	Manual therapy techniques (eg, mobilization/ manipulation, manual lymphatic drainage, manual traction), one or more regions, each 15 minutes
97530	Therapeutic activities, direct (one-on-one) patient contact by the provider (use of dynamic activities to improve functional performance), each 15 minutes
97535	Self-care/home management training (eg, activities of daily living (ADL) and compensatory training, meal preparation, safety procedures, and instructions in

97542	Wheelchair management (eg, assessment, fitting, training), each 15 minutes
97760	Orthotic(s) management and training (including assessment and fitting when not otherwise reported), upper extremity(s), lower extremity(s) and/or trunk, each 15 minutes
97761	Prosthetic training, upper and/or lower extremity(s), each 15 minutes
97762	Checkout for orthotic/prosthetic use, established patient, each 15 minutes

For reimbursement of DME supplies please see the Utilization Management policy in the *PRM* for dispensing guidelines and code coverage.

Non-Reimbursable OT Services

Duplicate therapy—if patients receive both occupational and physical or speech therapy, the therapies should provide different treatments and not duplicate the same treatment.

Non-Skilled Services—treatments that do not require the skills of a qualified provider of OT services, such as services which maintain function by using routine, repetitive and reinforced procedures, such as daily feeding programs, once adaptive procedures are in place.

Work hardening program—programs which attempt to recreate the work environment to rebuild self-esteem. These programs are designed to recondition a patient for their unique job situation, and are not designed to treat a specific medical condition; therefore, they are not covered. However, work-hardening therapies that improve mobility and function would be medically necessary. In those instances, work hardening therapy would be reimbursable.

Medicare Therapy Cap

There is a combined annual per beneficiary therapy cap amount for physical therapy and speech language pathology services combined and a separate amount allotted for occupational therapy services. The amount of the cap is determined by CMS and may change periodically.

The therapy cap with an exceptions process applies to services furnished in the following outpatient therapy settings: physical therapists in private practice, physician offices, skilled nursing facilities (Part B), rehabilitation agencies (or ORFs) comprehensive outpatient rehabilitation facilities (CORFs) and outpatient hospital departments.

The provider should use the KX modifier to the therapy procedure code that is subject to the cap limits only when a beneficiary qualifies for a therapy cap exception. The KX modifier should not be used prior to the member meeting their therapy cap. By attaching the KX modifier, the provider is attesting that the services billed:

- Qualified for the cap exception;
- Are reasonable and necessary services that require the skills of a therapist; and
- Are justified by appropriate documentation in the medical record.

Claims for patients who meet or exceed the Medicare annual stated therapy service threshold in therapy expenditures will be subject to a manual medical review.



Physical Therapy (PT)

Type of Policy: Payment
Last Reviewed Date: 3/1/2019
Related Policies: N/A

Policy

Medically necessary physical therapy, including rehabilitation after various surgeries, injuries and illness is considered reimbursable.

Definitions

Physical therapy (PT) is a prescribed program of treatment generally provided to improve or restore lost or impaired physical function resulting from illness, injury, congenital defect or surgery. The physical therapist enhances rehabilitation and recovery by clarifying a patient's impairments and functional limitations and by identifying interventions, treatment goals and precautions.

The American Medical Association (AMA) Current Procedural Terminology (CPT) manual defines a modality as "any physical agent applied to produce therapeutic changes to biologic tissue; includes but is not limited to thermal, acoustic, light, mechanical, or electric energy." Modalities may be supervised, not requiring direct patient contact by the provider, or modalities may require constant attendance by a healthcare professional. Examples of supervised modalities may include application of: hot or cold packs, vasopneumatic devices, whirlpool, diathermy and infrared. Modalities that require constant attendance include: ultrasound, electrical stimulation and iontophoresis.

The AMA CPT manual defines therapeutic procedures as "A manner of effecting change through the application of clinical skills and/or services that attempt to improve function." Examples of therapeutic procedures include therapeutic exercise to develop strength and endurance, range of motion and flexibility; neuromuscular re-education of movement, balance and coordination; gait training; and manual therapy techniques (e.g., manual traction).

Notification / Prior Authorization Requests

Please refer to the Utilization Management Guides and the Benefit Interpretation Manual by visiting **mvphealthcare.com**, select *Providers* then *Sign In* to your account.

Physical Therapy (PT) Page 1 of 4

Billing / Coding Guidelines

The following CPT codes are covered for Physical Therapy providers:

CPT Code	Description
97161	Physical therapy evaluation: low complexity
97162	Physical therapy evaluation: moderate complexity
97163	Physical therapy evaluation: high complexity
97164	Re-evaluation of physical therapy established plan of care
97010	Application of a modality to one or more areas; hot or cold packs
97012	Application of a modality to one or more areas; traction, mechanical
97014	Application of a modality to one or more areas; electrical stimulation (unattended)
97016	Application of a modality to one or more areas; vasopneumatic devices
97018	Application of a modality to one or more areas; paraffin bath
97022	Application of a modality to one or more areas; whirlpool
97024	Application of a modality to one or more areas; diathermy (eg, microwave)
97026	Application of a modality to one or more areas; infrared
97028	Application of a modality to one or more areas; ultraviolet
97032	Application of a modality to one or more areas; electrical stimulation (manual), each 15 minutes
97033	Application of a modality to one or more areas; iontophoresis, each 15 minutes
97034	Application of a modality to one or more areas; contrast baths, each 15 minutes
97035	Application of a modality to one or more areas; ultrasound, each 15 minutes
97036	Application of a modality to one or more areas; Hubbard tank, each 15 minutes
97110	Therapeutic procedure, one or more areas, each 15 minutes; therapeutic exercises to develop strength and endurance, range of motion and flexibility
97112	Therapeutic procedure, one or more areas, each 15 minutes; neuromuscular reeducation of movement, balance, coordination, kinesthetic sense, posture, and/or proprioception for sitting and/or standing activities
97113	Therapeutic procedure, one or more areas, each 15 minutes; aquatic therapy with therapeutic exercises
97116	Therapeutic procedure, one or more areas, each 15 minutes; gait training (includes stair climbing)
97124	Therapeutic procedure, one or more areas, each 15 minutes; massage, including effleurage, petrissage and/or tapotement

Physical Therapy (PT)

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	(stroking, compression, percussion)
97140	Manual therapy techniques (e.g., mobilization/manipulation, manual lymphatic drainage, manual traction), one or more regions, each 15 minutes
97530	Therapeutic activities, direct (one-on-one) patient contact by the provider (use of dynamic activities to improve functional performance), each 15 minutes
97535	Self-care/home management training (eg, activities of daily living (ADL) and compensatory training, meal preparation, safety procedures, and instructions in use of assistive technology devices/adaptive equipment) direct one-on-one contact by provider, each 15 minutes
97542	Wheelchair management (eg, assessment, fitting, training), each 15 minutes
97760	Orthotic(s) management and training (including assessment and fitting when not otherwise reported), upper extremity(s), lower extremity(s) and/or trunk, each 15 minutes
97761	Prosthetic training, upper and/or lower extremity(s), each 15 minutes
97762	Checkout for orthotic/prosthetic use, established patient, each 15 minutes

For coverage of DME supplies please see the Utilization Management policy in the PRM for dispensing guidelines and code coverage.

Non-Reimbursable PT Services

Non-skilled services—treatments that do not require the skills of a qualified PT provider, such as passive range of motion (PROM) treatment that is not related to restoration of a specific loss of function.

Duplicate therapy—if patients receive both physical and occupational therapy, the therapies should provide different treatments and not duplicate the same treatment. They must also have separate treatment plans and goals.

Maintenance programs—activities that preserve the patient's present level of function and prevent regression of that function. Maintenance begins when the therapeutic goals of a treatment plan have been achieved, or when no additional functional progress is apparent or expected to occur.

Physical Therapy for Acute Low Back Pain (<3 months)—MVP follows the National Institute of Health (NIH) guidelines for treatment of low back pain. The following physical therapy treatments are considered to be not medically necessary, unproven, or ineffective for patients with acute low back pain:

- Traction has not been proven effective
- Ultrasound, massage, ice, heat, diathermy, lasers, electrical stimulation to relieve symptoms of low back pain have not been proven effective
- TENS units
- Biofeedback has not been proven effective for acute low back pain

Physical Therapy (PT)

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- Acupuncture is not recommended for acute back pain
- Back (lumbar) corsets to treat acute low back pain have not been proven effective
- "Back School", a type of educational program for low back pain, has not been proven to be more effective than other treatments, and is not reimbursable

Medicare Therapy Cap

There is a combined annual per beneficiary therapy cap amount for physical therapy and speech language pathology services combined and a separate amount allotted for occupational therapy services. The amount of the cap is determined by CMS and may change periodically.

The therapy cap with an exceptions process applies to services furnished in the following outpatient therapy settings: physical therapists in private practice, physician offices, skilled nursing facilities (Part B), rehabilitation agencies (or ORFs) comprehensive outpatient rehabilitation facilities (CORFs) and outpatient hospital departments.

The provider should use the KX modifier to the therapy procedure code that is subject to the cap limits only when a beneficiary qualifies for a therapy cap exception. The KX modifier should not be used prior to the member meeting their therapy cap. By attaching the KX modifier, the provider is attesting that the services billed:

- Qualified for the cap exception;
- Are reasonable and necessary services that require the skills of a therapist; and
- Are justified by appropriate documentation in the medical record.

Claims for patients who meet or exceed the Medicare annual stated therapy service threshold in therapy expenditures will be subject to a manual medical review.

Reimbursement Guidelines

Please see your provider fee schedule or your IPA agreement for specific reimbursement guidelines.

References

MVP Utilization Management Policy, Provider Resource Manual, Section 10.3

Physical Therapy (PT)

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MVP Health Care Payment Policy

Preoperative Testing

Type of Policy: Payment
Last Reviewed Date: 06/01/2017

Related Policies: N/A

Policy

Routine preoperative testing is not reimbursable for up to thirty days prior to any inpatient or outpatient surgery. Routine preoperative testing will be denied as global to the surgery for all products. This policy applies to all physicians, free standing facilities, labs, and hospitals.

Definitions

Preoperative diagnostic tests are those that are performed to determine a patient's perioperative risk and optimize perioperative care.

Notification / Prior Authorizations Requests

D'YUgY fYZYf'hc h\Y'l hj`]nUhjcb A UbU[Ya Ybh; i]XYg'UbX'h\Y'6YbYZjh±bhYfdfYhUhjcb A Ubi U`Vmj]gjhjb[``a j d\YU'h\WfY'Wta 'UbX'G][b ±b hc not i f'UWti bhžhc XYhYfa]bY']Z'UgYfj]W'fYei]fYg'Ub Ui h\cf]nUhjcb"

Billing / Coding Guidelines

General Guidelines

The use of diagnostic testing as part of a pre-operative examination, where there is an absence of signs or symptoms indicating a need for the test, is not reimbursed. These services will be denied as global.

Examples of diagnostic tests which are often performed routinely prior to surgical procedures include:

- Electrocardiograms performed pre-operatively, when there are no indications for this test;
- Radiologic examination of the chest performed pre-operatively, when there are no indications for this test:

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- Partial thromboplastin time (PTT) performed prior to medical intervention when there are no signs or symptoms of bleeding or thrombotic abnormality or a personal history of bleeding, thrombosis conditions associated with coagulopathy;
- Prothrombin Time (PT) performed prior to medical intervention when there are no signs or symptoms of bleeding or thrombotic abnormality or a personal history of bleeding, thrombosis conditions associated with coagulopathy;
- Serum iron studies performed as a pre-operative test when there is no indication of anemia or recent autologous blood collections prior to surgery.

Claims submitted for these tests performed solely as part of a preoperative examination, without additional diagnoses will be denied as global. This is not an all inclusive list of tests or laboratory services, any test done for pre-operative purposes without signs or symptoms will be denied.

Hospital/clinic-specific policies, protocols, etc., in and of themselves cannot alone justify coverage. Assign the ICD-10 codes describing the signs, symptoms, or conditions that justify the need for the test. If no underlying signs, symptoms, or conditions are present, a screening code must be used.

ICD-10 Codes that DO NOT Support Reimbursement

For pre-operative testing (Chest X-ray, EKG, Partial Thromboplastin, Prothrombin Time, Serum Iron):

Z01.810	Encounter for preprocedural cardiovascular examination
Z01.811	Encounter for preprocedural respiratory examination
Z01.818	Encounter for other preprocedural examination
Z01.812	Encounter for preprocedural laboratory examination
Z01.818	Encounter for other preprocedural examination
Z01.30	Encounter for examination of blood pressure without abnormal findings
Z01.31	Encounter for examination of blood pressure with abnormal findings
Z01.89	Encounter for other specified special examinations
Z00.00	Encounter for general adult medical examination without abnormal findings
701 89	Encounter for other specified special examinations

Reimbursement Guidelines

• Please see your provider fee schedule or your IPA agreement for specific reimbursement guidelines.

Preoperative Testing Page 2 of 2



MVP Health Care Payment Policy

Preventive Healthcare

Type of Policy: Payment Policy

Last Reviewed Date: 3/1/2019

Related Policies:

Policy

MVP covers the full cost of Preventive Services outlined below with no copays, deductibles, or coinsurance for members in accordance with state and federal regulations when these services are the primary reason for a visit. Providers should still bill MVP for these services as appropriate; however, no copay/coinsurance/cost share should be taken at the time of service. Claims will still be subject to clinical edits and bundling. Some products (including but not limited to MVP Medicare) may have exclusions or variations to the Federal Healthcare Reform; providers should check the member's benefits to determine if preventive services apply to their plan

Payment of preventive services by MVP is dependent on correct claim submission using diagnosis and procedure codes which identify the services as preventive. All standard coding practices should be observed. When billing the primary reason for the visit, the diagnosis codes identified should be billed on the claim line level in the principal diagnosis position.

The following pages provide guidance related to designated preventive services and the associated ICD-10, CPT and HCPCS codes.

Definitions

Age Definitions:

<u>Adolescents and Children</u> –Affordable Care Act (ACA) covered preventive services are provided to members from birth through attainment of age 19.

Adults – ACA covered preventive services are provided to members 19 and older.

Notification / Prior Authorization Requests

Please refer to the Utilization Management Guides and the Benefit Interpretation Manual by visiting **mvphealthcare.com**, select *Providers* then *Sign In* to your account.

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Billing / Coding Guidelines

General Guidelines

No copayment, deductible or coinsurance will be applied when billed in accordance with standard code billing practices.

The following code sets; (99401-99404), (99381-99387) and (99391-99397) are used repeatedly throughout sections of the policy entitled "United States Preventive Services Task Force Recommendations"

Preventive medicine- Individual Counseling- Risk factor reduction for persons without specific illness (E&M Codes)	CPT codes
CPT codes 99401–99404 are used to report services that promote health and prevent Illness or injury in persons without a specific illness for which the counseling might otherwise be used as part of treatment Face to Face preventive counseling and risk factor reduction interventions will vary with age These codes are not to be used to report counseling and risk factor reduction interventions provided to patients with symptoms or established illness. For counseling individual patients with symptoms or established illness, use the appropriate office, hospital, consultation or other evaluation and management codes. These codes will be referred to as: Preventive medicine counseling and/or risk factor reduction intervention(s) provided to an individual without specific illness. throughout this policy	 99401-Preventive medicine counseling and/or risk factor reduction intervention(s) provided to an individual (separate procedure); approximately 15 minutes 99402- Preventive medicine counseling and/or risk factor reduction intervention(s) provided to an individual (separate procedure); approximately 30 minutes 99403- Preventive medicine counseling and/or risk factor reduction intervention(s) provided to an individual (separate procedure); approximately 45 minutes 99404-Preventive medicine counseling and/or risk factor reduction intervention(s) provided to an individual (separate procedure); approximately 60 minutes

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New Patient comprehensive	CPT codes
preventive medicine evaluation and	
management	
CPT codes 99381-99387 Preventive	99381-Initial comprehensive preventive medicine evaluation
initial E&M (new patient)	and management of an individual including an age and gender
These preventive evaluation and	appropriate history, examination, counseling/anticipatory
management (E&M) services are	guidance/risk factor reduction interventions, and the ordering
represented by distinct CPT codes	of laboratory/diagnostic procedures, new patient; infant (age
from those that represent problem-	younger than 1 year)
oriented evaluation and management	99382-Initial comprehensive preventive medicine evaluation
services. They are inherently	and management of an individual including an age and gender
Preventive and therefore, modifier 33	appropriate history, examination, counseling/anticipatory
would not be used with them.	guidance/risk factor reduction interventions, and the ordering
	of laboratory/diagnostic procedures, new patient; early
Note that codes 99381–99387 are age	childhood (age 1 through 4 years)
delimited and include counseling,	99383-Initial comprehensive preventive medicine evaluation
anticipatory guidance and risk factor	and management of an individual including an age and gender
reduction interventions that are	appropriate history, examination, counseling/anticipatory
provided at the time of the <i>initial</i>	guidance/risk factor reduction interventions, and the ordering
preventive medicine examination.	of laboratory/diagnostic procedures, new patient; late
The control of the section of the control of the co	childhood (age 5 through 11 years)
These codes will be referred to as:	99384-Initial comprehensive preventive medicine evaluation
New Patient comprehensive	and management of an individual including an age and gender
preventive medicine evaluation and	appropriate history, examination, counseling/anticipatory
management. throughout this policy	guidance/risk factor reduction interventions, and the ordering
	of laboratory/diagnostic procedures, new patient; adolescent
	(age 12 through 17 years)
	99385-Initial comprehensive preventive medicine evaluation and management of an individual including an age and gender
	appropriate history, examination, counseling/anticipatory
	guidance/risk factor reduction interventions, and the ordering
	of laboratory/diagnostic procedures, new patient; 18-39 years
	 99386-Initial comprehensive preventive medicine evaluation
	and management of an individual including an age and gender
	appropriate history, examination, counseling/anticipatory
	guidance/risk factor reduction interventions, and the ordering
	of laboratory/diagnostic procedures, new patient; 40-64 years
	 99387-Initial comprehensive preventive medicine evaluation
	and management of an individual including an age and gender
	appropriate history, examination, counseling/anticipatory
	guidance/risk factor reduction interventions, and the ordering
	of laboratory/diagnostic procedures, new patient; 65 years and

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older

Established Patient CPT codes comprehensive preventive medicine evaluation and management CPT Codes **99391-99397** 99391- Periodic comprehensive preventive medicine reevaluation These preventive evaluation and and management of an individual including an age and gender management (E&M) services are appropriate history, examination, counseling/anticipatory represented by distinct CPT codes guidance/risk factor reduction interventions, and the ordering of from those that represent laboratory/diagnostic procedures, established patient; infant (age problem-oriented evaluation and younger than 1 year) • 99392 - Periodic comprehensive preventive medicine reevaluation management services. They are inherently Preventive and and management of an individual including an age and gender therefore, modifier 33 would not appropriate history, examination, counseling/anticipatory be used with them. guidance/risk factor reduction interventions, and the ordering of laboratory/diagnostic procedures, established patient; early childhood (age 1 through 4 years) Preventive periodic E&M **99393 -** Periodic comprehensive preventive medicine reevaluation (established patient) (CPT codes 99391–99397) and management of an individual including an age and gender appropriate history, examination, counseling/anticipatory Note that codes 99391-99397 are guidance/risk factor reduction interventions, and the ordering of age delimited and include laboratory/diagnostic procedures, established patient; late counseling, anticipatory guidance childhood (age 5 through 11 years) and risk factor reduction **99394 -** Periodic comprehensive preventive medicine reevaluation interventions that are provided at and management of an individual including an age and gender the time of the *periodic* appropriate history, examination, counseling/anticipatory guidance/risk factor reduction interventions, and the ordering of comprehensive preventive laboratory/diagnostic procedures, established patient; adolescent medicine examination. (age 12 through 17 years) **99395-** Periodic comprehensive preventive medicine reevaluation These codes will be referred to as: **Established Patient** and management of an individual including an age and gender comprehensive preventive appropriate history, examination, counseling/anticipatory guidance/risk factor reduction interventions, and the ordering of medicine evaluation and laboratory/diagnostic procedures, established patient; 18-39 years management. throughout this **99396 -** Periodic comprehensive preventive medicine reevaluation policy and management of an individual including an age and gender appropriate history, examination, counseling/anticipatory guidance/risk factor reduction interventions, and the ordering of laboratory/diagnostic procedures, established patient; 40-64 years **99397-** Periodic comprehensive preventive medicine reevaluation and management of an individual including an age and gender appropriate history, examination, counseling/anticipatory guidance/risk factor reduction interventions, and the ordering of

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older

laboratory/diagnostic procedures, established patient; 65 years and

The table which follows indicates how preventive services should be billed in order for MVP Health Care's claims system to recognize that a copay, coinsurance or deductible should not be taken. Typically the procedure code that is billed needs to have an appropriate diagnosis or modifier on the claim to alert MVP the service is preventable. There are some procedures codes that do not apply copayment, coinsurance or deductible regardless of the diagnosis or modifier billed. This billing rules may also apply to state regulation that vary from US Preventive Services Task Force guidelines.

