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#### **MVP Provider Directory**

You can search the current MVP Provider Network for primary care physicians and specialists. Visit **mvphealthcare.com** and select *Find a Doctor.* 

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## **Un-Cashed Checks?**

Visit **longlostmoney.com** to see if MVP has any un-cashed checks in your name or in the name of your business.

#### **MVP Professional Relations**

 MVP Corporate

 Headquarters
 1-888-363-9485

 Southern Tier
 1-800-688-0379

 Central New York
 1-800-888-9635

 Midstate New York
 1-800-568-3668

 Mid-Hudson
 1-800-666-1762

 Buffalo/Rochester
 1-800-684-9286

#### Denise V. Gonick

Chief Executive Officer & Director MVP Health Care, Inc.

#### We welcome your comments.

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# **Professional Relations Updates**

# Online Demographic Form Now Available

As of May 15, 2018, providers now can submit demographic updates¹ through an online form. No more printing out a demographic change form, filling it out and emailing it to MVP. The new online form allows providers to communicate easily when they are changing or adding a new address, updating their Tax ID information, or notifying MVP that a provider has left their group. Providers can submit the form electronically and will receive a reference number to check on the status of a change. This new process makes it easier to submit changes, saving you time to focus on patient care.

Please familiarize yourself with this form. MVP now requires all provider changes of information be submitted online.

To access the online form, visit **mvphealthcare.com/demographics**.

If you have any additional questions, please contact your MVP Professional Relations Representative.

<sup>1</sup>In some cases, a facility may still be required to provide a paper form. If you have any questions, please contact your Professional Relations Representative.

# Updated Provider Change and Patient Reassignment Request Form Now Available

MVP wants to ensure Primary Care Physician (PCP) changes are completed in a timely manner. There is an updated *Provider Change and Patient Reassignment Request* form for your practice to use when notifying MVP of such a change. The completed forms should be returned to the appropriate fax number located at the bottom of the form based on the patient's MVP plan type (e.g., Medicaid, Commercial, Medicare. etc.). To download the new form, visit **mvphealthcare.com** and select *Providers*, then *Forms*, then *Patient Forms*.

Instructions can be found in each section of the form. If you have a new patient and need MVP to make a change, the member should complete and sign Section 1 of the form. If you no longer see a patient that MVP shows on your roster, please complete Section 2.

To ensure your request is completed in a timely manner, we request you remove any old or alternate versions of the Provider Change and Patient Reassignment Request form and only use only the updated form. Using old versions or non-MVP forms may cause delays in updating accounts to reflect the correct PCP. Please note there are no changes impacting which plan types require a PCP on file.

If you have any additional questions, please contact your MVP Professional Relations Representative.

# **Quality Improvement Updates**

# MVP to Launch 2018 Provider Rewarding Quality Incentive (RQI) Program

Each year the New York State Department of Health's Office of Health Insurance Programs gauges the performance of the state's Medicaid Managed Care programs according to quality, satisfaction, and compliance measures.

The RQI works to close gaps in care via diligent outreach efforts to both members and health care providers, coupled with incentives that really move people to participate and be compliant. The MVP Quality team is ready to maximize the opportunities that exist throughout all of the communities we serve.

MVP has launched our 2018 RQI Program using rewards as an incentive to improve service with the ultimate goal of improving patient outcomes. The 2018 Provider RQI Measure Set will focus on the 21 HEDIS measures and financially reward providers for closing gaps on their attributed members.

More information will be coming on the specifics of the program. In the meantime, please contact your Professional Relations Manager with any questions regarding MVP's RQI 2018!

# Manage Prediabetes to Prevent or Delay the Onset of Type 2 Diabetes

The risk for type 2 diabetes increases substantially with age, and early in the disease's course most people do not have symptoms. Screening should be considered in asymptomatic persons over 45 years old. According to the National Diabetes Education Program (NDEP), prediabetes screening should be considered in adults of any age, who are overweight or obese, and have one or more additional risk factors.