For example, a 55 year old man has a colonoscopy for colorectal cancer screening. The procedure for colonoscopy is billed using CPT procedure code 45378. The claim will not take a copay if either a modifier 33 is appended to the procedure or one of the diagnosis codes in the table such as z12.10 (Encounter for screening for malignant neoplasm of the intestinal tract, unspecified) is put in the first position on the claim. Associated services such as anesthesia will not be subject to copay, coinsurance, or deductible if a diagnosis code such as z12.10 is the first diagnosis on the claim.

Another example, a 40 year old woman has her first mammogram for breast cancer screening. The procedure for bilateral screening mammography is billed using CPT procedure code 77067. There are no other billing requirements. The claim will not take a copay for screening mammography for women, with or without clinical breast examination, every 1 to 2 years for women age 40 years and older.

United States Preventive Service Task Force Recommendations

Topic	Code	Billing	Code Description	"Task Force"
		Instruction		Recommendation
Abdominal	76706		Ultrasound B-scan and/or real	Medical
Aortic			time with image documentation;	The USPSTF recommends
Aneurysm			for abdominal aortic aneurysm	one-time screening for
Screening: Men:			(AAA) screening	abdominal aortic aneurysm
(June 2014)				by ultrasonography in men
Rating B				ages 65 to 75 years who
				have ever smoked
				Facility
				No cost share for one (1)
				time screening men aged
				65 to 75 who have ever
				smoked when billed with
				appropriate code and one
				of the following revenue
				codes: 0320-0329, 0400,
				0402, 0409.

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Topic	Code	Billing	Code Description	"Task Force"
		Instruction	·	Recommendation
Alcohol misuse: screening and counseling. (May 2013) Rating B	G0442		Annual alcohol misuse screening, 15 minutes	The USPSTF recommends that clinicians screen adults age 18 years or older for alcohol misuse and provide persons engaged in risky
	G0443 G0444		Brief face-to-face behavioral Annual depression screening, 15 minutes	or hazardous drinking with brief behavioral counseling interventions to reduce alcohol misuse.
	H0049		Miscellaneous Drug and Alcohol	
Bacteriuria screening: pregnant women. (July 2008) Rating A	87086	Bill with pregnancy related diagnosis code. See Pregnancy related diagnosis code set at the end of Policy	Culture, bacterial; quantitative colony count, urine	The USPSTF recommends screening for asymptomatic bacteriuria with urine culture in pregnant women at 12 to 16 weeks' gestation or at the first prenatal visit, if later
	87088	Bill with pregnancy related diagnosis code. See Pregnancy related diagnosis code set at the end of Policy	Culture, bacterial; with isolation and presumptive identification of each isolate, urine	
Blood pressure in adults: screening. (October 2015) Rating A	99401- 99404		Preventive medicine counseling and/or risk factor reduction intervention(s) provided to an individual without specific illness.	The USPSTF recommends screening for high blood pressure in adults aged 18 years or older. They also recommend obtaining measurements outside of the clinical setting for diagnostic confirmation before starting treatment.

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Topic	Code	Billing Instruction	Code Description	"Task Force" Recommendation
BRCA-Related Cancer: Risk Assessment, Genetic	99401- 99404		Preventive medicine counseling and/or risk factor reduction intervention(s) provided to an individual without specific illness.	Medical The USPSTF recommends Primary care providers screen
Counseling, and Genetic Testing:	96040,	Bill with Modifier 33	Covers genetic counseling (GC) visits provided by counselors only	women who have family members with breast,
(Dec 2013) Rating B	S0265	Bill with Modifier 33	Genetic counseling, under physician supervision, each 15 minutes	ovarian, tubal, or peritoneal cancer with one (1) of several
	81211		BRCA1, BRCA2 (breast cancer 1 and 2) (e.g., hereditary breast and ovarian cancer) gene analysis; full sequence analysis and common duplication/deletion variants in BRCA1 (i.e., exon 13 del 3.835kb, exon 13 dup 6kb, exon 14-20 del 26kb, exon 22 del 510bp, exon 8-9 del 7.1kb)	screening tools designed to identify a family history that may be associated with an increased risk for potentially harmful mutations in breast cancer susceptibility genes (BRCA1 or
	81212		BRCA1, BRCA2 (breast cancer 1 and 2) (e.g., hereditary breast and ovarian cancer) gene analysis; 185delAG, 5385insC, 6174delT variants	BRCA2). Women with positive screening results should receive genetic counseling and, if
	81214		BRCA1 (breast cancer 1) (e.g., hereditary breast and ovarian cancer) gene analysis; full sequence analysis and common duplication/deletion variants (i.e., exon 13 del 3.835kb, exon 13 dup 6kb, exon 14-20 del 26kb, exon 22 del 510bp, exon 8-9 del 7.1kb)	indicated after counseling, BRCA testing. Facility: No cost share for women to discuss positive BRCA testing when billed with
	81215		BRCA1 (breast cancer 1) (e.g., hereditary breast and ovarian cancer) gene analysis; known familial variant	appropriate code Modifier 33 must be appended to the code (96040, S0265) to
	81216		BRCA2 (breast cancer 2) (e.g., hereditary breast and ovarian cancer) gene analysis; full sequence analysis	consider it preventative. Also must be billed with the following revenue codes: 0500, 0510.

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Topic	Code	Billing	Code Description	"Task Force"
	01017	Instruction	PDC42.(L	Recommendation
BRCA-Related	81217		BRCA2 (breast cancer 2) (e.g.,	The USPSTF
Cancer: Risk			hereditary breast and ovarian	recommends Primary
Assessment,			cancer) gene analysis; known	care providers screen
Genetic			familial variant	women who have family
Counseling, and	81162		BRCA1, BRCA2 (breast cancer 1	members with breast,
Genetic Testing:			and 2) (e.g., hereditary BRCA1,	ovarian, tubal, or
(Dec 2013)			BRCA2 (breast cancer 1 and 2)	peritoneal cancer with 1
Rating B			(e.g., hereditary)	of several screening
(cont.)				tools designed to
				identify a family history
				that may be associated
				with an increased risk
				for potentially harmful
				mutations in breast
				cancer susceptibility
				genes (BRCA1 or
				BRCA2).
				Women with positive
				screening results should
				receive genetic
				counseling and, if
				indicated after
				counseling, BRCA
				testing.
				Facility: No cost share
				for women to discuss
				positive BRCA testing
				when billed with
				appropriate code
				Modifier 33 must be
				appended to the code (
				96040, S0265) to
				consider it preventative.
				Also must be billed with
				the following revenue
				codes: 0500, 0510
				22323. 3333, 3323

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Topic	Code	Billing	Code Description	"Task Force"
		Instructio		Recommendation
Breast Cancer Chemoprevention (Sept 2013) Rating B	99385-99397		Established Patient comprehensive preventive medicine evaluation and management	The USPSTF recommend that clinicians engage in shared, informed decision making with women who are at increased risk for breast cancer about medications to reduce their risk. For women who are at increased risk for breast cancer and at low risk for adverse medication effects, clinicians should offer to prescribe risk- reducing medications, such as tamoxifen or raloxifene.
Breast Cancer Screening. (Sept 2002) Rating B	99401- 99404 99386- 99387 99396- 99397	Medical &Fac ility code	Preventive medicine counseling and/or risk factor reduction intervention(s) provided to an individual without specific illness. New Patient comprehensive preventive medicine evaluation and management Established Patient comprehensive preventive medicine evaluation and management Screening digital breast Tomosynthesis, bilateral	The USPSTF recommends screening mammography for women, with or without clinical breast examination, every 1 to 2 years for women age 40 years and older.
	77067		Screening mammography, bilateral (2-view study of each breast), including computer- aided detection (CAD) when performed	

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Topic	Code	Billing	Code Description	"Task Force"
		Instructio		Recommendation
Breastfeeding interventions (Oct 2016) Rating B	99401- 99404		Preventive medicine counseling and/or risk factor reduction intervention(s) provided to an individual without specific illness.	The USPSTF recommends interventions during pregnancy and after birth to promote and support breastfeeding.
Cervical Cancer Screening (August 2018)	88141		Cytopathology, cervical or vaginal (any reporting system), requiring interpretation by	The USPSTF recommends screening for cervical cancer every 3 years with
Rating A	88142		Cytopathology, cervical or vaginal (any reporting system), collected in preservative fluid, automated thin layer preparation; manual screening under physician supervision	cervical cytology alone in women aged 21 to 29 years. For women aged 30 to 65 years, the USPSTF recommends screening every 3 years
	88143		Cytopathology, cervical or vaginal (any reporting system), collected in preservative fluid, automated thin layer preparation; with manual screening and rescreening under physician supervision	with cervical cytology alone, every 5 years with high-risk human papillomavirus (hrHPV) testing alone, or every 5 years with hrHPV testing in combination with cytology (cotesting).
	88147		Cytopathology smears, cervical or vaginal; screening by automated system under physician supervision	
	88148		Cytopathology smears, cervical or vaginal; screening by automated system with manual rescreening under physician supervision	
	88150		Cytopathology, slides, cervical or vaginal; manual screening under physician supervision	
	88152		Cytopathology, slides, cervical or vaginal; with manual screening and computerassisted rescreening under physician supervision	
	88153		Cytopathology, slides, cervical or vaginal; with manual screening and rescreening under physician supervision	

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Topic	Code	Billing	Code Description	"Task Force"
		Instruction		Recommendation
Cervical Cancer Screening (August 2018)Rating A	88154		Cytopathology, slides, cervical or vaginal; with manual screening and computer-assisted rescreening using cell selection and review under physician supervision	The USPSTF recommends screening for cervical cancer every 3 years with cervical cytology alone in women aged 21 to 29 years. For women aged 30 to 65 years, the USPSTF recommends screening every 3 years with cervical cytology alone, every 5 years with high- risk human papillomavirus (hrHPV)
	88155		Cytopathology, slides, cervical or vaginal definitive hormonal evaluation (e.g. maturation index, karyopyknotic index, estrogenic index). List separately in addition to code(s) or other technical and interpretive services	testing alone, or every 5 years with hrHPV testing in combination with cytology (cotesting).
	88164		Cytopathology, slides, cervical or vaginal (the Bethesda System); manual screening under physician supervision	
	88165		Cytopathology, slides, cervical or vaginal (the Bethesda System); with manual screening and rescreening under physician supervision	
	88166		Cytopathology, slides, cervical or vaginal (the Bethesda System); with manual screening and computer-assisted rescreening under physician supervision	
	88167		Cytopathology, slides, cervical or vaginal (the Bethesda System); with manual screening and computer-assisted rescreening using cell selection and review under physician supervision	

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Topic	Code	Billing Instruction	Code Description	"Task Force" Recommendation
Cervical Cancer Screening (August 2018)Rating A	88174		Cytopathology, cervical or vaginal (any reporting system), collected in preservative fluid, automated thin layer preparation; screening by automated system, under physician supervision	The USPSTF recommends screening for cervical cancer every 3 years with cervical cytology alone in women aged 21 to 29 years. For women
	88175		Cytopathology, cervical or vaginal (any reporting system), collected in preservative fluid, automated thin layer preparation; with screening by automated system and manual rescreening or review, under physician supervision	aged 30 to 65 years, the USPSTF recommends screening every 3 years with cervical cytology alone, every 5 years with high-risk human papillomavirus (hrHPV) testing alone, or every 5 years with hrHPV testing in combination with cytology (cotesting).
	G0101		Cervical or vaginal cancer screening; pelvic and clinical breast examination	
	G0123		Screening cytopathology, cervical or vaginal (any reporting system), collected in preservative fluid, automated thin layer preparation, screening by cytotechnologist under physician supervision	
	G0124		Screening cytopathology, cervical or vaginal (any reporting system), collected in preservative fluid, automated thin layer preparation, requiring interpretation by physician	
	G0141		Screening cytopathology smears, cervical or vaginal, performed by automated system, with manual rescreening, requiring interpretation by physician	

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Topic	Code	Billing	Code Description	"Task Force"
		Instruction		Recommendation
Cervical Cancer Screening (August 2018)Rating A	G0143		Screening cytopathology, cervical or vaginal (any reporting system), collected in preservative fluid, automated thin layer preparation, with manual screening and rescreening by cytotechnologist under physician supervision	The USPSTF recommends screening for cervical cancer every 3 years with cervical cytology alone in women aged 21 to 29 years. For women aged 30 to 65 years,
	G0144		Screening cytopathology, cervical or vaginal (any reporting system), collected in preservative fluid, automated thin layer preparation, with screening by automated system, under physician supervision	the USPSTF recommends screening every 3 years with cervical cytology alone, every 5 years with high-risk human papillomavirus (hrHPV) testing alone, or every 5 years with hrHPV testing in combination with cytology (cotesting).
	G0145		Screening cytopathology, cervical or vaginal (any reporting system), collected in preservative fluid, automated thin layer preparation, with screening by automated system and manual rescreening under physician supervision	
	G0147		Screening cytopathology smears, cervical or vaginal, performed by automated system under physician supervision	
	G0148		Screening cytopathology smears, cervical or vaginal, performed by automated system with manual rescreening	
	G0476		Infectious agent detection by nucleic acid (dna or rna); human papillomavirus (hpv), high-risk types (e.g., 16, 18, 31, 33, 35, 39, 45, 51, 52, 56, 58, 59, 68) for cervical cancer	
	P3000		Screening Papanicolaou smear, cervical or vaginal, up to 3 smears, by technician under physician supervision	

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Topic	Code	Billing	Code Description	"Task Force"
Cervical Cancer Screening (August 2018)Rating	P3001	Instructio	Screening Papanicolaou smear, cervical or vaginal, up to 3 smears, requiring interpretation by physician	Recommendation The USPSTF recommends screening for cervical cancer every 3 years with cervical cytology alone in
A	Q0091		Screening Papanicolaou smear; obtaining, preparing and conveyance of cervical or vaginal smear to laboratory	women aged 21 to 29 years. For women aged 30 to 65 years, the USPSTF recommends screening every 3 years with cervical cytology alone, every 5 years with high-risk human papillomavirus (hrHPV) testing alone, or every 5 years with hrHPV testing in combination with cytology (cotesting).
Chlamydia Screening Women.	87270 87320		Infectious agent antigen detection by immunofluorescent technique; Chlamydia trachomatis	The USPSTF recommends screening for chlamydia in sexually
(Sept 2014) Rating B	87490		Infectious agent detection by nucleic acid (DNA or RNA); Chlamydia trachomatis, direct probe technique	active women age 24 years or younger and in older women who are at increased risk for infection
	87491		Infectious agent detection by nucleic acid (DNA or RNA); Chlamydia trachomatis, amplified probe technique	
	87492		Infectious agent detection by nucleic acid (DNA or RNA); Chlamydia trachomatis, quantification	
	87590	Bill with Modifier 33	Infectious agent detection by nucleic acid (DNA or RNA); Neisseria gonorrhoeae, direct probe technique	
Chlamydia Screening Women. (Sept 2014)	87591		Infectious agent detection by nucleic acid (DNA or RNA); Neisseria gonorrhoeae, amplified probe technique	The USPSTF recommends screening for chlamydia in sexually active women age 24
Rating B	87592		Infectious agent detection by nucleic acid (DNA or RNA); Neisseria gonorrhoeae, quantification	years or younger and in older women who are at increased risk for infection
	87110		Culture, chlamydia, any source	

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Topic	Code	Billing	Code Description	"Task Force"
Colorectal	Medical	Instruction No cost share for		Recommendation The USPSTF
Colorectal Cancer Screening. (June 2016) Rating A	and Facility	Medical or Facility services when one billed with a modifier PT or 33		recommends screening for colorectal cancer starting at age 50 years and continuing until age
NY and VT	44388	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33 or PT	Colonoscopy Stomal Diagnostic	75 years. ALL Services associated
	44390	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33 or PT	Colonoscopy Stomal W Removal of foreign body.	with a screening colonoscopy including anesthesia, medically necessary office visits,
	44391	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33 or PT	Fiberoptic Colonoscopy; Hemorrhage Control	and associated laboratory tests are covered with no
	44402 No cost sl	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33 or PT	Colonoscopy through stoma; with endoscopic stent placement (including pre- and post-dilation and guide wire passage, when performed)	Copay/Deductible/ Coinsurance.
	44403	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33 or PT	Colonoscopy through stoma; with endoscopic mucosal resection	
	44404	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33 or PT	Colonoscopy through stoma; with directed submucosal injection(s), any substance	
	44405	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33 or PT	Colonoscopy through stoma; with transendoscopic balloon dilation	
	44406	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33 or PT	Colonoscopy through stoma; with endoscopic ultrasound examination, limited to the sigmoid, descending, transverse, or ascending colon and cecum and adjacent	
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Topic	Code	Billing Instruction	Code Description	"Task Force" Recommendation
Colorectal Cancer Screening. (June 2016) Rating A NY and VT	44407	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33 or PT	Colonoscopy through stoma; with transendoscopic ultrasound guided intramural or transmural fine needle aspiration/biopsy(s), includes endoscopic ultrasound examination limited	The USPSTF recommends screening for colorectal cancer starting at age 50 years and continuing until age
	44408	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33 or PT	Colonoscopy through stoma; with decompression (for pathologic distention) (eg, volvulus, megacolon), including placement of decompression tube, when performed	and associated laboratory tests are covered with no Copay/Deductible/ Coinsurance.
	billed with Modifier 33 or PT. rigid; diagnostic, with or without collection of specimen(s) by brushing or washing (separate	diagnostic, with or without collection of specimen(s) by brushing or washing		
45303 No cost share when billed with Modifier 33 or PT	Proctosigmoidoscopy, rigid; with dilation (e.g., balloon, guide wire, bougie)			
	45305	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33 or PT.	Proctosigmoidoscopy, rigid; with biopsy, single or multiple	
	45307	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33 or PT.	Proctosigmoidoscopy, rigid; with removal of foreign body	

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Topic	Code	Billing Instruction	Code Description	"Task Force" Recommendation
Colorectal Cancer Screening. (June 2016) Rating A NY and VT	45309	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33 or PT.	Proctosigmoidoscopy, rigid; with removal of single tumor, polyp, or other lesion by snare technique	The USPSTF recommends screening for colorectal cancer starting at age 50 years and continuing until age 75 years.
	45315	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33 or PT.	Proctosigmoidoscop y, rigid; with removal of multiple tumors, polyps, or other lesions by hot biopsy forceps, bipolar cautery or snare technique	ALL Services associated with a screening colonoscopy including anesthesia, medically necessary office visits, and associated laboratory tests are covered with no
	45317	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33 or PT	Proctosigmoidoscopy, rigid; with control of bleeding (e.g., injection, bipolar cautery, unipolar cautery, laser, heater probe, stapler, plasma coagulator)	Copay/Deductible/ Coinsurance.
	45320	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33 or PT.	Proctosigmoidoscopy, rigid; with ablation of tumor(s), polyp(s), or other lesion(s) not amenable to removal by hot biopsy forceps, bipolar cautery or snar technique (e.g., laser)	
	45327	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33 or PT.	Proctosigmoidoscopy, rigid; with transendoscopic stent placement (includes predilation)	

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Topic	Code	Billing Instruction	Code Description	"Task Force" Recommendation
Colorectal Cancer Screening. (June 2016) Rating A NY and VT	45330	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33 or PT	Sigmoidoscopy, flexible; diagnostic, including collection of specimen(s) by brushing or washing, when performed (separate procedure)	The USPSTF recommends screening
	45332	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33 or PT	Sigmoidoscopy, flexible; with removal of foreign body	ALL Services associated with a screening
	45337	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33 or PT.	Sigmoidoscopy, flexible; with decompression (for Pathologic distention) (e.g., volvulus, megacolon), including placement of decompression tube, when performed	colonoscopy including anesthesia, medically necessary office visits, and associated laboratory tests are covered with no Copay/Deductible/ Coinsurance.
	45341	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33 or PT.	Sigmoidoscopy, flexible; with endoscopic ultrasound examination	
	45347	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33 or PT.	Sigmoidoscopy, flexible; with placement of endoscopic stent (includes pre- and post-dilation and guide wire passage, when performed)	
	45355	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33 or PT.	Colonoscopy, rigid or flexible, transabdominal via colostomy, single or multiple	
	45378	No cost share when billed with a modifier PT or 33.	Colonoscopy, flexible, proximal to splenic flexure; diagnostic, with or without collection of specimen(s) by brushing or washing, with or without colon decompression (separate procedure)	

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Topic	Code	Billing Instruction	Code Description	"Task Force" Recommendation
Colorectal Cancer Screening. (June 2016) Rating A NY and VT	45379	No cost share when billed with a modifier PT or 33.	Colonoscopy, flexible, proximal to splenic flexure; with removal of foreign body	The USPSTF recommends screening for colorectal cancer starting at age 50 years and continuing until age 75 years.
	45381	No cost share when billed with a modifier PT or 33.	Colonoscope, submucous injection	ALL Services associated with a screening colonoscopy including anesthesia, medically necessary office visits,
	45382	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33 or PT.	Colonoscopy, flexible, proximal to splenic flexure; with directed submucosal injection(s), any substance	and associated laboratory tests are covered with no Copay/Deductible/ Coinsurance.
	45386	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33 or PT.	Colonoscopy, flexible; with transendoscopic balloon dilation	
	45389	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33 or PT.	Colonoscopy, flexible; with endoscopic stent placement (includes preand post-dilation and guide wire passage, when performed)	

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Topic	Code	Billing Instruction	Code Description	"Task Force" Recommendation
Colorectal Cancer Screenin g g. (June 2016) Rating A NY Only VT Variation on pg. 77	Medical and Facility	No cost share for Medical or Facility services when one billed with a modifier PT or 33 or one of the following ICD-10 codes are billed at the line level in the principal diagnosis position: Z12.10, Z12.11, Z12.12, Z80.0, Z83.71, Z83.79		The USPSTF recommends screening for colorectal cancer starting at age 50 years and continuing until age 75 years. ALL Services associated with a screening colonoscopy including anesthesia, medically necessary office visits, and associated laboratory tests are
	44389	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33, PT, or above ICD-10 code billed in principal position.	Fiberoptic Colonoscopy; W Biopsy Collect S	covered with no
	44392	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33, PT, or above ICD-10 code billed in principal position.	Colonoscopy Stomal W Rem Polyp Les	
	44394	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33, PT, or above ICD-10 code billed in principal position.	Colonoscopy Through Stoma; W Removal of Tumor/Polyp/Lesions By Snare	
	44401	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33, PT, or above ICD-10 code billed in principal position.	Colonoscopy through stoma; with ablation of tumor(s), polyp(s), or other lesion(s) (includes pre-and post-dilation and guide wire passage, when performed)	
	45305	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33, PT, or above ICD-10 code billed in principal position.	Proctosigmoidoscopy W Biopsy	

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Topic	Code	Billing Instruction	Code Description	"Task Force" Recommendation
Colorectal Cancer Screenin g g. (June 2016) Rating A NY Only VT	45309	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33, PT, or one of the following ICD-10 codes are billed at the line level in the principal diagnosis position: Z12.10, Z12.11, Z12.12, Z80.0, Z83.71, Z83.79	Proctosigmoidoscop y, Rigid; W Removal Single Tumor/Polyp/Lesion By Snare	The USPSTF recommends screening for colorectal cancer starting at age 50 years and continuing until age 75 years. ALL Services
Variation on pg. 77	45315	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33, PT, or ICD 10 code above billed in principal position	Proctosigmoidoscop y; Multiple Removals	associated with a screening colonoscopy including anesthesia, medically necessary office visits, and associated laboratory tests are
	45331	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33, PT, or ICD 10 code above billed in principal position	Sigmoidoscopy, flexible; with biopsy, single or multiple	covered with no Copay/Deductible/ Coinsurance.
	45333	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33, PT, or ICD 10 code above billed in principal position	Sigmoidoscopy, flexible; with removal of tumor(s) polyp(s), or other lesion(s) by hot biopsy forceps or bipolar cautery	
	45338	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33, PT, or ICD 10 code above billed in principal position	Sigmoidoscopy, flexible; with removal of tumor(s), polyp(s), or other lesion(s) by snare technique	
	45346	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33, PT, or ICD 10 code above billed in principal position	Sigmoidoscopy, flexible; with ablation of tumor(s), polyp(s), or other lesion(s) (includes pre- and post- dilation and guide wire passage, when performed)	

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Topic	Code	Billing	Code Description	"Task Force"
		Instruction		Recommendation
Colorectal Cancer Screening. (June 2016) Rating A NY Only VT Variation on pg. 77	45378	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33, PT, or one of the following ICD-10 codes are billed at the line level in the principal diagnosis position: Z12.10, Z12.11, Z12.12, Z80.0, Z83.71, Z83.79	Colonoscopy, flexible, proximal to splenic flexure; diagnostic, with or without collection of specimen(s) by brushing or washing, with or without colon decompression (separate procedure)	The USPSTF recommends screening for colorectal cancer starting at age 50 years and continuing until age 75 years. ALL Services associated with a screening colonoscopy including
	45380	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33, PT, or ICD 10 code above billed in principal position	Colonoscopy, flexible, proximal to splenic flexure; with biopsy, single or multiple	anesthesia, medically necessary office visits, and associated laboratory tests are covered with no
	45384	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33, PT, or ICD 10 code above billed in principal position	Colonoscopy, flexible, proximal to splenic flexure; with removal of tumor(s), polyp(s), or other lesion(s) by hot biopsy forceps or bipolar cautery	Copay/Deductible/ Coinsurance.
	45385	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33, PT, or ICD 10 code above billed in principal position	Colonoscopy, flexible, proximal to splenic flexure; with removal of tumor(s), polyp(s), or other lesion(s) by snare technique	
	45388	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33, PT, or ICD 10 code above billed in principal position	Colonoscopy, flexible; with ablation of tumor(s), polyp(s), or other lesion(s) (includes pre- and post-dilation and guide wire passage, when performed)	
	74263	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33, PT, or ICD 10 code above billed in principal position	Computed Tomographic (CT) colonography, screening, including image post processing	

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Topic	Code	Billing Instruction	Code Description	"Task Force" Recommendation
Colorectal Cancer Screenin g g. (June 2016) Rating A NY Only VT	88305	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33, PT, or one of the following ICD-10 codes are billed at the line level in the principal diagnosis position: Z12.10, Z12.11, Z12.12, Z80.0, Z83.71, Z83.79	Surg Pathology; Level 4 Gross & Microscopic examination	The USPSTF recommends screening for colorectal cancer starting at age 50 years and continuing until age 75 years. ALL Services associated with a
Variation on pg. 77	99152	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33, PT, or ICD 10 code above billed in principal position	Moderate sedation services provided by the same physician or other qualified health care professional performing the diagnostic or therapeutic service that the sedation support. Initial 15 minutes of intraservice time, age 5 and older	screening colonoscopy including anesthesia, medically necessary office visits, and associated laboratory tests are covered with no Copay/Deductible/ Coinsurance.
	99153	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33, PT, or ICD 10 code above billed in principal position	Moderate sedation services provided by the same physician or other qualified health care professional performing the diagnostic or therapeutic service that the sedation support, each additional 15 minutes intra service time.	

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Topic	Code	Billing Instruction	Code Description	"Task Force" Recommendation
Colorectal Cancer Screenin g g. (June 2016) Rating A NY Only VT Variation on pg. 77	polorectal ancer areenin g. une olfo) ating A Y Only ariation 99156 No cost share with Modi 33, PT, or one of following ICD-10 are billed at the lin the principal diposition: Z12.10, Z12.12, Z80.0, Z8 Z83.79	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33, PT, or one of the following ICD-10 codes are billed at the line level in the principal diagnosis position: Z12.10, Z12.11, Z12.12, Z80.0, Z83.71, Z83.79	Moderate sedation services provided by a physician or other qualified health care professional other than the physician or other qualified health care professional performing the diagnostic or therapeutic services that the sedation supports. Initial 15 minutes of intraservice time, patient age 5 and older.	The USPSTF recommends screening for colorectal cancer starting at age 50 years and continuing until age 75 years. ALL Services associated with a screening colonoscopy including anesthesia, medically necessary office visits, and associated laboratory tests are covered with no Copay/Deductible/
	99157	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33, PT, or ICD 10 code above billed in principal position	Moderate sedation services provided by a physician or other qualified health care professional other than the physician or other qualified health care professional performing the diagnostic or therapeutic services that the sedation supports. Each additional 15 minutes intraservice time.	Coinsurance.

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Topic	Code	Billing	Code Description	"Task Force"
		Instruction		Recommendation
Colorectal Cancer Screening. (June 2016) Rating A NY and VT	81528	No modifier or diagnosis code are required to be covered in full	Oncology (colorectal) screening, quantitative real-time target and signal amplification of 10 DNA markers (KRAS mutations, promoter methylation of NDRG4 and BMP3) and fecal hemoglobin, utilizing stool, algorithm reported as a positive or negative result	The USPSTF recommends screening for colorectal cancer starting at age 50 years and continuing until age 75 years. ALL Services associated with a screening colonoscopy including anesthesia, medically necessary office visits, and associated
	G0104	No modifier or diagnosis code are required to be covered in full	Colorectal cancer screening; flexible sigmoidoscopy	laboratory tests are covered with no Copay/Deductible/Coinsurance.
	82274	No modifier or diagnosis code are required to be covered in full	Blood, occult, by fecal hemoglobin determination by immunoassay, qualitative, feces, 1-3 simultaneous determinations	
	82270	No modifier or diagnosis code are required to be covered in full	Blood, occult, by peroxidase activity (e.g., guaiac), qualitative;	
	G0105	No modifier or diagnosis code are required to be covered in full	Colorectal cancer screening; colonoscopy on individual at high risk	

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Topic Code		Billing	Code Description	"Task Force"	
		Instruction	,	Recommendation	
Colorectal Cancer Screening. (June 2016) Rating A NY and VT	G0106	No modifier or diagnosis code are required to be covered in full	Colorectal cancer screening; alternative to G0104, screening sigmoidoscopy, barium enema	The USPSTF recommends screening for colorectal cancer starting at age 50 years and continuing until age 75 years.	
	G0120	No modifier or diagnosis code are required to be covered in full	Colorectal cancer screening; alternative to G0105, screening colonoscopy, barium enema	ALL Services associated with a screening colonoscopy including anesthesia, medically necessary office visits, and associated	
	G0121,	No modifier or diagnosis code are required to be covered in full	Colorectal cancer screening; colonoscopy on individual not meeting criteria for	laboratory tests are covered with no Copay/Deductible/ Coinsurance.	
	G0122,	No modifier or diagnosis code are required to be covered in full	Colorectal cancer screening; barium enema		
	G0328	No modifier or diagnosis code are required to be covered in full	Colorectal cancer screening; fecal occult blood test, immunoassay, 1-3 simultaneous determinations		
	S0285	No modifier or diagnosis code are required to be covered in full. Reimbursement will be set to Provider's contracted rate for 99212. Exception: Consistent with Medicare guidelines, code S0285 will not be reimbursed separately for Medicare product lines.	Colonoscopy consultation performed prior to a screening colonoscopy procedure		

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Topic	Code	Billing	Code Description	"Task Force"
		Instruction		Recommendation
Colorectal Cancer Screening. (June 2016) Rating A NY Only VT Variation on pg. 77	00811	Bill with Modifier PT or 33 or with one of the following ICD 10 Codes in the first Position. Z12.10, Z12.11, Z12.12, Z80.0, Z83.71, Z83.79	Anesthesia for lower intestinal endoscopic procedures, endoscope introduced distal to duodenum; not otherwise specified	The USPSTF recommends screening for colorectal cancer starting at age 50 years and continuing until age 75 years. ALL Services associated with a screening colonoscopy including anesthesia, medically necessary office visits, and associated laboratory tests are covered with no Copay/Deductible/ Coinsurance.
	00812	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33, PT, or ICD-10 code above billed in principal position	Anesthesia for lower intestinal endoscopic procedures, endoscope introduced distal to duodenum; screening colonoscopy	

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Topic	Code	Billing Instruction	Code Description	"Task Force" Recommendation
Dental caries prevention: infants and children up to age 5 years. (May 2014) Rating B	99401- 99404		Preventive medicine counseling and/or risk factor reduction intervention(s) provided to an individual without specific illness	The USPSTF recommends the application of fluoride varnish to the primary teeth of all infants and children starting at the age of primary
	99188		Application of topical fluoride varnish by a physician or other qualified health care professional	tooth eruption in primary care practices. The USPSTF recommends primary care clinicians prescribe oral fluoride supplementation starting at age 6 months for children whose water supply is fluoride deficient.
Depression Screening Adolescents (Feb 2016) Rating B	99401- 99404		Medical & Facility Preventive medicine counseling and/or risk factor reduction intervention(s) provided to an individual without specific illness	The USPSTF recommends screening for major depressive disorder (MDD) in adolescents aged 12 to 18 years. Screening should be implemented with
	96127	Medical & Facility. Applies to schoolaged children and adolescents. 12 years of age and Older.	Brief emotional/behavioral assessment (e.g., depression inventory, attention-deficit/hyperactivity disorder [ADHD] scale), with scoring and documentation, per standardized instrument	adequate systems in place to ensure accurate diagnosis, effective treatment and appropriate follow-up.

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Topic	Code	Billing	Code Description	"Task Force"
		Instruction		Recommendation
Depression Screening Adolescents (Feb 2016) Rating B	96160	Medical & Facility. Applies to children and adolescents. 12 years of age and older	Administration of patient-focused health risk assessment instrument (e.g., health hazard appraisal) with scoring and documentation, Per standardized instrument	The USPSTF recommends screening for major depressive disorder (MDD) in adolescents aged 12 to 18 years. Screening should be implemented with adequate systems in place to ensure accurate diagnosis, effective treatment, and appropriate follow-up.
	96161	Medical & Facility. Applies to children and adolescents. 12 years of age & older	Administration of caregiver- focused health risk assessment instrument (e.g., depression inventory) for the benefit of the patient, with scoring and documentation, per standardized instrument.	
Depression Screening (Adults, including Pregnant and Postpartum Women) Screening (Jan 2016) Rating B	99401- 99404	Medical & Facility	Medical & Facility Annual wellness Visit Preventive medicine counseling and/or risk factor reduction intervention(s) provided to an individual without specific illness	The USPSTF recommends screening for depression in the general adult population, including pregnant and
	96127	Medical & Facility.	Brief emotional/behavioral assessment (e.g., depression inventory, attention-deficit/hyperactivity disorder [ADHD] scale), with scoring and documentation, per standardized instrument	postpartum women. Screening should be implemented with adequate systems in place to ensure accurate diagnosis, effective treatment, and appropriate follow-up. When staff-assisted depression care supports are in place to ensure accurate diagnosis, effective treatment, and appropriate follow-up)
	96160	Medical & Facility.	Administration of patient-focused health risk assessment instrument (e.g., health hazard appraisal) with scoring and documentation, Per standardized instrument	
	96161		Administration of caregiver- focused health risk assessment instrument (e.g., depression inventory) for the benefit of the patient, with scoring and documentation, per standardized instrument.	
	G0439		Annual wellness visit, includes a personalized prevention plan of service (pps), subsequent	
	G0444		Annual Depression Screening 15 minutes	
	G0447		Face-to-face behavioral counseling for obesity, 15 minutes	
Preventive Healthcare	G0473		Face-to-face behavioral counseling for obesity, group (2-10), 30 minutes	Page 29 of 85

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Topic	Code	Billing	Code Description	"Task Force"
		Instruction		Recommendation
Diabetes Screening. (Oct 2015) Rating B	82947	Bill with one of the following ICD 10 Codes: OVERWEIGHT: • ICD-10: E66.3, Z68.25, Z68.26, Z68.27, Z68.28, Z68.29 And at least one of the following Additional Diagnosis Codes as follows: OVERWEIGHT: • ICD-10: E66.3, Z68.26, Z68.27, Z68.28, Z68.29 OBESITY: • ICD-10: E66.09, E66.1, E66.09, E66.1, E66.8, E66.9, Z68.41, Z68.42, Z68.43, Z68.44, Z68.45 BODY MASS INDEX 30.0 – 39.9: • ICD-10: Z68.30, Z68.31, Z68.32, Z68.33, Z68.34, Z68.35, Z68.37, Z68.38, Z68.37, Z68.38, Z68.37, Z68.38, Z68.39 BODY MASS INDEX 40.0 AND OVER: • ICD-10: Z68.41, Z68.42, Z68.43, Z68.44, Z68.45 ESSENTIAL	Glucose; quantitative, blood (except reagent strip).	The USPSTF recommends screening for abnormal blood glucose as part of cardiovascular risk assessment in adults aged 40 to 70 years who are overweight or obese. Clinicians should offer or refer patients with abnormal blood glucose to intensive behavioral counseling interventions to promote a healthful diet and physical activity. See Women's Preventive Health section for Screening for Gestational Diabetes Mellitus and Screening for Diabetes Mellitus after Pregnancy.

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Ι		LIVDEDTENICIONI.		
		HYPERTENSION: ICD-10: I10		
		HYPERTENSIVE		
		HEART DISEASE:		
		ICD-10: I11.0,		
		I11.9		
		HYPERTENSIVE		
		CHRONIC		
		KIDNEY		
		DISEASE:		
		ICD-10: I12.0,		
		I12.9		
		HYPERTENSIVE		
		HEART AND		
		CHRONIC		
		KIDNEY		
		DISEASE:		
		ICD-10: I13.0,		
		I13.10, I13.11,		
		I13.2		
		SECONDARY		
		HYPERTENSION:		
		ICD-10: I15.0,		
		I15.1, I15.2,		
		I15.8, I15.9, N26.2		
		N20.2		
	82950	Bill with one of	Glucose; post glucose dose	
	02930	the ICD – 10		
			(includes glucose)	
	02051	above.		
	82951	Bill with one of	Glucose: tolerance test (GTT),	
		the ICD - 10	3	
		codes listed	specimens (includes glucose)	
		above.		
	82952	Bill with one of	Glucose; tolerance test, each	
		the ICD - 10	additional beyond 3	
		codes listed	specimens (List separately	
		above.	in addition to code for	
	82948	Bill with one of	Glucose; blood, reagent strip	
		the ICD - 10		
		codes listed		
		above.		