The CDC Prediabetes Screening Test is a risk assessment tool for patients to quickly determine if they are at risk for prediabetes. To find the CDC Prediabetes Screening Test, visit **mvphealthcare.com** and select Providers, then Quality Programs, then Provider Quality Improvement Manual, then Diabetes, then Useful Information for Patients.

Progression to type 2 diabetes among people with prediabetes can be delayed or prevented. Modest, sustained weight loss, increased physical activity, and/or Metformin<sup>2</sup> therapy can prevent or delay the onset of type 2 diabetes.

The National Institutes of Health (NIH) led a Diabetes Prevention Program (DPP) and achieved a mean weight loss of 7% in lifestyle intervention study participants. The incidence of diabetes was reduced by 58% compared with placebo over three years. These results were similar in all groups, including men and women, all racial and ethnic groups, as well as in women with a history of gestational diabetes. The DPP intensive lifestyle intervention was particularly effective in older participants with 71% risk reduction at three years.

In the DPP, Metformin reduced type 2 diabetes incidence by 31% compared with placebo. Metformin was effective for both men and women; was most effective in younger (25–44 years old) and heavier (body mass index of 35 or higher) people and was least effective in older people. Consider Metformin for the prevention of diabetes, especially among those with prediabetes who have limited capacity to exercise or who have been unable to lose 7% of their weight. This treatment was most effective among women with prediabetes and a history of gestational diabetes, and for younger, heavier persons with prediabetes.

Lifestyle intervention that includes regular physical activity and dietary changes leading to sustained weight loss should be the cornerstone of treatment for people with prediabetes. Consult your local Certified Diabetes Educators for referrals to an evidence-based program such as a CDC-recognized National Diabetes Prevention Program.

| Management of Prediabetes                                                                                                                                  | Population                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <ul> <li>Lifestyle intervention</li> <li>Physical activity</li> <li>Dietary improvement</li> <li>Sustained weight<br/>loss (7% body<br/>weight)</li> </ul> | All patients with prediabetes                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Metformin                                                                                                                                                  | <ul> <li>Most effective for:</li> <li>Younger patients (age 25-44 years)</li> <li>BMI ≥35</li> <li>Women with prediabetes and history of gestational diabetes mellitus</li> <li>Patients with limited exercise capacity</li> <li>Patients unable to lose 7% body weight through lifestyle intervention</li> </ul> |

Follow-up and monitoring of a patient's progress is essential in the delay and prevention of diabetes. A focus on weight loss, improved glucose and cholesterol levels, blood pressure, and self-esteem can reinforce the importance of lifestyle changes that lead to improved well-being. Practice the "SAFE" process in the management of prediabetes: *Screen, Assess and Advise, Follow-up, Evaluate progress*.

<sup>2</sup>Metformin A drug approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration as a prescription medication to treat diabetes

# Closing Gaps-In-Care with Year-Round Supplemental Data Submissions

Supplemental data is any additional clinical documentation about MVP members beyond data derived directly from claims. We ask that your practice takes the time to exchange this data with us for several reasons:

- To drive the National Committee for Quality Assurance (NCQA) Standards of Quality Care
- To provide recognition or reimbursement for practices providing high quality care
- To improve efficiency and reduce health care costs by reducing replication of services
- To assist MVP in identifying opportunities for process improvement at the population level
- For NCQA and the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) reporting purposes.

MVP collects supplemental data all year, not only during the official annual HEDIS project. Practices that submit data on an ongoing basis have shorter monthly gaps-in-care lists and avoid end of year "catch-up." It can also mean fewer annual HEDIS reviews for network providers. Consider electing an office "HEDIS Champion" and developing a process to automatically submit Gaps-in-Care documentation to MVP as it arrives to your office.

For a detailed list of HEDIS measures and required documentation that can be submitted as supplemental data, find our *HEDIS Reference Guides* at **mvphealthcare/HEDIStips**.

# Medicare Update

# **Testing and Treatment of Osteoporosis**

Osteoporosis is a disabling condition that affects 55% of the American population age 50 and older. This condition is primarily asymptomatic and often not diagnosed until after an initial fracture. According to the National Osteoporosis Foundation (NOF), one in two women age 50 or older will suffer an osteoporosis-related fracture in their lifetime. MVP has adopted the NOF guidelines, Prevention and Treatment of Osteoporosis.