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Topic	Code	Billing Instruction	Code Description	"Task Force" Recommendation
Falls prevention in older adults. (April 2018) Rating B				The USPSTF recommends exercise interventions to prevent falls in community-dwelling adults 65 years or older who are at increased risk for falls.

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Topic	Code	Billing	Code Description	"Task Force"
·		Instruction	·	Recommendation
Folic acid: supplementatio n n. (Jan 2017) Rating A	99401- 99404	Medical & Facility	Medical & Facility Preventive medicine counseling and/or risk factor reduction intervention(s) provided to an individual without specific illness	The USPSTF recommend that all women planning or capable of pregnancy take a daily supplement containing 0.4 to 0.8 mg (400 to 800 µg) of folic acid.
Gestational Diabetes mellitus Screening (Jan 2014) Rating B	82977	Bill with ICD- 10 Z13.1	Glutamyltransferase, gamma (GGT) s	 The USPSTF recommends screening for gestational diabetes Mellitus in asymptomatic pregnant women after 24 weeks gestation. For additional diabetes screening benefits, see the Women's Preventive Health section for Screening for Gestational Diabetes Mellitus and Screening for Diabetes Mellitus after Pregnancy.
Gonorrhea Screening Sexually Active Women. (Sept 2014) Rating B	87590 87591 87592	Bill with Modifier33	Infectious agent detection by nucleic acid (DNA or RNA); Neisseria gonorrhoeae, direct probe technique Infectious agent detection by nucleic acid (DNA or RNA); Neisseria gonorrhoeae, amplified probe technique Infectious agent detection by nucleic acid (DNA or RNA); Neisseria gonorrhoeae, quantification	The USPSTF recommends screening for gonorrhea in sexually active women age 24 years and younger and in older women who are at increased risk for infection.

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MVP Health Care Payment Policy

Gonorrhea	Medical	Global to	Would be included in Hospital	The USPSTF
prophylactic	&Facility	infant nursery	bill or well-baby codes.	recommends
medication:	_	care inpatient	•	prophylactic ocular
newborns.		admission		topical medication for
(July 2011) Rating				all newborns for the
Α				prevention of
				gonococcal ophthalmic
				neonatorum.

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Topic	Code	Billing	Code Description	"Task Force"
		Instruction		Recommendation
Healthy diet and physical activity counseling to prevent cardiovascular disease: adults with cardiovascular risk factors. (Aug 2014) Rating B	Medical & Facility 99401- 99404		Preventive medicine counseling and/or risk factor reduction intervention(s) provided to an individual without specific illness	The USPSTF recommend offering or referring adults who are overweight or obese and have additional cardiovascular disease (CVD) risk factors to intensive behavioral counseling interventions to promote a healthful diet and physical activity for CVD prevention.
Hearing loss screening: newborns. (July 2008) rating B	Medical& Facility 92551	Diagnosis Code set for Hearing loss screening in newborns Z00.110, Z00.111, Z00.121, Z00.129. No diagnosis code required for Facility.	Definition needed- No results Screening test, pure tone, air only.	Medical The USPSTF recommends screening for hearing loss in all newborn infants. When billed with appropriate code (left) along with ICD 10 codes billed in the principal diagnosis position; Facility No copay for screening
	92560 92552 92585	Bill with one of the ICD - 10 diagnosis codes listed above Bill with one of the ICD - 10 diagnosis codes listed above Bill with one of the ICD - 10 diagnosis codes listed above	Pure tone audiometry (threshold); air only	hearing loss in newborns when billed with appropriate code

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Topic	Code	Billing	Code Description	"Task Force"
		Instruction		Recommendation
Hearing loss	92586	Diagnosis	Auditory evoked potentials for	Medical
screening:		Code set for	evoked response audiometry	The USPSTF
newborns.		Hearing loss	and/or testing of the central	recommends screening
(July 2008) rating B		screening in	nervous system; limited	for hearing loss in all
		newborns		newborn infants.
		Z00.110, Z00.111,		When billed with
		Z00.111, Z00.121,		appropriate code
		Z00.121, Z00.129.		along with ICD 10 codes billed in the
		No diagnosis		principal diagnosis
		code		position;
		required for		position,
		Facility.		Facility
	92587	Bill with one	Evoked otoacoustic emissions;	No copay for screening
	32307	of the ICD -	limited (single stimulus level,	hearing loss in
		10 diagnosis	either transient or distortion	newborns when billed
		codes listed	products)	with appropriate code
		above	,	(left.)
	92588	Bill with one	Distortion product evoked	
		of the ICD -	otoacoustic emissions;	
		10 diagnosis	comprehensive diagnostic	
		codes listed	evaluation (quantitative	
		above	analysis of outer hair cell	
			function by cochlear mapping,	
			minimum of 12 frequencies),	
			with interpretation and report	
	V5008	Bill with one	Hearing screening	
		of the ICD -		
		10 diagnosis		
		codes listed		
	05666	above	6: 11 6 11 5:	
<u>Hemoglobinopathies</u>	85660		Sickle Cell Disease screening	No copay for screening
screening:				of sickle cell disease in
newborns: The USPSTF recommends				newborns under 2 months old when
screening for sickle				submitted with
cell disease in				appropriate code (left).
newborns (Sept 2007				appropriate code (left).
Hewboths (Sept 2007				

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Topic	Code	Billing Instruction	Code Description	"Task Force" Recommendation
Hepatitis B screening: nonpregnant adolescents and adults. (May 2014) Rating B	G0499	Medical &Facility	Hepatitis B testing	The USPSTF recommends screening for hepatitis B virus infection in persons at high risk for infection.
Hepatitis B screening: pregnant women (June 2009) Rating A	87340	Medical &Facility	Hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg)	The USPSTF recommends screening for hepatitis B virus infection in pregnant women at their first prenatal visit.
Hepatitis C virus infection screening: adults	86803		Hepatitis C antibody; confirmatory test (e.g., immunoblot)	The USPSTF recommends screening for hepatitis C virus
(June 2013) Rating B	86804		Hepatitis C antibody; confirmatory test (e.g., immunoblot)	(HCV) infection in persons at high risk for infection. The USPSTF also recommends offering one-time screening for HCV infection to adults born between 1945 and 1965.
	G0472		Hepatitis C antibody screening for individual at high risk and other covered indication(s)	
High blood pressure in adults: screening. (Oct 2015) Rating A	99401- 99404		Preventive medicine counseling and/or risk factor reduction intervention(s) provided to an individual without specific illness	The USPSTF recommends screening for high blood pressure in adults aged 18 years or older. The USPSTF recommends obtaining measurements outside of the clinical setting for diagnostic confirmation before starting treatment.

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Topic	Code	Billing	Code Description	"Task Force"
LITY Companies of (A4	0.6701	Instruction		Recommendation
HIV Screening (At Risk Adults, Adolescents, and NON-Pregnant Women) (April 2013) Rating A	86701		Antibody; HIV-1	The USPSTF recommends that clinicians screen for HIV infection in adolescents and adults ages 15 to 65 years. Younger adolescents and older adults who are at increased risk should also be screened.
	86702		Antibody; HIV-2	
	86703		Antibody; HIV-1 and HIV-2, single assay	
	87390		Infectious agent antigen detection by enzyme immunoassay technique, qualitative or semi quantitative, multiple-step method; HIV-1	
	87535,		Infectious agent detection by nucleic acid (DNA or RNA); HIV-1, amplified probe technique	
	87534,		Infectious agent detection by nucleic acid (DNA or RNA); HIV-1, direct probe technique	
	87536		Infectious agent detection by nucleic acid (DNA or RNA); HIV-1, quantification, includes reverse transcription when performed	
	G0476		HIV antigen/antibody, combination assay, screening	
	S3645		Hiv-1 antibody testing of oral mucosal transudate	

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Topic	Code	Billing	Code Description	"Task Force"
		Instruction		Recommendation
HIV Screening Pregnant Women) (April 2013) Rating A	86701		Antibody; HIV-1	The USPSTF recommends that clinicians screen for HIV including those who present I labor who are untested and whose HIVV status is unknown
	86702		Antibody; HIV-2	Modical & Eacility No.
	86703		Antibody; HIV-1 and HIV-2, single assay	Medical & Facility No cost share for screening HIV infection in
	87390		Infectious agent antigen detection by enzyme immunoassay technique, qualitative or semi quantitative, multiple-step method; HIV-1	pregnant women, including those who present in labor who are untested and whose HIV status is unknown.
	87535,		Infectious agent detection by nucleic acid (DNA or RNA); HIV-1, amplified probe technique	Submit bill with appropriate code
	87534,		Infectious agent detection by nucleic acid (DNA or RNA); HIV-1, direct probe technique	
	87536		Infectious agent detection by nucleic acid (DNA or RNA); HIV-1, quantification, includes reverse transcription when performed	
	G0475		HIV antigen/antibody, combination assay, screening	
	S3645		Hiv-1 antibody testing of oral mucosal transudate	
Hypothyroidism Screening (newborns) The USPSTF recommends screening for congenital hypothyroidism in newborns. (March 2008) Rating A	84437		Hypothyroidism screening in newborns	No cost share for congenital hypothyroidism screening in newborns when billed with appropriate CPT code.

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Topic	Code	Billing	Code Description	"Task Force"
		Instruction		Recommendation
Hyperthyroidism (Phenylketonuria) Screening (newborns). (Mar 2008) Rating A	84030		Phenylketonuria screening	The USPSTF recommends screening for phenylketonuria in newborns
Intimate partner violence screening:	99385- 99387	Medical &Facility	New Patient comprehensive preventive medicine evaluation and management	The USPSTF recommends that clinicians screen women
women of	99395-		Established Patient	of childbearing age for
childbearing age. (Jan 2013)Rating B	99397		comprehensive preventive medicine evaluation and management	intimate partner violence, such as domestic violence, and
	99401- 99404		Preventive medicine counseling and/or risk factor reduction intervention(s) provided to an individual without specific illness.	provide or refer women who screen positive to intervention services. This recommendation applies to women who do not have signs or symptoms of abuse.
Lung Cancer Screening. (Dec 2013) Rating B	G0297	Prior authorization is required for G0297	Low dose CT scan (LDCT) for lung cancer screening	The USPSTF recommends annual screening for lung cancer with low-dose
	G0296		Counseling visit to discuss need for lung cancer screening (ldct) using low dose CT scan (service is for eligibility determination and shared decision making)	

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Topic	Code	Billing	Code Description	"Task Force"
Торіс	Couc	Instruction	code Description	Recommendation
Obesity,	99381-	Instruction	New Patient comprehensive	The USPSTF recommends that
Screening and	99387		preventive medicine	clinicians offer or refer adults
counseling: adults.	00305		evaluation and	with a body mass index of 30 or
	99395-		Established Patient	higher (calculated as weight in
(September	99397		comprehensive	kilograms divided by height in
2018)			preventive medicine	meters squared) to intensive,
Rating B	00.401		evaluation and	multicomponent behavioral interventions.
	99401-		Preventive medicine	interventions.
	99404		counseling	
			and/or risk factor reduction	
	60447		intervention(s) provided to	
	G0447		Face-to-face behavioral	
			counseling for	
	N 4 1' 1		obesity, 15 minutes	TI LICECTE
Obesity	Medical		New Patient comprehensive	The USPSTF
Screening and	& Facility		preventive medicine	recommends that
counseling:	99381-		evaluation & management	clinicians screen
children.	99387 99395-		Established Patient	children age 6 years and
(Jan 2010) Rating	99397		comprehensive	older for obesity and offer them
В	33331		preventive medicine	or refer them to comprehensive,
			evaluation and	intensive behavioral interventions
	99401-		Preventive medicine	to
	99404		counseling and/or risk factor	promote improvement in weight status.
	33404		reduction intervention(s)	weight status.
			provided to an individual	
			without specific illness.	
	G0447		Face-to-face behavioral	
			counseling for	
			obesity, 15 minutes	
Osteoporosis	Medical		Dual-energy X-ray	The USPSTF recommends
screening:	& Facility		absorptiometry (DXA), bone	screening for osteoporosis
women.	77080		density study, 1 or more sites;	
(June 2018) Rating			axial skeleton (e.g., hips,	testing:
В			pelvis, & spine)	To prevent osteoporotic
	77081		Dual-energy X-ray	fractures in women 65
			absorptiometry (DXA),	years and older.
			bone density study, 1 or	In postmenopausal women
			more sites;	younger than 65 years who
			appendicular skeleton	are at increased risk of
			(peripheral)	osteoporosis, as
			(e.g., radius, wrist, heel)	determined by a formal
				clinical risk assessment
				tool.

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Topic	Code	Billing Instruction	Code Description	"Task Force" Recommendation
Preeclampsia screening (April 2017) Rating B	99394 99395 99396	Medical & Facility. Use codes to the left.	Established Patient comprehensive preventive medicine evaluation and management.	The USPSTF recommends screening for preeclampsia in pregnant women with blood pressure measurements throughout pregnancy.
Preeclampsia prevention: aspirin: recommend the use of low-dose aspirin (81 mg/d) as preventive medication after 12 weeks of gestation in women who are at high risk for preeclam psia	Medical & Facility		Medical & Facility Preventive medicine counseling and/or risk factor reduction interventions	The USPSTF recommends the use of low dose aspirin (81mg/d) as preventive medication after 12 weeks of gestation in women who are at high risk for preeclampsia. A written prescription for aspirin is required: Age limit >/= 12 (women) QL of 100 units/fill Generics only Single ingredient OTC dosages 325mg or less
Rh incompatibility screening.24- 28 weeks gestation (Feb 2004) Rating B	86901	Medical &Facility and appropriat e Pregnancy related ICD 10 diagnosis code at end of Policy.		The USPSTF recommends repeated Rh (D) antibody testing for all unsensitized Rh (D)- negative women at 24 to 28 weeks' gestation, unless the biological father is known to be Rh (D)-negative.

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Topic	Code	Billing Instruction	Code Description	"Task Force" Recommendation
Rh incompatibility screening: first pregnancy visit: strongly recommends Rh (D) blood typing and antibody testing for all pregnant women during their first visit for pregnancy- related care.	Medical & Facility 86901	THE TOTAL PROPERTY OF	Medical & Facility Blood typing; Rh (D)antibody testing	Medical & Facility No cost share for Rh incompatibility screening for all pregnant women during their first visit for pregnancy-related care when billed with appropriate code and appropriate Pregnancy related ICD 10 diagnosis code set billed in the principal diagnosis position.
Sexually transmitted infections counseling. (Sept 2014) Rating B	99401- 99404		Preventive medicine counseling and/or risk factor reduction intervention(s) provided to an individual without specific illness.	The USPSTF recommends intensive behavioral counseling for all sexually active adolescents and for adults who are at increased risk for sexually transmitted infections. No copay in females with Cervical Dysplasia Sexually Active Females
Skin Cancer Behavioral Counseling. March 2018 (May 2012) Rating B	99381- 99385		New Patient comprehensive preventive medicine evaluation and management	The USPSTF recommends counseling young adults, adolescents, children, and parents of young children about minimizing exposure to
	99391- 99395		Established Patient comprehensive preventive medicine evaluation and management	ultraviolet (UV) radiation for persons aged 6 months to 24 years with fair skin types to reduce their risk of skin cancer.
	99401- 99404		Preventive medicine Counseling and/or risk facto reduction intervention(s) provided to an individual without specific illness.	

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Topic	Code	Billing	Code Description	"Task Force"
		Instruction		Recommendation
Statin preventive medication: adults ages 40–75 years with no history of CVD, 1 or more CVD risk factors, and a calculated 10-year CVD event risk of 10% or greater	82465,		Cholesterol, serum or whole blood, total	No cost share for adults without a history of cardiovascular disease (CVD) (i.e., symptomatic coronary artery disease or ischemic stroke) use a low- to moderate-dose statin for the prevention of CVD events and mortality
	83718,		Lipoprotein, direct measurement; high density cholesterol (HDL cholesterol)	when all of the following criteria are met: 1) they are ages 40 to 75 years; 2) they have 1 or more CVD risk factors (i.e., dyslipidemia, diabetes, hypertension, or smoking); and 3) they have a calculated 10-
	84478		Triglycerides	year risk of a cardiovascular event of 10% or greater. Identification of dyslipidemia and calculation of 10-year CVD event risk requires universal lipids screening in adults ages 40 to 75 years

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Topic	Code	Billing Instruction	Code Description	"Task Force" Recommendation
Statin preventive	82465,		Cholesterol,	Pharmacy Guidelines
medication: adults			serum or whole	Men and women ages
ages 40–75 years with			blood, total	40 through 75 years
no history of CVD, 1				old
or more CVD risk				 No quantity limit
factors, and a				No prior
calculated 10-year			-	authorization
CVD event risk of 10%				 Low to moderate dose
or greater				statins, generics only
				(no high dose or brand
				statins are included)
				o Atorvastatin 10
	83718		Lipoprotein, direct	mg, 20 mg
			measurement; high	o Fluvastatin 20 mg,
			density cholesterol	40 mg
			(HDL cholesterol)	o Fluvastatin ER 80
				mg
				o Lovastatin 10 mg,
				20 mg, 40 mg o Pravastatin 10
				mg, 20 mg, 40
				mg, 80 mg
				o Rosuvastatin 5
				mg, 10 mg
				o Simvastatin 5 mg,
	84478		Triglycerides	10 mg, 20 mg, 40
				mg
				As with other ACA-
				mandated preventive
				services coverage for
				non-grandfathered plans,
				coverage will be provided
				at zero member cost
				share. For statin
				prescriptions outside of
				these age ranges and/or
				strengths, the standard

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Topic	Code	Billing Instruction	Code Description	"Task Force"
Syphilis Screening:	86592		Syphilis test, non-	Recommendation The USPSTF
non-pregnant persons. (June 2016) Rating A	80392		Treponema antibody; qualitative (e.g., VDRL, RPR, ART)	recommends screening for syphilis infection in persons who are at increased risk for
	86593		Syphilis test, non- treponemal antibody; quantitative	infection
	87164		Dark field examination, any source (e.g., penile, vaginal, oral, skin); includes specimen collection	
	87166,		Dark field examination, any source (e.g., penile, vaginal, oral, skin); without collection	
	87285		Infectious agent antigen detection by immunofluorescent technique; Treponema pallidum	
Syphilis Screening pregnant women (September 2018) Rating A	86592		Syphilis test, non- Treponema antibody; qualitative (e.g., VDRL, RPR, ART)	The USPSTF recommends early screening for syphilis infection in all pregnant women.
	86593,		Syphilis test, non- treponemal antibody; quantitative	
	87164,		Dark field examination, any source (e.g., penile, vaginal, oral, skin); includes specimen collection	
	87166,		Dark field examination, any source (e.g., penile, vaginal, oral, skin); without collection	

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Topic	Code	Billing Instruction	Code Description	"Task Force"
				Recommendation
Syphilis Screening pregnant women (September 2018) Rating A	99406	Medical and	Infectious agent antigen detection by immunofluorescent technique; Treponema pallidum Smoking and tobacco	The USPSTF recommends early screening for syphilis infection in all pregnant women The USPSTF
Counseling and Interventions: Non- pregnant adults. (Sept 2015) Rating A		Facility Bill with CPT code to left	use cessation counseling visit; intermediate, greater than 3 minutes up to 10 minutes	recommends that clinicians ask all adults about tobacco use, advise them to stop
	99407,	Medical and Facility Bill with CPT code to left	Smoking and tobacco use cessation counseling visit; intensive, greater than 10 minutes	using tobacco, and provide behavioral interventions and U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA)–
	S9453	Medical and Facility Bill with CPT code to left	Smoking cessation classes, non-physician provider, per session	_
Tobacco Use Interventions: Children and Adolescents. (Aug 2013) Rating B	99384- 99385		New Patient comprehensive preventive medicine evaluation and management	The USPSTF recommends that clinicians provide interventions, including education or brief
	99393- 99394		Established Patient comprehensive preventive medicine evaluation and management	counseling, to prevent initiation of tobacco use in school-aged children and adolescents.

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Topic	Code	Billing Instruction	Code Description	"Task Force" Recommendation
Tuberculosis screening: Adults (September 2016) Rating B	CPT codes 86480 86481 86580 ICD – 10 codes Z11.1 Z20.1	Medical & Facility. Use the appropriate CPT code along with the appropriate ICD -10 code to the left.		The USPSTF recommends screening for latent tuberculosis infection in populations at increased risk.
Visual acuity screening in children: (Jan 2011) Rating B	99173		Medical & Facility Visual acuity screening in children.	Medical & Facility The USPSTF recommend vision screening for all children at least once between the ages of 3 and 5 years, to detect the presence of amblyopia or its risk factors.

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Non-USPSTF Preventative Services Coverage:

Description/	Code	Description	Business Rule
Recommendation			
Contraceptive Use and Counseling	11980	Subcutaneous hormone pellet implantation (implantation of estradiol and/or testosterone pellets beneath the skin)	No cost share for contraceptive use and counseling for women when billed with appropriate code (left) and diagnosis code billed in the principal diagnosis position; Z30.8, Z30.9, Z30.15, Z30. 017, Z30.19 Z30.44 and Z30.49
	11981	Insertion, non- biodegradable	
		drug delivery implant	
	11982	Removal, non- biodegradable	
		drug delivery implant	
	11983	Removal with reinsertion,	
		non-biodegradable	
	96372	drug delivery implant Therapeutic, prophylactic, or	No cost share for contraceptive
	90372	diagnostic injection	use and counseling for women
		(specify substance or	when billed with appropriate
		drug); subcutaneous or	code (left) and diagnosis code
		intramuscular	billed in the principal diagnosis
		inti dinidacaidi	position; Z30.012, Z30.40, Z30.42, Z30.49, Z30.9
	S4993		No cost share for contraceptive use and counseling for women when billed with appropriate code (left) and diagnosis code billed in the principal diagnosis position; Z30.11

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Description/ Recommendation	Code	Description	Business Rule
Contraceptive Use and Counseling	57170,	Diaphragm or cervical cap fitting with instructions	No cost share for contraceptive use and counseling for women when billed with appropriate code
	58300	Insertion of intrauterine device (IUD)	
	58301	Removal of intrauterine device (IUD)	
	58600	Ligation or transection of fallopian tube(s), abdominal or vaginal approach, unilateral or bilateral	
	58611	Ligation or transection of fallopian tube(s) when done at the time of cesarean delivery or intra-abdominal surgery (not a separate procedure) (List separately in addition to code for primary procedure)	
	58671	Laparoscopy, surgical; with occlusion of oviducts by device (eg, band, clip, or Falope ring)	
	96372	Therapeutic, prophylactic, or diagnostic injection (specify substance or drug); subcutaneous or intramuscular	
	S4981	Insertion of levonorgestrel- releasing intrauterine system	
	S4989	Contraceptive intrauterine device (e.g., progestacert iud), including implants and supplies	
	S4993	Contraceptive pills for birth control	

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Description/ Recommendation	Code	Description	Business Rule
Contraceptive Use and Counseling	A4261	Cervical cap for contraceptive use	No cost share for contraceptive use and counseling for women when billed with appropriate code
	A4266	Diaphragm for contraceptive use	
	J7296	Levonorgestrel-releasing intrauterine contraceptive system, (Kyleena), 19.5 mg	
	J7297	Levonorgestrel-releasing intrauterine contraceptive system (liletta), 52 mg	
	J7298	Levonorgestrel-releasing intrauterine contraceptive system (mirena), 52 mg	
	J7300	Intrauterine copper contraceptive	
	J7303	Contraceptive supply, hormone containing vaginal ring, each	
	J7304	Contraceptive supply, hormone containing patch, each	
	J7306	Levonorgestrel (contraceptive) implant system, including implants and supplies	
	J7307	Etonogestrel (contraceptive) implant system, including implant and supplies	

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MVP Health Care Payment Policy

Description/ Recommendation	Code	Description	Business Rule
Pediatric and Adult Preventive Exams	99381- 99387	New Patient comprehensive preventive medicine evaluation and management	No cost share for a routine preventative exam when billed with the appropriate CPT code.
	99391- 99397	Established Patient comprehensive preventive medicine evaluation and management	No cost share for a routine preventative exam when billed with the appropriate CPT code (left).
	99401- 99404	E&M Codes Preventive medicine counseling and/or risk factor reduction intervention(s) provided to an individual without specific illness.	No copay for a routine preventative exam.
	G0438	Annual wellness visit; includes a personalized prevention plan of service (pps), initial visit	No copay for a routine preventative exam when billed with the appropriate CPT code
	G0439	Annual wellness visit, includes a personalized prevention plan of service (pps), subsequent visit	No copay for a routine preventative exam when billed with the appropriate CPT code

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Description/	Code	Description	Business Rule
Recommendation			
Immunizations for Adults and Children - The immunizations below were identified using ACIP guidelines.	90620	Meningococcal recombinant protein and outer membrane vesicle vaccine, serogroup B (MenB), 2 dose schedule, for intramuscular use Ages 16 – 23 years	No copay when immunization is provided based on ACIP guidelines
	90621	Meningococcal recombinant lipoprotein vaccine, serogroup B (MenB), 3 dose schedule, for intramuscular use Ages 16 – 23 years	
	90630	Influenza virus vaccine, quadrivalent (IIV4), split virus, preservative free, for intradermal use Ages 2-71 months	
	90632	Hepatitis A vaccine, adult dosage, for intramuscular use Age 12 months and older	
	90633	Hepatitis A vaccine, pediatric/adolescent dosage-2 dose schedule, for intramuscular use Age 12 months and older	
	90634	Hepatitis A vaccine, pediatric/adolescent dosage-3 dose schedule, for intramuscular use Age 12 months and older	
	90636	Hepatitis A and hepatitis B vaccine (HepA-HepB), adult dosage, for intramuscular use Age 18 years and older	
	90644	Meningococcal conjugate vaccine, serogroups C & Y and Haemophilus influenzae type b vaccine (Hib-MenCY), 4 dose schedule, when administered to children 6 weeks-18 months of age, for intramuscular use	

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Description/ Recommendation	Code	Description	Business Rule
Immunizations for Adults and Children - The immunizations below were identified using ACIP guidelines.	90647	Hemophilus influenza b vaccine (Hib), PRP-OMP conjugate (3 dose schedule), for intramuscular use Age 0 and older	No copay when immunization is provided based on ACIP guidelines
	90648	Hemophilus influenza b vaccine (Hib), PRP-T conjugate (4 dose schedule), for intramuscular use Age 0 and older	
	90649	Human Papilloma virus (HPV) vaccine, types 6, 11, 16, 18 (quadrivalent), 3 dose schedule, for intramuscular use	
	90650	Human Papilloma virus (HPV) vaccine, types 16, 18, bivalent, 3 dose schedule, for intramuscular use Male/female ages 9 – 26 years	
	90651	Human Papillomavirus vaccine types 6, 11, 16, 18, 31, 33, 45, 52, 58, nonavalent (9vHPV), 3 dose schedule, for intramuscular use Female age 10 – 25 years	
	90653	Influenza vaccine, inactivated (IIV), subunit, adjuvanted, for intramuscular use Age 65 years and older	
	90654	Influenza virus vaccine, trivalent (IIV3), split virus, preservative-free, for intradermal use Age 18 – 64 years	
	90655	Influenza virus vaccine, trivalent (IIV3), split virus, preservative free, 0.25 mL dosage, for intramuscular use All NDCs inactive 7/9/15	

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Description/ Recommendation	Code	Description	Business Rule
Immunizations for Adults and Children - The immunizations below were identified using ACIP guidelines.	90656	Influenza virus vaccine, trivalent (IIV3), split virus, preservative free, 0.5 mL dosage, for intramuscular use Age 3 years and older.	No copay when immunization is provided based on ACIP guidelines
	90657	Influenza virus vaccine, trivalent (IIV3), split virus, 0.25 mL dosage, for intramuscular use Afluria age 9 years and older Fluvrin age 4 years and older	
	90658	Influenza virus vaccine, trivalent (IIV3), split virus, 0.5 mL dosage, for intramuscular use Age 3 years and older.	
	90660	Influenza virus vaccine, trivalent, live (LAIV3), for intranasal use	Age 2 – 49 years Not covered for 2016-2017 Influenza virus vaccine, trivalent, live (LAIV3), for intranasal use is not recommended for use by the CDC.
	90661	Influenza virus vaccine (ccIIV3), derived from cell cultures, subunit, preservative and antibiotic free, for intramuscular use Age 4 years and older	No copay when immunization is provided based on ACIP guidelines
	90662	Influenza virus vaccine (IIV), split virus, preservative free, enhanced immunogenicity via increased antigen content, for intramuscular use Age 65 years and older	
	90670	Pneumococcal conjugate vaccine, 13 valent (PCV13), for intramuscular use	

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Description/ Recommendation	Code	Description	Business Rule
Immunizations for Adults and Children - The immunizations below were identified using ACIP guidelines.	90672	Influenza virus vaccine, quadrivalent, live (LAIV4), for intranasal use	No copay when immunization is provided based on ACIP guidelines Ages 2-49 years Not covered for 2016- 2017 quadrivalent, live (LAIV4), for intranasal use is not recommended for use by the
	90673	Influenza virus vaccine, trivalent (RIV3), derived from recombinant DNA, hemagglutinin (HA) protein only, preservative and antibiotic free, for intramuscular use	No copay when immunization is provided based on ACIP guidelines
	90674	Influenza virus vaccine, quadrivalent (ccIIV4), derived from cell cultures, subunit, preservative and antibiotic free, 0.5 mL dosage, for intramuscular use	No copay when immunization is provided based on ACIP guidelines Age 4 years and older
	80680	Rotavirus vaccine, pentavalent (RV5), 3 dose schedule, live, for oral use Age 18 years and up	No copay when immunization is provided based on ACIP guidelines
	90681	Rotavirus vaccine, human, attenuated (RV1), 2 dose schedule, live, for oral use	
	90685	Influenza virus vaccine, quadrivalent (IIV4), split virus, preservative free, when administered to children 6- 35 months of age, for intramuscular use	

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Description/	Code	Description	Business Rule
Recommendation Immunizations for Adults and	90686	Influenza virus vaccine,	No copay when
Children - The immunizations below were identified using ACIP guidelines.	30080	quadrivalent (IIV4), split virus, preservative free, when administered to individuals 3 years of age and older, for intramuscular use Note: Broken in age groups	immunization is provided based on ACIP guidelines
	90687	Influenza virus vaccine, quadrivalent (IIV4), split virus, when administered to children 6-35 months of age, for intramuscular use Note: Broken in age groups	
	90688	Influenza virus vaccine, quadrivalent (IIV4), split virus, when administered to individuals 6 months and older for intramuscular use Note: Broken in age groups	
	90696	Pneumococcal conjugate vaccine, 13 valent (PCV13), for intramuscular use Ages 4 – 6 years	
	90698	Diphtheria, tetanus toxoids, acellular pertussis vaccine, haemophilus influenza Type B, and poliovirus vaccine, inactivated (DTaP - Hib - IPV), for intramuscular use Ages 4 – 6 weeks	
	90700	Diphtheria, tetanus toxoids, and acellular pertussis vaccine (DTaP), when administered to individuals younger than 7 years, for intramuscular use Ages 6 weeks	
	90702	Diphtheria and tetanus toxoids (DT) adsorbed when administered to individuals younger than 7 years, for intramuscular use Age 0 – 7 years.	

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Description/ Recommendation	Code	Description	Business Rule
Immunizations for Adults and Children - The immunizations below were identified using ACIP guidelines.	90707	Measles, mumps and rubella virus vaccine (MMR), live, for subcutaneous use Ages 0 and older	No copay when immunization is provided based on ACIP guidelines
	90710	Measles, mumps, rubella, and varicella vaccine (MMRV), live, for subcutaneous use Ages 12 months -12 years	
	90713	Poliovirus vaccine, inactivated (IPV), for subcutaneous or intramuscular use	
	90714	Tetanus and diphtheria toxoids (Td) adsorbed, preservative free, when administered to individuals 7 years or older, for intramuscular use Ages 7 years and older.	
	90715	Tetanus, diphtheria toxoids and acellular pertussis vaccine (Tdap), when administered to individuals 7 years or older, for intramuscular use	
	90716	Varicella virus vaccine, live, for subcutaneous use Ages 12 months and older	
	90723	Diphtheria, tetanus toxoids, acellular pertussis vaccine, Hepatitis B, and poliovirus vaccine, inactivated (DtaP-HepB-IPV), for intramuscular use Ages 6 weeks – 6 years	

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Description/ Recommendation	Code	Description	Business Rule
Immunizations for Adults and Children - The immunizations below were identified using ACIP guidelines.	90732	Pneumococcal polysaccharide vaccine, 23-valent, adult or immunosuppressed patient dosage, when administered to individuals 2 years or older, for subcutaneous or intramuscular use	No copay when immunization is provided based on ACIP guidelines
	90733	Meningococcal polysaccharide vaccine (any group(s)), for subcutaneous use Ages 2 years and older	
	90734	Meningococcal conjugate vaccine, serogroups A, C, Y and W- 135 (tetravalent), for intramuscular use ages 9 months- 55 years 9 - 23 months 2 does, 2 -55 years 1 dose	
	90736	Zoster (shingles) vaccine, live, for subcutaneous injection Ages 50 years and older	
	90740	Hepatitis B vaccine, dialysis or immunosuppressed patient dosage (3 dose schedule), for intramuscular use Ages 18 years and older	
	90743	Hepatitis B vaccine, adolescent (2 dose schedule), for intramuscular use Ages 7 – 18 years	
	90744	Hepatitis B vaccine, pediatric/adolescent dosage (3 dose schedule), for intramuscular use Ages 0-18 years	
	90746	Hepatitis B vaccine, adult dosage, for intramuscular use Ages 10 years and older	Page 59 of 85

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Description/ Recommendation	Code	Description	Business Rule
Immunizations for Adults and Children - The immunizations below were identified using ACIP guidelines.	90747	Hepatitis B vaccine, dialysis or immunosuppressed patient dosage (4 dose schedule), for intramuscular use Ages 0 and older	No copay when immunization is provided based on ACIP guidelines
	90748	Hepatitis B and Hemophilus influenza b vaccine (HepB-Hib), for intramuscular use Ages 6 weeks – 15 months	
	J3530	Nasal vaccine inhalation ACIP recommendation - do not use product	
	Q2034	Influenza virus vaccine, split virus, for intramuscular use (Agriflu) Ages 6 months and older. All NDCs Inactive 6/13/12	
	Q2035	Influenza virus vaccine, split virus, when administered to individuals 3 years of age and older, for intramuscular use (AFLURIA) Ages 5 years and older	
	Q2036	Influenza virus vaccine, split virus, when administered to individuals 3 years of age and older, for intramuscular use (FLULAVAL) age 6 months or older for Flulaval Quadrivalent.>>>All NDCs Inactive as of 6/4/15	

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Description/ Recommendation	Code	Description	Business Rule
Immunizations for Adults and Children - The immunizations below were identified using ACIP guidelines.	Q2037	Influenza virus vaccine, split virus, when administered to individuals 4 years of age and older, for intramuscular use (FLUVIRIN) age 4 years & older for Fluvirin	No copay when immunization is provided based on ACIP guidelines
	Q2038	Influenza virus vaccine, split virus, for intramuscular use (Fluzone) FDA approved age 6 months of age or older for Fluzone. FDA approved 65 years of age or older for Fluzone High Dose. FDA approved age 18-64 for Fluzone Intradermal. >>> Currently no 2016-2017 NDCs available	
	Q2039	Influenza virus vaccine, split virus, when administered to individuals 3 years of age and older, for intramuscular use (not otherwise specified) Ages 3 years and older Currently no 2016-2017 NDCs available	

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Description/ Recommendation	Code	Description	Business Rule
Immunization Administration	90460	Immunization administration through 18 years of age via any route of administration, with counseling by physician or other qualified health care professional; first or only component of each vaccine or toxoid administered	No cost share when submitted with an appropriate CPT code (left) and immunization code (above).
	90461	Immunization administration through 18 years of age via any route of administration, with counseling by physician or other qualified health care professional; each additional vaccine or toxoid component administered (List separately in addition to code for primary procedure)	No cost share when submitted with the appropriate CPT code (left) and immunization code (above).
	90471	Immunization administration (includes percutaneous, intradermal, subcutaneous, or intramuscular injections); 1 vaccine (single or combination vaccine/toxoid)	No cost share when submitted with an appropriate immunization code (above).

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Description/ Recommendation	Code	Description	Business Rule
Immunization Administration	90472	Immunization administration (includes percutaneous, intradermal, subcutaneous, or intramuscular injections); each additional vaccine (single or combination vaccine/toxoid) (List separately in addition to code for primary procedure)	No cost share when submitted with an appropriate immunization code (above).
	90473	Immunization administration by intranasal or oral route; 1 vaccine (single or combination vaccine/toxoid)	No cost share when submitted with an appropriate immunization code (above).
	90474	Immunization administration by intranasal or oral route; each additional vaccine (single or combination vaccine/toxoid) (List separately in addition to code for primary procedure)	No cost share when submitted with an appropriate immunization code (above).
	G0008	Administration of influenza virus vaccine	No cost share when submitted with an appropriate immunization code (above).
	G0009	Administration of pneumococcal vaccine	No cost share when submitted with an appropriate immunization code (above).
	G0010	Administration of hepatitis B vaccine	No cost share when submitted with an appropriate immunization code (above).

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Description/	Code	Description	Business Rule
Recommendation Lead Poisoning Screening	83655	Lead Testing	No cost share for lead testing when performed on children under the age of 7 as a preventative visit when billed with the appropriate CPT code (left). One (1) test covered between 9-12 months of age One (1) test at twenty-four (24) months of age
Hemoglobin/Hematocrit Testing	85014 85013	Blood count; hematocrit (Hct)	No cost share for hematocrit (Hct) when performed on children under the age of 13 months as a preventative visit when billed with the appropriate CPT code (left). One (1) test between 0-12 months of age One (1) test between one (1) and four (4) years of age One (1) test between five (5) and twelve (12) years of age One (1) test between thirteen (13) and seventeen (17) years of age
	85018	Blood count; hemoglobin (Hgb)	No cost share for hemoglobin (Hgb) when performed on children under the age of 13 months as a preventative visit when billed with the appropriate CPT code. One (1) test between 0-12 months of age One (1) test between one (1) and four (4) years of age One (1) test between five (5) and twelve (12) years of age One (1) test between thirteen (13) and seventeen (17) years of age

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Description/ Recommendation	Code	Description	Business Rule
Hemoglobin/Hematocrit Testing	86762	Antibody; rubella	No cost share for rubella antibody testing as follows: when performed on children under the age of 13 months as a preventative visit when billed with the appropriate CPT code (left).
			Children are covered for one (1) test and immunization between eleven (11) and seventeen (17) years of age as a preventative visit when billed with the appropriate CPT code (left). Adults are covered for one (1)
			test and immunization between eighteen (18) and forty-nine (49) years of age as a preventative visit when billed with the appropriate CPT code (left)
Women's Preventative Health	82977	Glutamyltransferase, gamma (GGT) s	No cost share for screening for gestational diabetes in females when billed with diagnosis code billed in the principal diagnosis position; Z13.1
	88141	Cytopathology, cervical or vaginal (any reporting system), requiring interpretation by physician	No copay for woman.
	88142	Cytopathology, cervical or vaginal (any reporting system), collected in preservative fluid, automated thin layer preparation; manual screening under physician supervision	No copay for woman.