## Key recommendations include:

- Bone Mineral Density (BMD) testing for women age 65 and older. For post-menopausal women, testing should begin between ages 50 and 69 if they have risk factors for the condition. BMD testing should be performed after a fracture to determine severity of the disease.
- Anyone with hip or vertebral fractures should be considered for treatment, as well as those with low bone mass according to their Dual-Energy X-Ray Absorptiometry (DXA) score. FDA-approved treatments include biphosphonates, miscellaneous hormones (e.g., calcitonin), and estrogen/progesterone combinations.
- Calcium (>1,200 mg) and vitamin D (800–1,000 IU) should be taken daily by adults age 50 and older, regardless of whether other medications to prevent or treat osteoporosis are prescribed. Despite the availability of specialized tests to detect osteoporosis and medications to prevent it, the condition remains largely under-diagnosed and under-treated.

According to MVP's 2017 Healthcare Effectiveness Data and Information Set (HEDIS) results, only 23% of women age 67 or older received a BMD test or prescription for a medication to treat/prevent osteoporosis within the six months following a fracture.

# **Educational Opportunity**

# Project ECHO® (Expanding Capacity for Health Outcomes)

Project ECHO is a collaborative model of medical education developed by the University of New Mexico in 2004 that empowers clinicians to provide better care locally by increasing access to specialty treatment in rural and underserved areas. Project ECHO uses video-conferencing technology to establish a virtual "knowledge network" between a "hub" (team of inter-disciplinary specialists located at a medical center) and multiple "spokes" (primary care clinicians located at sites in underserved communities) for training and mentoring.

Project ECHO clinic sessions are virtual grand rounds that include case-based learning, review of treatment protocols, and sharing of best practices and didactic presentations to enhance the skills and knowledge of primary care clinicians to treat specific diseases. Participants learn from specialists and other primary care clinicians, and are able to earn CME credits for participation. Clinicians can be physicians, nurse practitioners, social workers, physician assistants, nurses, case/care managers, clinical assistants, behavioral specialists, and community health workers—all are encouraged to participate. One of the main goals of Project ECHO is to create a community of learners among peer providers to reduce professional isolation and increase job satisfaction.

Westchester Medical Center has launched **Project ECHO: Behavioral Health in Primary and Family Practice** as of May 17, 2018. They are covering lifespan behavioral health issues and therefore have child and adolescent psychiatrists, adult psychiatrist, LCSWs, and substance use specialists on the clinical panel.

Sessions are every other Thursday, 12:30–2:00 pm. Participation is free and voluntary. The project will last through January 2020.

For more information or to enroll, visit **crhi-ny.org** and select *Project ECHO* from the drop down menu on the right.

# Utilization Management Policy Update

# **Facility Based Sleep Studies**

Effective for service date starting October
1, 2018 and following MVP will require a place
of service prior authorization for sleep studies
performed in a facility or outpatient department
for all lines of business except Medicaid. Medically
necessary Sleep Studies in place of service Home
continue to be allowed without prior authorization.
Home sleep studies are not covered for Medicaid
Members. Prior authorization is not required for
facility and outpatient places of service for Medicaid
Members. Please do not schedule sleep studies until
you have received prior authorization from MVP.
Requests for facility based sleep studies can be
faxed to 1-800-280-7346.

# **Pharmacy Updates**

# Policy Updates Effective September 1, 2018

Intranasal Corticosteroids: Xhance added to policy

**Cough and Cold (brands):** Updated covered strengths of benzonatate to 100mg and 200mg

**Select Injectables for Asthma:** Fasenra added to policy, indication of eosinophilic granulomatosis with polyangitis (EGPA) added for Nucala

Xolair: No changes

**Cystic Fibrosis (select agents for inhalation):** Kitabis pak added to policy

**Cystic Fibrosis (select oral agents):** Kalydeco granules added to policy, updated indications (gene mutations) for Kalydeco added to policy