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Description/ Recommendation	Code	Description	Business Rule
Women's Preventative Health	88143	Cytopathology, cervical or vaginal (any reporting system), collected in preservative fluid, automated thin layer preparation; with manual screening and rescreening under physician supervision	No copay for woman.
	88147	Cytopathology smears, cervical or vaginal; screening by automated system under physician supervision	No copay for woman.
	88148	Cytopathology smears, cervical or vaginal; screening by automated system with manual rescreening under physician supervision	No copay for woman.
	88150	Cytopathology, slides, cervical or vaginal; manual screening under physician supervision	No copay for woman when modifier attached to code.
	88152	Cytopathology, slides, cervical or vaginal; with manual screening and computer-assisted rescreening under physician supervision	No copay for woman.
	88153	Cytopathology, slides, cervical or vaginal; with manual screening and rescreening under physician supervision	No copay for woman
	88154	Cytopathology, slides, cervical or vaginal; with manual screening and computer-assisted rescreening using cell selection and review under physician supervision	No copay for woman

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Description/	Code	Description	Business Rule
Recommendation	300.0		
Women's Preventative Health	88155	Cytopathology, slides, cervical or vaginal, definitive hormonal evaluation (e.g., maturation index, karyopyknotic index, estrogenic index) (List separately in addition to code[s] for other technical and	No copay for woman
		interpretation services)	
	88164	Cytopathology, slides, cervical or vaginal (the Bethesda System); manual screening under physician supervision	No copay for woman
	88165	Cytopathology, slides, cervical or vaginal (the Bethesda System); with manual screening and rescreening under physician supervision	No copay for woman
	88166	Cytopathology, slides, cervical or vaginal (the Bethesda System); with manual screening and computer-assisted rescreening under physician supervision	No copay for woman
	88167	Cytopathology, slides, cervical or vaginal (the Bethesda System); with manual screening and computer-assisted rescreening using cell selection and review under physician supervision	No copay for woman

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Description/ Recommendation	Code	Description	Business Rule
Women's Preventative Health	88174	Cytopathology, cervical or vaginal (any reporting system), collected in preservative fluid, automated thin layer preparation; screening by automated system, under physician supervision	No copay for woman
	88175	Cytopathology, cervical or vaginal (any reporting system), collected in preservative fluid, automated thin layer preparation; with screening by automated system and manual rescreening or review, under physician supervision	No copay for woman
	G0101	Cervical or vaginal cancer screening; pelvic and clinical breast examination	No copay for woman
	G0123	Screening cytopathology, cervical or vaginal (any reporting system), collected in preservative fluid, automated thin layer preparation, screening by cytotechnologist under physician supervision	No copay for woman
	G0124	Screening cytopathology, cervical or vaginal (any reporting system), collected in preservative fluid, automated thin layer preparation, requiring interpretation by physician	No copay for woman

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Description/	Code	Description	Business Rule
Recommendation			
Women's Preventative Health	G0141	Screening cytopathology smears, cervical or vaginal, performed by automated system, with manual rescreening, requiring interpretation by physician	No copay for woman
	G0143	Screening cytopathology, cervical or vaginal (any reporting system), collected in preservative fluid, automated thin layer preparation, with manual screening and rescreening by cytotechnologist under physician supervision	No copay for woman
	G0144	Screening cytopathology, cervical or vaginal (any reporting system), collected in preservative fluid, automated thin layer preparation, with screening by automated system, under physician supervision	No copay for woman
	G0145	Screening cytopathology, cervical or vaginal (any reporting system), collected in preservative fluid, automated thin layer preparation, with screening by automated system and manual rescreening under physician supervision	No copay for woman

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Description/ Recommendation	Code	Description	Business Rule
Women's Preventative Health	G0147	Screening cytopathology smears, cervical or vaginal, performed by automated system under physician supervision	No copay for woman
	G0148	Screening cytopathology smears, cervical or vaginal, performed by automated system with manual rescreening	No copay for woman
	P3000	Screening Papanicolaou smear, cervical or vaginal, up to 3 smears, by technician under physician supervision	No copay for woman
	P3001	Screening Papanicolaou smear, cervical or vaginal, up to 3 smears, requiring interpretation by physician	No copay for woman
	Q0091	Screening Papanicolaou smear; obtaining, preparing and conveyance of cervical or vaginal smear to laboratory	No copay for woman
Women's Preventative Health – HPV Testing	87623	Infectious agent detection by nucleic acid (DNA or RNA); Human Papillomavirus (HPV), low-risk types (e.g., 6, 11, 42, 43, 44)	No cost share for HPV testing in females over age 30 when billed with appropriate CPT code
	87624	Infectious agent detection by nucleic acid (DNA or RNA); Human Papillomavirus (HPV), high-risk types (e.g., 16, 18, 31, 33, 35, 39, 45, 51, 52, 56, 58, 59, 68)	

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Description/ Recommendation	Code	Description	Business Rule
Women's Preventative Health – HPV Testing	87625	Infectious agent detection by nucleic acid (DNA or RNA); Human Papillomavirus (HPV), types 16 and 18 only, includes type 45, if performed	No cost share for HPV testing in females over age 30 when billed with appropriate CPT code
	88174	Cytopathology, cervical or vaginal (any reporting system), collected in preservative fluid, automated thin layer preparation; screening by automated system, under physician supervision	
Women's Preventative Health - Counseling on Sexually Transmitted infections.	99401, 99402, 99403, 99404	Preventive medicine counseling and/or risk factor reduction interventions	No cost share for counseling on sexually transmitted infections for females when billed with appropriate CPT code
Women's Preventative Health -Counseling and screening for HIV Infection	86701 86702 86703	Antibody; HIV-1 Antibody; HIV-2 Antibody; HIV-1 and HIV-2, single result	No cost share for counseling and screening for HIV infection in females when billed with appropriate CPT codes
Women's Preventative Health – contraceptive methods and counseling	99401, 99402, 99403, 99404	Preventive medicine counseling and/or risk factor reduction interventions	No cost share for contraceptive methods and counseling in females when billed with appropriate CPT codes
Women's Preventative Health – Sterilization Surgery	58600	Ligation or transection of fallopian tube(s), abdominal or vaginal approach, unilateral or bilateral	No cost share for female sterilization surgery for females when billed with the appropriate CPT codes
	58605	Ligation or transection of fallopian tube(s), abdominal or vaginal approach, postpartum, unilateral or bilateral, during same hospitalization	

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Description/ Recommendation	Code	Description	Business Rule
Women's Preventative Health – Sterilization Surgery	58611	Ligation or transection of fallopian tube(s) when done at the time of cesarean delivery or intra-abdominal surgery (not a separate procedure) (List separately in addition to code for primary procedure)	No cost share for female sterilization surgery for females when billed with the appropriate CPT codes
	58615	Occlusion of fallopian tube(s) by device (e.g., band, clip, Falope ring) vaginal or suprapubic approach	
	58661	Removal of adnexal structures (partial or total oophorectomy and/or salpingectomy)	Covered in full with no cost share for female sterilization surgery for females when billed with diagnosis code Z30.2
	58670	Laparoscopy, surgical; with fulguration of oviducts (with or without transection)	
Women's Preventative Health – counseling to detect and prevent interpersonal and domestic violence	99401, 99402, 99403, 99404,	Preventive medicine counseling and/or risk factor reduction interventions	No Copay screening and counseling to detect and prevent interpersonal and domestic violence for females when billed with the appropriate CPT codes
Women's Preventative Health – for lactation counseling and equipment	E0602 E0603	Breast pump, manual, any type Breast pump, electric	No cost share for lactation counseling and equipment for females when billed with the
and equipment	20003	(AC and/or DC), any type	appropriate CPT code.
	E0604	Breast pump, hospital grade, electric (AC and/or DC), any type	Members are allowed reimbursement for 1 Breast Pump per Live Birth.
			Members can complete the Child Care Form to be reimbursed for the purchase of a breast pump

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Description/	Code	Description	Business Rule
Recommendation Women's Preventative Health for lactation counseling	A4281	Tubing for breast pump, replacement	MVP will cover this replacement part at no cost to the member
and equipment	A4282	Adapter for breast pump, replacement	for the first year of the child's life.
	A4283	Cap for breast pump bottle, replacement	
	A4284	Breast shield and splash protector for use with breast pump, replacement	
	A4285	Polycarbonate bottle for use with breast pump, replacement	
	A4286	Locking ring for breast pump, replacement	
Women's Preventative Health – Lactation class	S9443	Non physician doing a lactation class	No Copay for Females
Women's Preventative Health – Supervisor of lactation	99211	Nurse visit usually under 5 minutes	No cost share for supervision of lactation for females when billed by a physician with the
	99212 99213,	Office or other outpatient visit for the	appropriate E&M code and the following diagnosis codes billed
	99214, 99215	evaluation and management of an established patient	in the principal diagnosis position; Z39.1
Women's Preventative Health – screening for Urinary Incontinence	99381- 99387	New Patient comprehensive preventive medicine evaluation and management	No cost share for screening women for urinary incontinence annually.
	99395- 99397	Established Patient comprehensive preventive medicine evaluation and management	
	99401- 99404	Preventive medicine counseling and/or risk factor reduction intervention(s) provided to an individual without specific illness.	

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Description/ Recomendation	Code	Description	Business Rule
Women's Preventative Health - Screening for Diabetes Mellitus after Pregnancy	83036	Hemoglobin: Glycosylated (A1C)	 No Cost Share for Women when billed with diagnosis code Z39.2. The Women's Preventive Services Initiative recommends women with a history of gestational diabetes mellitus (GDM) who are not currently pregnant and who have not previously been diagnosed with type 2 diabetes mellitus should be screened for diabetes mellitus. Initial testing should ideally occur within the first year postpartum and can be conducted as early as 4–6 weeks postpartum. Women with a negative initial postpartum screening test result should be rescreened at least every 3 years for a minimum of 10 years after pregnancy Also See Diabetes Screening and Gestational Diabetes Screening in the Preventive Healthcare Payment Policy.
Breast Cancer Screening	76641-76642	Diagnostic Ultrasound Procedures of the Chest.	Call-Back mammograms and ultrasounds for patients whose screening mammograms were inconclusive or who have dense breast tissue, or both, will be covered in full when billed with diagnosis code R92.2, R92.8
	77061- 77063	Under Breast, Mammography	
	77065-77067	Under Breast, Mammography	
	G0279	Diagnostic digital breast tomosynthesis, unilateral or bilateral	

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New York State Insurance Law Chapter 74 of the Laws of 2016 Insurance Law §§ 3216(i)(11)(F), 3221(l)(11)(F), and 4303(p)(5)

Description/	Code	Description	Business Rule
Recommendati			
	Medical	Medical Services	Medical Services
Diagnostic Mammograms	Services	Breast cancer screening	No cost share for diagnostic
Medical Services	76641*,	and diagnostic codes	imaging, ultrasounds, and MRI of
New York State	76642*,		the breast when billed with the
Insurance Law Chapter	77053,		appropriate CPT code
74 of the Laws of 2016	77054,		
Insurance Law requires	77058**		
No cost share for	77059**		*Codes are covered in full only
diagnostic imaging,	77061*,		when billed with diagnosis codes
ultrasounds, and MRI of	77062*,		R92.2 and R92.8
the breast	77063,		
	77065*,		**77058 and 77059 require prior
	77066*,		authorization via eviCore
	77067		
	G0279*		

Medicaid Product Variation

Medicaid and HARP Long-Acting Reversible Contraception (LARC) Provided as an Inpatient Post-Partum Service

Long-Acting Reversible Contraception (LARC) is covered for Medicaid and HARP products only when provided to women during their postpartum inpatient hospital stay.

Description/	Code	Description	Business Rule
Recommendation			
Long-Acting Reversible Contraception (LARC) is covered for Medicaid and HARP products only when provided to women during their postpartum inpatient hospital stay.	contraceptive and en ing	Intrauterine copper contraceptive	Long-Acting Reversible Contraception (LARC) is covered during a postpartum inpatient hospital stay when submitted with Bill type 131, Revenue codes 0250 or 0636, and the appropriate HCPCS code
	J7301	Levonorgestrel- releasing intrauterine contraceptive system, 13.5 mg	

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Description/ Recommendation	Code	Description	Business Rule
Long-Acting Reversible Contraception (LARC) is covered for Medicaid and HARP products only when provided to women during their postpartum inpatient hospital stay.	J7306	Levonorgestrel (contraceptive) implant system, including implants and supplies	Long-Acting Reversible Contraception (LARC) is covered during a postpartum inpatient hospital stay when submitted
	J7307	Etonogestrel (contraceptive) implant system, including implant and supplies	with Bill type 131, Revenue codes 0250 or 0636, and the appropriate HCPCS code
	J7297	Levonorgestrel- releasing intrauterine contraceptive system, 52 mg, 3 year duration	
	J7298	Levonorgestrel- releasing intrauterine contraceptive system, 52 mg, 5 year	

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Modifier PT and Modifier 33

Description/	Code	Description	Business Rule
Recommendation	Code	Description	Business Rule
Modifier PT	This modifier should be used when a CRC screening test has been converted to diagnostic test or other procedure	MVP will pay the diagnostic procedure code that is reported instead of the screening colonoscopy or screening flexible sigmoidoscopy HCPCS code, or screening barium enema when the screening test becomes a diagnostic service.	The claims processing system would respond to the modifier by waiving the deductible for all surgical services on the same date as the diagnostic test. Coinsurance for Medicare beneficiaries would continue to apply to the diagnostic test and to other services furnished in connection with, as a result of, and in the same clinical encounter as the screening test.
*Each preventive care service will identify the specific billing rules as to when to apply Modifier 33 or when Modifier is not needed to be billed.	Preventive Services	When the primary purpose of the service is the delivery of an evidence based service in accordance with a US Preventive Services Task Force A or B rating in effect and other preventive services identified in preventive services mandates (legislative or regulatory), the service may be identified by adding 33 to the procedure. For separately reported services specifically identified as preventive, the modifier should not be used.	The member's copay/coinsurance/cost share for this service will be waived as appropriate.

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Vermont Variation

anesthesia.

MVP covers colorectal cancer screening for Vermont members as follows:

- Member is 50 years of age or older with the option of:
 - o Annual fecal occult blood testing plus one flexible sigmoidoscopy every five years; or
 - o One colonoscopy every ten years.
- Member is at high risk for colorectal cancer*, colorectal cancer screening examinations and laboratory tests as recommended by the treating physician.

*An individual is at high risk for colorectal cancer if the individual has:

AIIIII	dividual is at high risk for colorectal cancer if the individual rias.
	A family medical history of colorectal cancer or a genetic syndrome predisposing the individual to colorectal cancer;
	A prior occurrence of colorectal cancer or precursor polyps;
	A prior occurrence of a chronic digestive disease condition such as inflammatory bowel disease, Crohn's disease, or ulcerative colitis; or
	Other predisposing factors as determined by the individual's treating physician.
cost-sl	ectal cancer screening services are not subject to any co-payment, deductible, coinsurance, or other haring requirement. In addition, there is no additional charge for any services associated with a dure or test for colorectal cancer screening, which may include one or more of the following:
	removal of tissue or other matter;
	laboratory services;
	physician services;
	facility use; and

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Topic	Code	Billing Instruction	Code Description	"Task Force" Recommendation
Colorectal Cancer Screening. (June 2016) Rating A VT Only	Medical and Facility	No cost share for Medical or Facility services when one billed with a modifier PT or 33 or one of the following ICD-10 codes are billed at the line level in the principal diagnosis position: D12.0, D12.2, D12.3, D12.4, D12.5, D12.6, D12.7, D12.8, D12.9, K63.5, Z12.10, Z12.11, Z12.12, Z80.0, Z80.9, Z83.71, Z85.030, Z85.038, Z85.040, Z85.048, Z86.010, Z86.018.		The USPSTF recommends screening for colorectal cancer starting at age 50 years and continuing until age 75 years. ALL Services associated with a screening colonoscopy including anesthesia, medically necessary office visits, and associated laboratory tests are
	44389	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33, PT, or above ICD-10 code billed in principal position.	Fiberoptic Colonscpy; W Biopsy Collect S	covered with no Copay/Deductible/ Coinsurance.
	44392	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33, PT, or above ICD-10 code billed in principal position.	Colonoscopy Stomal W Rem Polyp Les	
	44394	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33, PT, or above ICD-10 code billed in principal position.	Colonoscopy Through Stoma; W Removal of Tumor/Polyp/Lesions By Snare	
	44401	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33, PT, or above ICD-10 code billed in principal position.	Colonoscopy through stoma; with ablation of tumor(s), polyp(s), or other lesion(s) (includes pre-and post-dilation and guide wire passage, when performed)	
	45305	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33, PT, or above ICD-10 code billed in principal position.	Proctosigmoidoscopy W Biopsy	

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Topic	Code	Billing Instruction	Code Description	"Task Force" Recommendation
Colorectal Cancer Screenin g. (June 2016) Rating A VT Only	45309	No cost share for services when billed with a modifier PT or 33 or one of the following ICD-10 codes are billed at the line level in the principal diagnosis position: D12.0, D12.2, D12.3, D12.4, D12.5, D12.6, D12.7, D12.8, D12.9, K63.5, Z12.10, Z12.11, Z12.12, Z80.0, Z80.9, Z83.71, Z85.030, Z85.038, Z85.040, Z85.048, Z86.010, Z86.018	st share for services billed with a ier PT or 33 or one following ICD-10 are billed at the line on the principal cosis position: D12.0, D12.3, D12.4, D12.5, D12.7, D12.8, D12.9, Z12.10, Z12.11, 2, Z80.0, Z85.038, 40, Z85.038, Z86.010,	
	45315	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33, PT, or ICD 10 code above billed in principal position	Proctosigmoidoscopy; Multiple Removals	including anesthesia, medically necessary office visits, and associated laboratory tests are covered with no
	45331	billed with Modifier	Sigmoidoscopy, flexible; with biopsy, single or multiple	Copay/Deductible/ Coinsurance.
	45333	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33, PT, or ICD 10 code above billed in principal position	Sigmoidoscopy, flexible; with removal of tumor(s), polyp(s), or other lesion(s by hot biopsy forceps or bipolar cautery	
	45338	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33, PT, or ICD 10 code above billed in principal position	Sigmoidoscopy, flexible; with removal of tumor(s), polyp(s), or other lesion(s) by snare technique	
	45346	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33, PT, or ICD 10 code above billed in principal position	Sigmoidoscopy, flexible; with ablation of tumor(s), polyp(s), or other lesion(s) (includes pre- and post-dilation and guide wire passage, when performed)	

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Topic	Code	Billing	Code Description	"Task Force"
		Instruction		Recommendation
Colorectal Cancer Screening. (June 2016) Rating A VT Only	45378	No cost share for services when billed with a modifier PT or 33 or one of the following ICD-10 codes are billed at the line level in the principal diagnosis position: D12.0, D12.2, D12.3, D12.4, D12.5, D12.6, D12.7, D12.8, D12.9, K63.5, Z12.10, Z12.11, Z12.12, Z80.0, Z80.9, Z83.71, Z85.030, Z85.038, Z85.040, Z85.048, Z86.010, Z86.018	Colonoscopy, flexible, proximal to splenic flexure; diagnostic, with or without collection of specimen(s) by brushing or washing, with or without colon decompression (separate procedure)	The USPSTF recommend s screening for colorectal cancer starting at age 50 years and continuing until age 75 years. ALL Services associated with a screening colonoscopy
	45380	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33, PT, or ICD 10 code above billed in principal position	Colonoscopy, flexible, proximal to splenic flexure; with biopsy, single or multiple	including anesthesia, medically necessary office visits, and
	45384	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33, PT, or ICD 10 code above billed in principal position	Colonoscopy, flexible, proximal to splenic flexure; with removal of tumor(s), polyp(s), or other lesion(s) by hot biopsy forceps or bipolar cautery	associated laboratory tests are covered with no Copay/Deductible/ Coinsurance.
	45385	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33, PT, or ICD 10 code above billed in principal position	Colonoscopy, flexible, proximal to splenic flexure; with removal of tumor(s), polyp(s), or other lesion(s) by snare technique	
	45388	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33, PT, or ICD 10 code above billed in principal position	Colonoscopy, flexible; with ablation of tumor(s), polyp(s), or other lesion(s) (includes pre- and post-dilation and guide wire passage, when performed)	
Preventive Healthcare	74263	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33, PT, or ICD 10 code above billed in principal position	Computed Tomographic (CT) colonography, screening, including image post processing	e 81 of 85

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Topic	Code	Billing Instruction	Code Description	"Task Force" Recommendation
Colorectal Cancer Screenin g. (June 2016) Rating A VT Only	88305	No cost share for services when billed with a modifier PT or 33 or one of the following ICD-10 codes are billed at the line level in the principal diagnosis position: D12.0, D12.2, D12.3, D12.4, D12.5, D12.6, D12.7, D12.8, D12.9, K63.5, Z12.10, Z12.11, Z12.12, Z80.0, Z80.9, Z83.71, Z85.030, Z85.038, Z85.040, Z85.048, Z86.010, Z86.018	Surg Pathology; Level 4 Gross & Microscopic examination	The USPSTF recommends screening for colorectal cancer starting at age 50 years and continuing until age 75 years. ALL Services associated with a screening colonoscopy including anesthesia, medically necessary office visits, and associated laboratory tests are covered with no Copay/Deductible/ Coinsurance.
	99152	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33, PT, or ICD 10 code above billed in principal position	Moderate sedation services provided by the same physician or other qualified health care professional performing the diagnostic or therapeutic service that the sedation support. Initial 15 minutes of intraservice time, age 5 and older	
	99153	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33, PT, or ICD 10 code above billed in principal position	Moderate sedation services provided by the same physician or other qualified health care professional performing the diagnostic or therapeutic service that the sedation support, each additional 15 minutes intra service time.	

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Topic	Code	Billing Instruction	Code Description	"Task Force" Recommendation
Colorectal Cancer Screening. (June 2016) Rating A VT Only	99156	No cost share for services when billed with a modifier PT or 33 or one of the following ICD-10 codes are billed at the line level in the principal diagnosis position: D12.0, D12.2, D12.3, D12.4, D12.5, D12.6, D12.7, D12.8, D12.9, K63.5, Z12.10, Z12.11, Z12.12, Z80.0, Z80.9, Z83.71, Z85.030, Z85.038, Z85.040, Z85.048, Z86.010, Z86.018	Moderate sedation services provided by a physician or other qualified health care professional other than the physician or other qualified health care professional performing the diagnostic or therapeutic services that the sedation supports. Initial 15 minutes of intraservice time, patient age 5 and older.	The USPSTF recommends screening for colorectal cancer starting at age 50 years and continuing until age 75 years. ALL Services associated with a screening colonoscopy including anesthesia, medically necessary office visits, and associated laboratory tests are covered with no Copay/Deductible/ Coinsurance.
	99157	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33, PT, or ICD 10 code above billed in principal position	Moderate sedation services provided by a physician or other qualified health care professional other than the physician or other qualified health care professional performing the diagnostic or therapeutic services that the sedation supports. Each additional 15 minutes intraservice time.	

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Topic	Code	Billing Instruction	Code Description	"Task Force" Recommendation
Colorectal Cancer Screening. (June 2016) Rating A VT Only	00811	No cost share for services when billed with a modifier PT or 33 or one of the following ICD-10 codes are billed at the line level in the principal diagnosis position: D12.0, D12.2, D12.3, D12.4, D12.5, D12.6, D12.7, D12.8, D12.9, K63.5, Z12.10, Z12.11, Z12.12, Z80.0, Z80.9, Z83.71, Z85.030, Z85.038, Z85.040, Z85.048, Z86.010, Z86.018	Anesthesia for lower intestinal endoscopic procedures, endoscope introduced distal to duodenum; not otherwise specified	The USPSTF recommends screening for colorectal cancer starting at age 50 years and continuing until age 75 years. ALL Services associated with a screening colonoscopy including anesthesia, medically necessary office visits, and associated laboratory tests are covered with no Copay/Deductible/ Coinsurance.
	00812	No cost share when billed with Modifier 33, PT, or ICD-10 code above billed in principal position	Anesthesia for lower intestinal endoscopic procedures, endoscope introduced distal to duodenum; screening colonoscopy	

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Code Sets

Pregnancy related ICD 10 diagnosis code set billed in the principal diagnosis position:

O09.00, O09.01, O09.02, O09.03, O09.10, O09.11, O09.12, O09.13, O09.211, O09.212, O09.213, O09.219, O09.291, O09.292, O09.293, O09.299, O09.31, O09.32, O09.33, O09.41, O09.42, O09.43, O09.511, O09.512, O09.513, O09.519, O09.521, O09.522, O09.523, O09.529, O09.611, O09.612, O09.613, O09.619, O09.621, O09.622, O09.623, O09.629, O09.70, O09.71, O09.72, O09.73, O0.811, O0.812, O0.813, O0.819, O0.821, O0.822, O0.823, O0.829, O09.891, O09.892, O09.893, O09.899, O09.90, O09.91, O09.92, O09.93, O26.891, O26.892, O26.893 O36.80X0, O36.80X1, O36.80X2, O36.80X3, O36.80X4, O36.80X5, O36.80X9, Z3.31, Z34.01, Z34.02, Z34.03, Z34.80, Z34.81, Z34.82, Z34.83, Z34.90, Z34.91, Z34.92, Z34.93, Z39.0, Z39.1, Z39.2, O99.111, O99.112, O99.113, O99.119
Z3A.17, Z3A.18, Z3A.19, Z3A.20, Z3A.21, Z3A.22, Z3A.23, Z3A.24, Z3A.25, Z3A.26, Z3A.27, Z3A.28, Z3A.29,

Z3A.30, Z3A.31, Z3A.32, Z3A.33, Z3A.34, Z3A.35, Z3A.36, Z3A.37, Z3A.38, Z3A.39, Z3A.40, Z3A.41, Z3A.42, Z3A.49

O09.10, O09.11, O09.12, O09.13, O09.A0, O09.A1, O09.A2, O09.A3

Initial comprehensive preventive medicine evaluation and management code set: 99381, 99382, 99383, 99384, 99385, 99386, 99387

Periodic comprehensive preventive medicine reevaluation and management code set: 99391, 99392, 99393, 99394, 99395, 99396, 99397

Mammography code set: 76641, 76642, 77053, 77054, 77058* 77059*, 77061, 77062, 77063, 77065, 77066, 77067, G0279

Preventive medicine counseling and/or risk factor reduction interventions service code set: 99401, 99402, 99403, 99404

77058* and 77059* require prior authorization via eviCore.

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Radiopharmaceuticals

Type of Policy: Payment
Last Reviewed Date: 6/1/2018
Related Polices: N/A

Policy

Radiopharmaceuticals will be paid by either billed charges or by invoice depending on the product and the billed charges.

Definitions

Radiopharmaceuticals are used in nuclear medicine and molecular imaging.

Notification / Prior Authorizations Requests

Please refer to the Utilization Management Guides and the Benefit Interpretation Manual by visiting **mvphealthcare.com**, select *Providers* then *Sign In* to your account.

Billing / Coding Guidelines

For Commercial, Exchange, and Medicaid Claims:

Radiopharmaceutical codes that are billed less than \$50 will be reimbursed at 100 percent of the charges.

The following Radiopharmaceutical codes will be paid up to \$100 without an invoice:

- A9541
- A9560

The following Radiopharmaceutical codes will be paid up to \$160 without an invoice:

- A9500
- A9502
- A9505
- A9538
- A9552

Radiopharmaceuticals Page 1 of 2

The following Radiopharmaceutical codes will be paid up to \$250 without an invoice:

- A9562
- A9556

Any other Radiopharmaceutical code not on the above tiers with a billed charge of over \$50 will require an invoice.

For Medicare Claims

Radiopharmaceutical codes that are billed less than \$50 will be reimbursed at 100 percent of the charges.

An invoice is required for any required for any billed charge over \$50. If an invoice is not submitted we will pay at a reasonable and customary rate as set by MVP. If the reasonable and customary rate does not meet the invoice cost a CARF can be submitted with the invoice.

Radiopharmaceuticals Page 2 of 2



Radiology Policy

Type of Policy: Payment
Last Reviewed Date: 3/1/19
Effective Date: 6/1/19

Related Polices: Modifier Policy

Policy

MVP requires authorizations for select radiology services through eviCore. When an authorization is required, this authorization applies to all Technical, Professional, Global and/or Facility claims submitted for the service. If services requiring an authorization are provided without prior approval then all claims associated with those services will be denied administratively.

Definitions

Referral / Notification/ Prior Authorizations Requests

Please refer to the Utilization Management Guides and the Benefit Interpretation Manual (BIM) by visiting **mvphealthcare.com** and *Sign In* to your account, and then select *Resources* then select *BIM* to determine if a service requires an authorization.

To determine prior authorization requirements for radiology, please refer to eviCore at www.evicore.com.

Billing/Coding Guidelines:

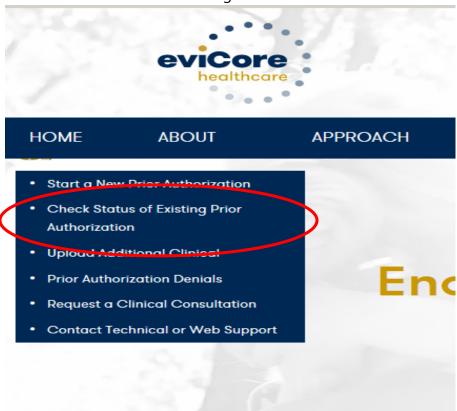
MVP will not reimburse for Professional, Technical, Global, and/or Facility radiology claims submitted for services that require a prior authorization in the following situations:

• Services provided when an authorization is required but there is not a valid authorization for the services obtained

• Radiology claims that require prior authorization that are submitted with a Modifier 26 for for the professional reading will not be reimbursed without a valid authorization.

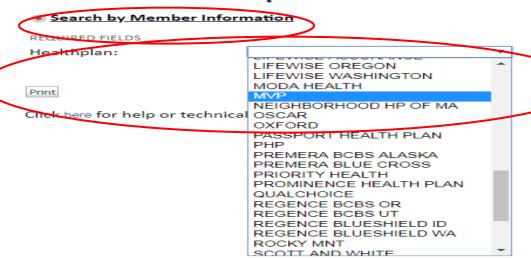
Prior authorization for a member can be confirmed through eviCore's website by the following steps:

- 1. Go to https://www.evicore.com/
- 2. Click on Check Status of Existing Prior Authorization



3. Choose Search by Member Information and then Choose MVP for Healthplan:

Authorization Lookup



4. Enter the Provider's Name and NPI and click submit.

Tuesday, November 13, 2018 12:03 PM

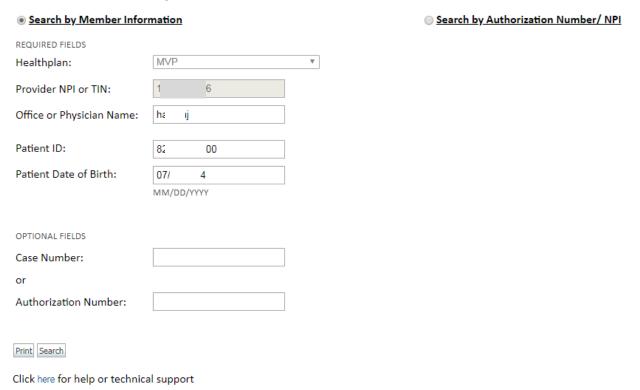
Authorization Lookup



5. Enter the patients information, the MVP Member ID and DOB (MM/DD/YYYY) or the Authorization number if you have it. Click Search.

Tuesday, November 13, 2018 12:03 PM

Authorization Lookup



6. Results will be returned for all authorization requests and approvals will be displayed for the member. The Authorization number, the status (pended, approved, or denied), the approval date, the expiration date of the authorization and the authorized procedures will be displayed. If no records are returned the member does not have an authorization for the service.

Tuesday, November 13, 2018 12:05 PM

Authorization Lookup



References



Shared Split-Visit Guidelines

Type of Policy: Payment
Last Reviewed Date: 9/1/2018
Related Policies: N/A

Policy

An E&M service performed in a hospital inpatient, outpatient or emergency department which is shared between a physician and Non-Physician Practitioner (NPP) from the same group practice. A shared service may not be performed in a critical care setting. Physician and NPP each personally perform a portion of E&M service. Services must be for the same patient and the same DOS and there is no supervision requirement. Services may only be provided by a NP, PA, CNS, CNMW. Service must be within the scope of their practice as defined by law.

Notification / Prior Authorizations Requests

Please refer to the Utilization Management Guides and the Benefit Interpretation Manual by visiting **mvphealthcare.com**, select *Providers* then *Sign In* to your account.

Billing / Coding Guidelines

General Guidelines

Both providers must follow documentation guidelines for E&M services. Each physician/NPP personally documents each portion of the E&M performed. The physician must clearly indicate his or her face-to-face involvement. The combined service should support the level of services billed. The documentation must contain legible signatures and credentials of both providers.

Examples of Inappropriate Documentation:

- "Agree with above"
- "Discussed with NPP. Agree"
- "Seen and agree"
- "Patient seen and evaluated"

Example of Appropriate Shared Visit:

A PA makes morning rounds and sees a patient who is hospitalized for deep vein thrombosis. The PA does an interim history and performs an exam. A physician from the same practice comes to the hospital after office hours, sees the patient, reviews the PA's note, does a brief exam, writes orders for labs, and makes medication changes. Both appropriately document and sign their notes.

Shared Split-Visit Page 1 of 2

Example of Inappropriate Shared Visit:

The NP makes a visit to the hospital in the morning to see a patient who has been in a cardiac step-down unit for unstable angina, evaluating him for possible discharge the next day. The physician is doing procedures in the cath lab but stops in the unit in the afternoon to review the chart. He does not see the patient on this date of service

Reimbursement Guidelines

• Please see your provider fee schedule or your IPA agreement for specific reimbursement guidelines.

References

CMS Medicare Benefit Policy Manual- Chapter 15 www.cms.gov/Regulations-and-Guidance/Guidance/Manuals/downloads/bp102c15.pdf

NGS Medicare University

www.ngsmedicareconvention.com/wps/wcm/connect/383a41804ad6a2edb190bbf3da0c6d75/1206_03 12B3.7_Incident_To.pdf?MOD=AJPERES

Shared Split-Visit Page 2 of 2



Article 28 Split Billing Payment Policy

Type of Policy: Payment Last Reviewed Date: 6/1/2017

Related Policies: N/A

Policy

- MVP Health Care recognizes split billing arrangements as outlined below. In order for MVP to agree to a split billing arrangement, the billing entity must be structured so that it would meet the requirements of Article 28 guidelines in New York or its equivalent in other states.
- MVP Commercial/ASO and Exchange products are not eligible for split billing arrangements.
- This policy is limited to Article 28 providers who participate with our Medicare and/or Medicaid/Government Programs (Medicaid Managed Care and Child Health Plus)).

Definitions

- Split Billing reimbursement
 - A structure whereby there are two separate charges, one for professional and one for the technical reimbursement.
 - Professional reimbursements are for the physician/physician practice and
 - Technical reimbursements are for the facility.
- **Professional** Billable services provided by physician, such as: provider consultation, physician *interpretation* of an x-ray, lab, CT Scan, or MRI. Payment is made to the provider group.
- **Technical** Billable services provided in a facility setting such as but not limited to: lab, x-rays, evaluation and management services, procedures and any other non-professional (providers) services. Reimbursement is made to the hospital.
- **Global reimbursement** A structure under which one bill is generated to represent both the professional and technical services. The service is billed and reimbursed at a global rate that includes one global payment for the professional and technical components. Typically, all reimbursements go to the physician practice, unless the providers are employed by the hospital.

Split Billing Payment Policy Page 1 of 2

"Split billing" or "Facility-Based" or "Hospital-Based"

- The Hospital incurs costs associated with employing the physicians and in turn receives technical component reimbursement for services conducted by the physicians in the hospital setting.
- The physicians are paid at the professional fee rate consistent with facility based RVU's. The technical component and the professional component associated with each service is billed separately.

• "Global" or "Non-Facility" or "Private Practice"

- A service is billed and reimbursed at a global rate that includes one global payment for both the professional and technical components. The combined payment is designed to compensate physicians operating in a private practice and covers overhead and technical expenses associated with operating the practice.
- One bill is generated which combines the professional and technical components.
- No additional payments will be made to facilities under this payment methodology

Notification / Prior Authorizations Requests

D'YUgY fYZYf hc h\Y I hj`]nUhjcb A UbU[Ya Ybh; i]XYg'UbX h\Y 6YbYZ|h ±bhYfdfYhUhjcb A Ubi U`Vmj]gjhjb[``ajd\YUh\WifY'Wta 'UbX'G][b ±b hc nci f'UWti bhžhc XYhYfa]bY`]ZU'gYfj]W'fYei]fYg'Ub Ui h\cf]nUhjcb"

Billing / Coding Guidelines

General Guidelines

- MVP Commercial/ASO and Exchange products are not eligible for split billing arrangements.
- When billing under a split billing arrangement, the Hospital incurs all expenses related to the employed providers practice (rental expense, operating cost).
- The Hospital would receive the technical reimbursement.
- Provider claims would be generated with a facility place of service instead of a non-facility place of service, such as office. For example a physician claim would be submitted with a place of service 22 for outpatient location instead of place of service 11 for office.
- Procedure codes on the MVP In-Office Only list are not reimbursed under a split billing arrangement regardless of product unless an authorization is obtained. If an authorization is obtained reimbursement may be allowed for Medicare and Medicaid products.

Split Billing Payment Policy Page 2 of 2



Speech Therapy (ST)

Type of Policy: Payment
Last Reviewed Date: 3/1/2019
Related Policies: N/A

Policy

Speech therapy is reimbursed when performed by an appropriate health care provider for the treatment of a severe impairment of speech/language and an evaluation has been completed by a certified speech-language pathologist that includes age-appropriate standardized tests that measure the extent of the impairment, performance deviation and language and pragmatic skills assessment levels.

Speech therapy is also reimbursed when prescribed for a course of voice therapy by an appropriate health care provider for a significant voice disorder that is the result of anatomic abnormality, neurological condition, injury (e.g., vocal nodules or polyps, vocal cord paresis or paralysis, paradoxical vocal cord motion) or provided after vocal cord surgery.

Definitions

Speech therapy is the treatment of defects and disorders of speech and language disorders. Prior to the initiation of speech therapy, a comprehensive evaluation of the patient and his or her speech and language potential is generally required before a full treatment plan is formulated.

Speech therapy services should be individualized to the specific communication needs of the patients. It should be provided one-to-one by a speech-language pathologist educated in the assessment of speech and language development, the treatment of language and speech disorders. A speech-language pathologist can offer specific strategies, exercises and activities to regain function communication abilities.

Notification / Prior Authorizations Requests

Please refer to the Utilization Management Guides and the Benefit Interpretation Manual by visiting **mvphealthcare.com**, select *Providers* then *Sign In* to your account.

Speech Therapy (ST) Page 1 of 3

Billing / Coding Guidelines

The following CPT codes are covered for Speech Therapy providers:

CPT Codes	Description
92507	Treatment of speech, language, voice, communication and/or auditory processing disorder; individual
92521	Evaluation of speech fluency (e.g., stuttering, cluttering)
92522	Evaluation of speech sound production (e.g., articulation, phonological process, apraxia, dysarthria);
92523	Evaluation of speech sound production (e.g., articulation, phonological process, apraxia, dysarthria); with evaluation of language comprehension and expression (e.g., receptive and expressive language)
92524	Behavioral and qualitative analysis of voice and resonance
92526	Treatment of swallowing dysfunction and/or oral function for feeding
92610	Evaluation of oral and pharyngeal swallowing function
92611	Motion fluoroscopic evaluation of swallowing function by cine or video recording

For reimbursement of DME supplies please see the Utilization Management policy in the PRM for dispensing guidelines and code coverage.