**Idiopathic Pulmonary Fibrosis:** Exclusions for renal impairment updated

## **Quantity Limits for Prescription Drugs:**

- Updated ADHD long acting stimulants (two per day)
- Added ondansetron 24mg tablet (four per 30 days)
- Added injectable contraceptive (four injections per 300 days)
- Added diabetic supplies
- Added Shingrix
- Added ADHD immediate release liquids
- Updated controller inhalers for Medicaid
- Removed statins

**Atopic Dermatitis:** Updated the Eczema Area and Severity Index (EASI) requirement to be a 50% reduction in EASI score for extension of Dupixent therapy

Cialis for BPH: Added exclusion for Medicaid

CAR-T Cell Therapy: Kymriah criteria updated

Transgender Hormone Policy (Medicaid HARP): *New policy* 

# Policy Updates Effective October 1, 2018

**Agents for Hypertriglyceridemia:** No changes

Gout Treatments: Added Duzallo to policy

#### **Pain Medications:**

- Added Xtampza to policy
- Added Morphabond ER to policy

## Inflammatory Biologic Drug Therapy:

• Added Kevzara to policy

• Added Taltz to policy

• Added Psoriatic Arthritis indication for Xeljanz

Methotrexate autoinjector: No changes

Pulmonary Hypertension (advanced agents): Added

Revatio suspension to policy

**Epinephrine autoinjector:** No changes

Migraine Agents: No changes

Neudexta: New policy
Luxturna: New policy

**Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy:** Added Exondys 51 as an

exclusion

Orphan Drugs and Biologics: Added Benznidazole,

Calquence, Brineura, and Mepsevii

Preventative Care Drug List: Added Admelog, Fiasp,

Ozempic, and Zypitamag

# Formulary Updated for Commercial, Marketplace, and Medicaid

**New drugs**-recently FDA approved, prior authorization required, Tier 3, non-formulary for MVP Medicaid plans

| Drug Name                | Indicator               |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| Crysvita (medical)       | Pediatric and adult XLH |
| Jynarque                 | ADPKD                   |
| Tavalisse                | ITP                     |
| Retacrit                 | Anemia                  |
| Aimovig                  | Migraine prevention     |
| Lucemyra                 | Opioid withdrawal       |
| Yonsa                    | Metastatic CRPC         |
| Doptelet                 | Thrombocytopenia        |
| Palynziq                 | Phenylketonuria         |
| Balcoltra                | Oral contraceptive      |
| Osmolex                  | Parkinson's             |
| Akynzeo INJ<br>(medical) | Chemotherapy NV         |
| Baclofen 5mg             | Spasticity from MS      |
| Dexycu                   | Post-op inflammation    |
| Goprelto                 | Nasal cavity surgery    |

| Drug Name | Indicator             |
|-----------|-----------------------|
| Admelog   | Type 1 diabetes       |
| Olumiant  | Rheumatoid arthritis  |
| Roxybond  | Pain requiring opioid |
| Eskata    | Seborrheic keratosis  |
| Siklos    | Sickle cell crises    |

## **Drugs Added to Formulary**

Tier 1 for Commercial/Medicaid and Tier 2 for Marketplace

Budesonide 9mg

colesvelam

Phytonadione (tier 1 all LOB)

Praziquantel

## **Drugs Removed from Prior Authorization**

Baxdela TABLETS (Medicaid NF)

Endari (Medicaid NF

**Fiasp** 

Heplisav-B

Juluca

Ozempic

Prevymis tablets (Medicaid NF)

Sublocade

Symproic (Medicaid NF)

Trelegy Ellipta

Verzenio (Medicaid NF)

#### **Formulary Exclusions**

These medications will require medical exception approval

Elixophyllin solution

Brand Pulmicort Nebulizer solution

Lanoxin, Inderal XL (brand)

Innopran XL (brand)

Tenormin (brand)

Catapres (brand)

Inspra (brand), Zestoretic (brand)

Dutoprol, Azor (brand)

zebutal, Exaprel, Kristalose

wound dressing gels (ie:Vexasyn gel)



To find the MVP Formularies, visit **mvphealthcare.com** and select *Providers*, then *Pharmacy*, then *MVP Formularies*.

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Practices
by email.

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