Non-Reimbursable ST Services

- Any computer-based learning program for speech or voice training purposes
- School speech programs
- Speech or voice therapy that duplicates services already being provided as part of an authorized therapy program through another therapy discipline (e.g., occupational therapy)
- Group speech or voice therapy (because it is not one-on-one, individualized to the specific person's needs, code 92508)
- Maintenance programs of routine, repetitive drills/exercises that do not require the skills of a speech-language therapist and that can be reinforced by the individual or caregiver
- Vocational rehabilitation programs and any programs with the primary goal of returning an individual to work
- Therapy or treatment provided to prevent or slow deterioration in function or prevent reoccurrences
- Therapy or treatment intended to improve or maintain general physical condition
- Therapy or treatment provided to improve or enhance job, school or recreational performance
- Long-term rehabilitative services when significant therapeutic improvement is not expected

Speech Therapy (ST) Page 2 of 3

Medicare Therapy Cap

There is a combined annual per beneficiary therapy cap amount for physical therapy and speech language pathology services combined and a separate amount allotted for occupational therapy services. The amount of the cap is determined by CMS and may change periodically.

The therapy cap with an exceptions process applies to services furnished in the following outpatient therapy settings: physical therapists in private practice, physician offices, skilled nursing facilities (Part B), rehabilitation agencies (or ORFs) comprehensive outpatient rehabilitation facilities (CORFs) and outpatient hospital departments.

The provider should use the KX modifier to the therapy procedure code that is subject to the cap limits only when a beneficiary qualifies for a therapy cap exception. The KX modifier should not be used prior to the member meeting their therapy cap. By attaching the KX modifier, the provider is attesting that the services billed:

- Qualified for the cap exception;
- Are reasonable and necessary services that require the skills of a therapist; and
- Are justified by appropriate documentation in the medical record.

Claims for patients who meet or exceed the annual Medicare stated therapy service threshold in therapy expenditures will be subject to a manual medical review.

Reimbursement Guidelines

Please see your provider fee schedule or your IPA agreement for specific reimbursement guidelines.

References

MVP Utilization Management Policy, Provider Resource Manual, Section 10.3

Speech Therapy (ST) Page 3 of 3



Surgical Supplies

Type of Policy: Payment
Last Reviewed Date: 6/1/18
Effective Date: 9/1/18
Related Polices: N/A

Policy

MVP follows CMS guidelines and does not reimburse for surgical supplies (except Splinting and Casting) separate from the Evaluation and Management and/or Procedure codes when billed at the professional level. These supplies are bundled into the practice expense RVU and will not be reimbursed when billed with the E&M/procedure code or as a stand-alone service.

Definitions

The Practice Expense (PE) RVU - reflects the costs of maintaining a practice. PE RVU includes but is not limited to:

- Medical and/or Surgical Supplies (i.e. surgical trays, syringes, saline irrigation or flush supplies, dressings, and gloves)
- Staff Costs
- Renting office space and expenses incurred to run the office (i.e. furniture, utilities, office supplies)
- Purchasing and maintaining equipment

Referral / Notification/ Prior Authorizations Requests

Please refer to the Utilization Management Guides and the Benefit Interpretation Manual by visiting **mvphealthcare.com**, select *Providers* then *Sign In* to your account.

Billing/Coding Guidelines:

Code	Description	Rule
A4550	Surgical Trays	 Surgical Trays are not reimbursable when billed at the professional level. Surgical trays are considered part of the practice expense RVU for E&M and procedure codes.
A4263	Permanent, long-term, non- dissolvable lacrimal duct implant	 Lacrimal duct implants are not reimbursable when billed at the professional level Surgical trays are considered part of the practice expense RVU for E&M and procedure codes.

References

-CMS Regulations and Guidance:

https://www.cms.gov/Regulations-and-Guidance/Guidance/Manuals/downloads/clm104c12.pdf

-CMS Medicare Physician Fee Schedule Fact Shee:

https://www.cms.gov/Outreach-and-Education/Medicare-Learning-Network-MLN/MLNProducts/downloads/medcrephysfeeschedfctsht.pdf

-AMA – Medicare Physician Payment Schedules

https://www.ama-assn.org/practice-management/medicare-physician-payment-schedules



TeleHealth

Type of Policy: Payment
Last Reviewed Date: 09/01/18

Related Policies: This policy replaces and supersedes the Telemedicine Payment Policy published

on 12/01/17, which is being retired 9/1/18.

Policy

MVP pays for a limited number of services furnished by a physician or practitioner to an eligible member via TeleHealth (as defined below) including (1) TeleMedicine, (2) Store and Forward Technology; (3) Remote Image Monitoring and/or (4) through MyVisitNow® (each as defined below) as a substitution for an inperson visit (if those services would have been covered if delivered in person).

Definitions

"TeleHealth" means the use of electronic information and telecommunications to deliver health care services to a member as a substitution for an in-person visit. TeleHealth includes "Telemedicine", "Store and Forward Technology," "Remote Patient Monitoring" and services provided through MyVisitNow®. Services or communication by audio-only (telephone, fax, skype, etc.) do not qualify as a TeleHealth service.

"Telemedicine" allows a telehealth provider at a "Distant Site" to use synchronous, two-way electronic audio visual communications to deliver clinical health care services to a patient at an "Originating Site." Both the Distant Site and the Originating Site must be either an Article 28 clinic or a practitioner's office where patient care is provided.

"Store and Forward Technology" is the asynchronous, secure electronic transmission of a patient's health information in the form of patient-specific digital images and/or pre-recorded videos from a telehealth provider at an Originating Site to a TeleHealth provider at a Distant Site. Store and Forward Technology may be utilized in the specialty areas of radiology, dermatology and ophthalmology.

"Remote Patient Monitoring" uses synchronous or asynchronous electronic information and communication technologies to collect personal health information and medical data from a patient at an "originating site"; this information is then transmitted to a provider at a Distant Site for use in treatment and management of unstable/uncontrolled medical conditions that require frequent monitoring.

"Originating Site" is the location of the member at the time the TeleHealth services are provided. Examples of an Originating Site include; the office of the physician or practitioner, Emergency Room or Hospital, Urgent Care Center, or Skilled Nursing Facilities. The member must be at an Originating Site unless they are being treated for a condition that requires Remote Patient Monitoring.

"Distant Site" is where the provider is located who would be receiving payment for eligible TeleHealth Services. TeleHealth providers may include; Physicians, Physician Assistants, Clinical Psychologists, Nurse Practitioners, Nurse Midwives, Registered Dieticians. These services must be rendered by an in-plan provider.

"MyVisitNow®" the use of electronic information and communication technologies to deliver health care services to Members at a distance including but not limited to Telehealth consultation, and communication utilizing MyVisitNow® provided by Online Care Network ("OCN") providers and through MVP's MyVisitNow® app. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Telemedicine Services explicitly excludes Telemedicine, Store and Forward Technology and Remote Patient Monitoring as defined herein and in 18 NYCRR §505.38 Telehealth Services.

Notification / Prior Authorizations Requests

Please refer to the Utilization Management Guides and the Benefit Interpretation Manual by visiting **mvphealthcare.com**, select *Providers* then *Sign In* to your account.

Billing / Coding Guidelines

BILLING AND PAYMENT FOR PROFESSIONAL SERVICES FURNISHED VIA TELEHEALTH

General Guidelines

- The Originating Site at the time the professional service via Telemedicine visit occurs is limited to the office of a physician or practitioner, a hospital, a critical access hospital, a rural health clinic, or a federally qualified health center.
- The member must be present and participate at the time of the Telemedicine visit;
- The member must be located in a rural health professional shortage area or a county non classified as a metropolitan statistical area;
- Telemedicine may be used in lieu of a face-to-face encounter, so long as Originating Site and Distant Site requirements are met, for the following: consultations, office or other outpatient visits, individual psychotherapy, pharmacologic management, psychiatric diagnostic interview examination, end-stage renal disease related services, individual medical nutrition therapy, neurobehavioral status exam, and follow-up inpatient telehealth consultations.

Providers should submit claims for Telemedicine services using the appropriate CPT or HCPCS code for the professional service along with the Telemedicine modifier 95, "via interactive audio and video telecommunications systems" (for example, 99201 95). By coding and billing the GT modifier with a covered Telemedicine procedure code, Providers are certifying that the member was present at an eligible

Originating Site when the Telemedicine service was delivered.

BILLING AND PAYMENT FOR THE ORIGINATING SITE FACILITY FEE

Originating Sites are paid an Originating Site facility fee for TeleHealth services as described by HCPCS code Q3014. Providers should bill MVP for the Originating Site facility fee, which is separately billable and will be reimbursed at a flat fee of \$25.00 for all providers and facilities.

BILLING AND PAYMENT FOR TELEHEALTH PROVIDED BY MYVISITNOW®

Effective January 1, 2017 TeleHealth will be covered under certain plans without Distant and Originating Site requirements, only when provided by Online Care Network("OCN") providers and through MVP's MyVisitNow® Please check member benefits to ensure the member is covered for TeleHealth through MyVisitNow®.

Billing / Coding Guidelines for MyVisitNow®

MVP only reimburses Providers that are a member of OCN. Providers that wish to be compensated for Telemedicine Services may contract with OCN to become an OCN provider and provide services to covered Members via myVisitNow. Providers will not be paid for any telemedicine claims that are submitted directly to MVP or that are provided outside of OCN that do not use myVisitNow.

Reimbursement Guidelines for MyVisitNow®

Online Care Network participating Providers please see the Online Care Network agreement.

Vermont Telemedicine Variation

- In Vermont, Telemedicine is defined as the delivery of healthcare services such as diagnosis, consultation, or treatment through the use of live interactive audio and video over a secure connection that is HIPAA-compliant, regardless of whether the member is at an Originating or Distant Site.
- Vermont Telemedicine services are covered to the same extent that the services would be covered if services were provided in-person.
- Teleophthalmology or teledermatology services may be provided by Store and Forward Technology. The Distant Site health care provider must document the reason the services are being provided by Store and Forward Technology.
- Distant Site health care providers should bill the procedure code that is appropriate for service that was provided if the service was provided in-person. The provider should bill with a Place of Service 02 (TeleHealth).
 - o TeleHealth services that are synchronous (real time) should be billed with a 95 modifier.
 - o Store and Forward Technology (asynchronous) should be billed with a GQ modifier.
- Distant Site health care providers billing with a Place of Service 02 are reimbursed for Telehealth services at 50% of their fee schedule.

- Originating Sites are only reimbursed for Telehealth services provided for substance use disorders and the Originating Site is a health care facility.
 - Originating Sites providing Telemedicine services for substance use disorders should use HCPCS code Q3014. This is reimbursed as a flat fee of \$25. There is no payment for the Originating Site if both the Distant and Originating providers are employed by the same entity.

Reimbursement Guidelines

• Please see your provider fee schedule or your IPA agreement for specific reimbursement guidelines.



Transitional Care Management – Medicare AdvantageProducts Only

Type of Policy: Payment

Last Reviewed Date: 09/01/2018

Related Policies: N/A

Policy

Transitional Care Management services are for a patient whose medical and/or psychosocial problems require moderate or high complexity medical decision making during transitions in care from an inpatient hospital setting (including acute hospital, rehabilitation hospital, long-term acute care hospital, inpatient psychiatric hospital), partial hospital, observation status in a hospital, or skilled nursing facility/nursing facility, to the patient's community setting (home, domiciliary, rest home or assisted living). Transitional care management commences upon the date of discharge and continues for the next 29 days.

Transitional care management (TCM) is reimbursable only for the MVP Medicare Advantageproducts. All other products will deny.

Definitions

Transitional care management (TCM) is comprised of one face-to-face visit within the specified time frames, in combination with non-face-to-face services that may be performed by the physician or other qualified health care professional and/or licensed clinical staff under his or her direction. Effective January 1, 2014, members may receive the services listed below via telehealth as per Medicare guidelines. Below are the two CPT TCM codes and their related requirements:

99495 Transitional Care Management Services (Moderate Complexity):

- Communication (direct contact, telephone, electronic) with the patient and/or caregiver within 2 business days post-discharge.
- Medical decision making of at least moderate complexity during the service period.
- Face-to-face visit, within 14 calendar days post-discharge.

99496 Transitional Care Management Services (High Complexity):

- Communication (direct contact, telephone, electronic) with the patient and/or caregiver within 2 business days post-discharge.
- Medical decision making of high complexity during the service period.
- Face-to-face visit, within 7 calendar days post-discharge.

Notification / Prior Authorizations Requests

Please refer to the Utilization Management Guides and the Benefit Interpretation Manual by visiting **mvphealthcare.com** and *Sign In* to your account, to determine if a service requires preauthorization.

Billing / Coding Guidelines

Transitional care management is only reimbursable for MVP Medicare Advantage products.

The codes can be billed only once per patient within 30 days after the original discharge for which a TCM code has been billed. These services may be billed by only one individual during the 30-day period after discharge.

The physician billing for TCM services should have an ongoing relationship with the member and the intended use of these codes is for community based primary care physicians. It is unlikely that most hospitalists will have the post-discharge relationship with a patient necessary to fulfill the required services

The non-physicians who may bill TCM codes are NPs, PAs, CNSs and CNMs, unless they are otherwise limited by their state scope of practice.

There is a distinction between the discharge day management and TCM services. MVP has specifically sought to avoid any implication that the E & M services furnished on the day of discharge as part of discharge management services could be considered to meet the requirement for the TCM service that must be conducted within 7 or 14 days of discharge.

The physician billing discharge day management could also be the physician who is regularly responsible for the members' primary care (this may be especially the case in rural communities). However, MVP will not allow both discharge and TCM to be billed on the same day.

The TCM codes may not be billed when patients are discharged to a SNF. For patients in SNFs there are E/M codes for initial, subsequent, discharge care, and the visit for the annual facility assessment, specifically CPT codes 99304-99318.

TCM services provided during a post-surgery period for a service with a global period will not be reimbursed since it is understood that these services are already included in the payment for the underlying procedure.

Practitioners can bill for TCM only once in the 30 days after discharge even if the patient happens to be discharged 2 or more times within the 30-day period.

If billing for TCM, the following cannot also be billed during the TCM period: Care Plan Oversight services (CPT codes 99339, 99340,99374-99380; Home health or hospice supervision (HCPCs codes G0181 and G0182); ESRD services (CPT codes 90951-90970); Chronic Care Management Services (CCM and TCM service periods cannot overlap);

Prolonged E/M services without Direct Patient Contact (CPT codes 99358 and 99359)

Reimbursement Guidelines

Please see your provider fee schedule or your IPA agreement for specific reimbursement guidelines.

References

 $www.hospital medicine.org/AM/Images/Advocacy_Image/pdf/FAQCPT_Transitional_Care_Management_Final.\\pdf$

www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-Fee-for-Service-Payment/PhysicianFeeSched/Downloads/FAQ-TCMS.pdf http://ezinearticles.com/?99495-99496:-Two-New-Codes-to-Report-Transitional-Care-Management-(TCM)-Services&id=7509665



Unlisted CPT Code

Type of Policy: Payment **Last Reviewed Date**: 1/1/2018

Related Policies: N/A

Policy

MVP requires all claims submitted with non-contracted unlisted CPT code(s) to be submitted with medical records that support the use of the unlisted code. For claims submitted with an unlisted code without medical records the claim or claim line(s) will deny and it will be the provider's responsibility to submit medical records to substantiate the unlisted code.

Definitions: An unlisted CPT code is used for a service or procedure that is rarely provided, unusual, variable or is a new service or procedure that does not have a more specified CPT code.

Notification / Prior Authorizations Requests

Please refer to the Utilization Management Guides and the Benefits Interpretation Manual by visiting **mvphealthcare.com** and Sign In to your account, to determine if a service requires an authorization.

Billing / Coding Guidelines

Unlisted CPT codes

Code	Description	Rule
Non	Claims submitted	Claims submitted with records will be reviewed and based upon
contracted	with unlisted CPT	the review the claim will be processed accordingly:
unlisted CPT	code(s)	Correct code: claim will be processed
codes		Correct code but requires medical necessity review:
		record will be reviewed as such with claim processed
		upon completion of review.
		• Incorrect CPT code assigned: The provider will receive an
		explanation of benefits indicating there is a more
		specific or more appropriate code available.
		Claims submitted without records: The unlisted
		CPT code will be denied, but provider can submit medical records
		for review in contracted timeframes.



Urgent Care Payment Policy

Type of Policy: Payment
Last Reviewed Date: 12/1/18
Effective: 1/1/19

Related Polices: N/A

Policy

MVP Health Care determines urgent care reimbursement to be based on coding which specifically describes the services provided. Consistent with CPT[®] and CMS, physicians and other healthcare professionals should report the evaluation and management, and /or procedure code(s) that specifically describe the urgent care service(s) performed.

Referral / Notification/ Prior Authorizations Requests

Please refer to the Utilization Management Guides and the Benefit Interpretation Manual by visiting myphealthcare.com and Sign In to your account, to determine if a service requires an authorization.

MVP does not require referrals for members accessing services that do not require an authorization except for the following products: MVP Option, MVP Option Family, MVP Option Child, and Compcare.

Billing/Coding Guidelines:

Code	Description	Rule
E&M Codes		The appropriate Evaluation and
		Management and/or procedures
		codes that describe the type of
		services performed should be
		billed.
		Bill with Place of Service code 20
		(urgent care facility)

Code	Description	Rule
S9088	Services provided in an urgent care center (list in addition to code for service)	 Informational only as it pertains to the place of service and not the components of the specific service(s) provided. MVP does not reimburse for CPT code, whether billed alone or with any other service.
S9083	Global fee urgent care centers	 Global code which does not provide encounter level specificity MVP does not reimburse for CPT code, whether billed alone or with any other service.



Vaccine Administration — Vermont Only

Type of Policy: Payment
Last Reviewed Date: 9/1/2018

Related Policies: N/A

Policy

Routine immunizations are reimbursed according to Medical Policy guidelines. This policy applies to Commercial/ASO products only.

Definitions

Vaccinations are covered in the following circumstances:

Immunizations for children as required by the American Academy of Pediatrics and the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP).

Immunizations for children and adults according to the Medical Policy guidelines if not excluded by member contract/certificate.

Notification / Prior Authorizations Requests

Please refer to the Utilization Management Guides and the Benefit Interpretation Manual by visiting **mvphealthcare.com**, select *Providers* then *Sign In* to your account.

Billing, Coding and Reimbursement Guidelines:

- Codes 90460, 90461, 90471-90474, G0008-G0010must be reported in addition to the vaccine and toxoid code(s) to represent the administration portion of the service.
- For vaccines supplied by the State of Vermont, the vaccine or toxoid code(s) must be billed with modifier "SL" to indicate the vaccine is State supplied, and the billed amount must be \$0.00 or \$0.01.
- Effective January 1, 2016, providers are required to use G0008 and G0009 when billing for the administration of the Flu and Pneumococcal Vaccine. The following G codes should be billed for all claims with a date of service after 1/1/16:

Code	Description	ICD-10 Diagnosis
G0008	Flu Vaccine Administration	Z23
G0009	Pneumococcal Vaccine Administration	Z23

- These services will be denied if not submitted with the appropriate administration code, specific vaccination or toxoid code(s) and the State supplied modifier, when applicable.
- Please see your provider fee schedule or IPA agreement for other billing or reimbursement guidelines.

References:

MVP Credentialing and Recredentialing of Practitioners

State of Vermont Department of Health Immunization Information for Providers: http://healthvermont.gov/hc/imm/provider.aspx

State of Vermont Department of Health Vaccines for Kids Program

State of Vermont Department of Health Vaccines for Adults Program